SEARS OWNERS MANUAL		
MODEL NO. 919.184160	CRAFTSM SINGLE ST AIR COMP	TAGE
		 Record in the spaces provided. (1) The model number which can be found on the label on the front of the air tank saddle. (2) The code number which can be found on the foil label on the side of the air tank. (3) The Manufacturer's Number (ASME Code Compressors only) is located on the metal data plate which is welded onto the side of the air tank. (This data plate is painted the same color as the tank.) (4) The Motor Manufacturer's name which is located on the motor label. (5) The Motor Mfg. number - also located on the motor label.
IMPORTANT: Read the Safety Guidelines and All Instructions Carefully Before Operating.	ASSEMBLY OPERATION MAINTENANCE REPAIR PARTS	Retain these numbers for future reference. Model No Code No

Sears, Roebuck and Co., Hoffman Estates, IL 60179 U.S.A.

MGP-184160 3/18/99

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SAFETY GUIDELINES - DEFINITIONS

This manual contains information that is important for you to know and understand. This information relates to protecting YOUR SAFETY and **PREVENTING EQUIPMENT** PROBLEMS. To help you recognize this information, we use symbols to the right. Please read the manual and pay attention to these sections.

A DANGER

URGENT SAFETY INFORMATION - A HAZARD THAT WILL CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR LOSS

OF LIFE.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION - A HAZARD THAT MIGHT CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

Information for preventing damage to

equipment.

ACAUTION

NOTE

Information that you should pay special attention to.

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS •

AWARNING



IMPROPER OPERATION OR MAINTENANCE OF THIS PRODUCT COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE. READ AND UNDERSTAND ALL WARNINGS AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THIS EQUIPMENT.



	BEFORE USING THIS EQUIPMENT.	
HAZARD	WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
AWARNING RISK OF BURSTING	Air Tank • THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS <u>COULD</u> lead to a weakening of the tank, and <u>RESULT IN A VIOLENT TANK</u> <u>EXPLOSION</u> :	
	1. FAILURE TO PROPERLY DRAIN condensed <u>WATER FROM THE</u> <u>TANK</u> , causing rust and thinning of the tank steel.	• DRAIN TANK DAILY OR AFTER EACH USE. If tank develops a leak, replace it immediately with a new tank or new compressor outfit.
	2. <u>MODIFICATIONS</u> or attempted repairs <u>TO THE TANK</u> .	• <u>NEVER</u> drill into, weld, or <u>MAKE ANY</u> <u>MODIFICATIONS TO THE TANK</u> or its attachments. Never attempt to repair a damaged or leaking tank. Replace with a new tank.
	3. Unauthorized <u>MODIFICATIONS TO</u> <u>THE</u> <u>PRESSURE</u> <u>SWITCH,</u> <u>SAFETY VALVE, OR</u> any <u>OTHER</u> <u>COMPONENTS WHICH CONTROL</u> tank <u>PRESSURE</u> .	 The tank is designed to withstand specific operating pressures. <u>NEVER</u> <u>MAKE ADJUSTMENTS OR PARTS</u> <u>SUBSTITUTIONS TO</u> alter the <u>FACTORY SET</u> operating <u>PRESSURES</u>.
	Attachments and Accessories • EXCEEDING THE PRESSURE RATING OF AIR TOOLS, spray guns, air operated accessories, tires <u>AND</u> other INFLATABLES CAN CAUSE THEM TO EXPLODE or fly apart, and could result in serious injury.	 FOR essential <u>CONTROL OF AIR</u> <u>PRESSURE</u>, you must <u>INSTALL A</u> <u>PRESSURE REGULATOR AND</u> <u>REGULATED AIR PRESSURE GAUGE</u> to the air outlet of your compressor. Follow the equipment manufacturers recommendation and never exceed the maximum allowable pressure rating of
		attachments. <u>NEVER USE THE</u> <u>COMPRESSOR TO INFLATE SMALL</u> <u>LOW-PRESSURE OBJECTS SUCH AS</u> <u>CHILDREN'S TOYS, FOOTBALLS,</u> <u>BASKETBALLS, ETC.</u>
AWARNING RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK	 Your <u>AIR COMPRESSOR</u> is powered by electricity. Like any other electrically powered device, <u>IF</u> it is <u>NOT USED</u> <u>PROPERLY</u> it <u>MAY CAUSE</u> <u>ELECTRICAL SHOCK</u>. <u>ELECTRICAL GROUNDING: FAILURE</u> <u>TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE GROUND-ING TO THIS PRODUCT COULD</u> <u>RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR</u> <u>DEATH FROM ELECTROCUTION. SEE</u> <u>GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS</u>. 	 Any <u>ELECTRICAL WIRING OR REPAIRS</u> required to this product <u>SHOULD BE</u> <u>PERFORMED BY QUALIFIED SERVICE</u> <u>PERSONNEL OR</u> a <u>LICENSED</u> <u>ELECTRICIAN</u>, in accordance with national and local electrical codes. <u>MAKE CERTAIN</u> that the <u>ELECTRICAL</u> <u>CIRCUIT</u> to which the compressor is connected <u>PROVIDES PROPER</u> <u>ELECTRICAL GROUNDING, CORRECT</u> <u>VOLTAGE, AND ADEQUATE FUSE</u> <u>PROTECTION.</u> Never operate the compressor outdoors when it is raining.
A WARNING RISK OF EXPLOSION OR FIRE	• It is normal for <u>ELECTRICAL</u> <u>CONTACTS</u> within the motor and pressure switch to <u>SPARK WHENEVER</u> <u>THE COMPRESSOR STARTS OR</u> <u>STOPS</u> .	 Always <u>OPERATE</u> the <u>COMPRESSOR IN</u> a well ventilated <u>AREA FREE OF</u> <u>GASOLINE OR SOLVENT VAPORS</u>. If spraying flammable materials, <u>LOCATE</u> <u>COMPRESSOR</u> at least <u>20 FEET AWAY</u> <u>FROM SPRAY AREA</u>. <u>STORE FLAMMABLE MATERIALS</u> in a secure location <u>AWAY FROM</u> <u>COMPRESSOR</u>.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS (cont'd)

HAZARD	WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
A WARNING RISK TO BREATHING	 The <u>COMPRESSED AIR</u> from your compressor <u>IS NOT SAFE FOR</u> <u>BREATHING</u>: The air stream may contain carbon monoxide or other toxic vapors, or particles from the tank or other components. <u>SPRAYED MATERIALS</u> such as paint, paint solvents, paint remover, insecticides, weed killers, etc., <u>CONTAIN HARMFUL VAPORS</u> and poisons. 	 NEVER INHALE AIR FROM THE <u>COMPRESSOR</u>, either directly or from a breathing device connected to the compressor. <u>WORK IN AN AREA</u> equipped <u>WITH GOOD CROSS-VENTILATION</u>. Read and <u>FOLLOW THE SAFETY</u> <u>INSTRUCTIONS</u> provided on the label or safety data sheet <u>FOR THE MATERIAL</u> <u>YOU ARE SPRAYING</u>. <u>USE A NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR</u> designed <u>FOR</u> use with <u>YOUR</u> specific <u>APPLICATION</u>.
A WARNING RISK FROM FLYING OBJECTS	 The <u>COMPRESSED AIR STREAM CAN</u> cause soft tissue damage, and can <u>PROPEL</u> dirt, chips, loose <u>PARTICLES</u> and small objects at high speed, resulting in property damage or personal injury. 	 ALWAYS WEAR ANSI 287.1 APPROVED SAFETY GLASSES with side shields when using the compressor. NEVER POINT any nozzle or SPRAYER toward any part of the body or AT OTHER PEOPLE or animals. Always TURN the COMPRESSOR OFF AND BLEED PRESSURE from the air line BEFORE attempting maintenance, ATTACHING TOOLS or accessories.
A WARNING RISK FROM MOVING PARTS	• The <u>COMPRESSOR CYCLES</u> <u>AUTOMATICALLY WHEN</u> the <u>PRESSURE SWITCH IS IN THE ON/</u> <u>AUTO POSITION!</u> If you attempt repair or maintenance while the compressor is operating, or with the switch in the ON/ AUTO position, you can expose yourself to moving parts. These <u>MOVING PARTS</u> <u>CAN CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY</u> or damage if they come into contact with you or your clothing.	 Always <u>UNPLUG</u> the <u>COMPRESSOR</u> <u>AND RELEASE AIR PRESSURE</u> from the tank and any attachments <u>BEFORE</u> <u>ATTEMPTING</u> any <u>MAINTENANCE OR</u> <u>REPAIR</u>. <u>NEVER OPERATE</u> the <u>COMPRESSOR</u> <u>WITH GUARDS</u> or covers which are damaged or <u>REMOVED</u>.
AWARNING RISK OF BURN	Contact with <u>HOT PARTS</u> such as the compressor head or outlet tubes <u>COULD RESULT IN A SERIOUS SKIN</u> <u>BURN</u>	NEVER TOUCH HOT COMPONENTS during or immediately after operation of the compressor. Do not reach around protective shrouds or attempt maintenance until unit has been allowed to cool.

SCOM1096

SPECIFICATION CHART

Model No.	919.184160
Horsepower	6.5 HP
Displacement CFM at Max. Pressure	15
Bore	2 7/8
Stroke	2"
Voltage - Single Phase	220
Minimum Branch Circuit Requirement	20 amp
*Fuse Type	Fusetron Type "T"
Amperage at Max. Pressure	15
Air Tank Capacity - Gallons	60 gal ASME
Approximate Cut-in Pressure	100
Approximate Cut-out Pressure	125
SCFM@ 90 psig	10.5
SCFM@ 40 psig	13.0
UL Listed	Yes

*A circuit breaker is preferred. Use only a fuse or circuit breaker that is the same rating as the branch circuit the air compressor is operated on.

GLOSSARY

CFM: Cubic feet per minute.

SCFM: Standard cubic feet per minute; a unit of measure of air delivery.

PSIG: Pounds per square inch gauge; a unit of measure of pressure.

ASME: American Society of Mechanical Engineers; made, tested, inspected and registered to meet the standards of the ASME.

UL Listed: Underwriters Laboratories; samples of compressor outfits taken from production were submitted to UL and found to comply with their requirements for design and performance.

Cut-Out Pressure: When you turn on your air compressor and it begins to run, air pressure in the air tank begins to build. It builds to a certain high pressure before the motor automatically shuts off - protecting your air tank from pressure higher than its capacity. The high pressure at which the motor shuts off is called *cut-out pressure."

Cut-In Pressure: While the motor is off, air tank pressure drops as you continue to use your accessory. When the tank pressure drops to a certain low level the motor will re-start automatically. The low pressure at which the motor automatically re-starts is called "cut-in pressure."

To Lock-Out Power: Place a lock on the line power switch so no one else can turn on the power.

ACCESSORIES FOR USE WITH SEARS AIR COMPRESSORS

The following accessories are available through the current Power and Hand Tool Catalog or full-line Sears stores.

- SPRAY GUNS
- BLOW GUNS
- AIR CAULKING GUNS
- AIR POWERED WASHER GUNS
- SAND BLASTERS
- AIR BRUSHES
- IN LINE FILTERS
- TIRE AIR CHUCKS

- PAINT TANKS
- AIR TANKS
- INFLATOR KITS QUICK CONNECTOR SETS
 - (various sizes)
- AIR PRESSURE REGULATORS
- OIL FOG LUBRICATORS

- AIR TOOLS
 - Sanders Drills Impact Wrenches Hammers
- AIR HOSE: 1/4", 3/8" OR 1/2" 1.D. in various lengths

GENERAL INFORMATION

You have purchased an air compressor unit consisting of a two cylinder, single stage air compressor pump, an ASME air tank, associated controls and instruments. This air compressor must be permanently mounted in place.

Your air compressor can be used for operating paint spray guns, air tools, caulking guns, grease guns, air brushes, sandblasters, inflating tires and plastic toys, spraying weed killers, insecticides, etc. An air pressure regulator is usually necessary for most of these applications. Regulators can be purchased from most Sears stores or through the current Sears Power and Hand Tool Catalog.

Separate air transformers which combine the functions of air regulation and/or moisture and dirt removal should be used where applicable.

Some form of piping or shut-off valve must be installed before operating the air compressor. A 1/2" NPT shut-off globe valve should be installed at the air compressor tank. Do not use a ball valve.

DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION

Air Compressor Pump: To compress air, the pistons move up and down in the cylinders. On the downstroke, air is drawn in through the air intake filter and then through the air intake valves. The exhaust valve remains closed. On the upstroke of the piston, air is compressed. The intake valves close and compressed air is forced out through the exhaust valves, through the outlet tube, through the check valve and into the air tank. Working air is not available until the compressor has raised air tank pressure above that required at the air outlet.

Check Valve: When the air compressor is operating, the check valve is "open," allowing compressed air to enter the air tank. When the air compressor reaches "cut-out" pressure, the check valve "closes," allowing air pressure to remain inside the air tank. If the air is not unloaded, the motor will try to start, but will be unable to. The check valve allows the motor to re-start freely.

Pressure Switch: The pressure switch automatically starts

the motor when the air tank pressure drops below the factory set "cut-in" pressure. It stops the motor when the air tank pressure reaches the factory set "cut-out" pressure.

Pressure Release Valve: The pressure release valve is designed to automatically release compressed air from the compressor head and the outlet tube when the air compressor reaches "cut-out" pressure or is shut off. If the air is not released, the motor will try to start but will be unable to. The pressure release valve allows the motor to restart freely. When the motor stops running, air will be heard escaping for a few seconds. No air should be heard leaking when the motor is running.

Safety Valve: If the pressure switch does not shut off the air compressor at or near its cut-out pressure setting, the safety valve will protect against high pressure by "popping out" at its factory set pressure (slightly higher than the pressure switch cut-out setting).

INSTALLATION AND BREAK-IN PROCEDURES

Location of the Air Compressor

Operate the air compressor in a clean, dry and well ventilated area. The air intake filter must be kept clear of obstructions which could reduce air delivery of the air compressor. The air compressor should be located at least 12" away from walls or other obstructions that could interfere with the flow of air through the fan bladed flywheel. The air compressor crankcase and head are

designed with fins to provide proper cooling. If the humidity is high, a Sears air filter can be installed to remove excessive moisture.

The air compressor should be as near to air outlets as possible in order to avoid long pipe lines. Do not place the air compressor where heat is excessive.

INSTALLATION AND BREAK-IN PROCEDURES (Cont.)

AWARNING

EXCESSIVE VIBRATION MAY WEAKEN THE AIR TANK AND CAUSE AN EXPLOSION. THE OUTFIT MUST BE MOUNTED AS DESCRIBED AND ILLUSTRATED BELOW.



- 1. The air compressor must be bolted to the floor. Bolting holes are provided in the base feet.
- 2. Mount the air compressor on a solid level foundation with no strain to the air tank feet. Solid shims may be used if necessary.

Piping

ACAUTION

Plastic or PVC pipe is not designed for use with compressed air. Regardless of its indicated pressure rating, plastic pipe can burst from air pressure. Use only metal pipe for air distribution lines.

If a pipe line is necessary, use pipe that is the same size as the air tank valve. Piping that is too small will restrict the flow of air. If piping is over 100 feet long, use the next larger size. Bury underground lines below the frost line and avoid pockets where condensation can gather and freeze. Apply pressure before underground lines are covered to make sure all pipe joints are free of leaks.

Lubrication and Oil

Compressors are shipped without oil. Do not attempt to operate this air compressor without first adding oil to the crankcase.

Place unit on a level surface. Remove oil fill plug and slowly add a special compressor oil such as Sears 9-16426 or SAE-20-20W SF motor oil until it is even with the top of the oil fill hole. (It must not be allowed to be lower than 3/8" - 6 threads down - from the top.) When filling the crankcase, the oil flows very slowly. If the oil is added too quickly, it will overflow and appear to be full. (Crankcase oil capacity is 16 fluid ounces.) Under winter-type conditions use SAE 10W oil. (Multi-viscosity oil - 10W30 - will leave carbon deposits on critical components reducing performance and compressor life.) Replace oil fill plug.

Wiring Instructions

AWARNING

IMPROPER GROUNDING CAN RESULT IN ELEC-TRICAL SHOCK. WIRING OF THE PRESSURE SWITCH, ELECTRIC MOTOR AND MANUAL ON/ OFF SWITCH SHOULD BE DONE BY A LICENSED ELECTRICIAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH NA-TIONAL AND LOCAL CODES AND ORDINANCES.

To prevent added current draw and motor overheating we recommend the use of 12 gauge (AWG) wire, not exceeding a 70 foot length. The wire must be rated at a minimum temperature of 75° C.

When connecting wires, make sure that: (1) the electrical box is large enough; (2) service is of adequate amperage rating; (3) the supply line has the same electrical characteristics (voltage, cycles and phase) as the motor; (4) the line wire is the proper size and (5) no other equipment is operated from the same line. Various national and local codes and standards have been set up covering electrical apparatus and wiring. These should be consulted and observed. Our recommended wire sizes may be smaller than the minimum set up by local ordinances. If so, the larger size wire should be used to prevent excessive line voltage drop. For wiring instructions, see the diagram inside the pressure switch cover.



Electrical wiring must be located away from hot surfaces such as the compressor head, compressor cylinder or compressor outlet tube.

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Break-In Procedures

Serious damage may result if the following break-in instructions are not closely followed.

This procedure is required only once; before the air compressor is put into service. Some form of piping or shut-off valve must be installed before beginning the break-in procedure. A 1/2" NPT shut-off globe valve should be installed at the air compressor tank. Do not use a ball valve.

- 1. Recheck compressor wiring. Make sure wires are secure at all terminal connections. Free all contacts , of loose wire cuttings, etc.
- Check oil level in the crankcase before operation. The oil level should be even with the top of the fill hole and must not be allowed to be lower than 3/8" (six threads down) from the top at any time. Add oil if level is low.

- 3. Open the shut-off valve fully, to permit air to escape and to prevent pressure build-up in the air tank.
- 4. Turn ON the air compressor.
- 5. Run the air compressor for 30 minutes to seal the rings and lubricate all internal surfaces.
- 6. Check all air line fittings and connections/piping for air leaks by applying a soap solution. Correct as necessary. Even minor leaks can cause this air compressor to overwork, resulting in premature break-down or inadequate performance.
- 7. Check for excessive vibration and noise. Adjust air compressor belt guard as necessary to eliminate chatter. Re-adjust or shim the air compressor feet, if necessary for proper level.
- 8. Close the shut-off valve and let the air compressor pump up to cut-out pressure. Turn the air compressor off and check oil level. Add oil if necessary. Connect the air hose to the air outlet adapter.

Your compressor is now ready for use.

OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 1. Before attaching an air hose or accessory, make sure the pressure switch OFF/AUTO lever is in the "OFF" position.
- 2. Attach hose and accessory.

AWARNING

TOO MUCH AIR PRESSURE CAUSES A HAZ-ARDOUS RISK OF BURSTING. CHECK THE MANUFACTURER'S MAXIMUM PRESSURE RATING FOR AIR TOOLS AND ACCESSORIES. THE REGULATOR OUTLET PRESSURE MUST NEVER EXCEED THE MAXIMUM PRESSURE RATING.

ACAUTION

Compressed air from the outfit may contain water condensation and oil mist. Do not spray unfiltered air at an item that could be damaged. Some air operated tools or devices may require filtered air. Read the instructions for the air tool or device.

3. Turn the compressor on and allow tank pressure to build. The motor will stop when tank pressure reaches cut-out pressure.

Your outfit is ready for use.

MAINTENANCE



UNIT CYCLES AUTOMATICALLY WHEN POWER IS ON. WHEN DOING MAINTENANCE, YOU MAY BE EXPOSED TO VOLTAGE SOURCES, COMPRESSED AIR OR MOVING PARTS. PERSONAL INJURIES CAN OCCUR. BEFORE PERFORMING MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR, TURN OFF AND LOCK OUT ELECTRIC POWER AND BLEED OFF AIR TANK PRESSURE. NEVER OPERATE THE COMPRESSOR WITH THE BELT GUARD REMOVED.

Air Compressor

A clean air compressor runs cooler and provides longer service. Clean or blow off fins and any other parts of the air compressor that collect dust or dirt. Do not place rags, containers or other material on or against the ventilation openings in the belt guard. Adequate ventilation is necessary to maintain proper air compressor operating temperature.

Air Filter - Inspection and Replacement

NOTE

Keep the air filter clean at all times. Do not operate the compressor with the air filter removed.

A dirty air filter will not allow the compressor to operate at full capacity. Before you use the compressor, check the air filter to be sure it is clean.

If it is dirty, remove the screws and filter retainer. Pull out the filter, replace with new.

Oil - Checking and Changing

Overfilling with oil will cause premature compressor failure. Do not overfill.

Check oil level in the crank case daily. The oil level should be even with the top of the fill hole and must not be allowed to be lower than 3/8" from the top (6 threads) at any time. It is recommended that the oil be changed after every 100 hours of operation. To drain the oil, remove the oil drain plug and collect the oil in a suitable container. Be sure to replace the plug securely before adding new oil. Use a special compressor oil such as Sears 9-16426 or SAE-20-20W SF motor oil. (Crank case oil capacity is 16 fluid ounces.) Under extreme winter conditions use 10 weight oil.

Air Tank - Draining Water

AWARNING

WATER WILL CONDENSE IN THE AIR TANK. IF NOT DRAINED, THE WATER WILL CORRODE AND WEAKEN THE AIR TANK CAUSING A RISK OF AIR TANK RUPTURE.

Water should be drained from the air tank after each use. Operate the unit to apply 15-20 PSIG and open the drain cock. Continue operating unit until all moisture is removed from the air tank. Close the drain cock tightly.

NOTE

If drain cock valve is clogged, release air pressure in air tank. The drain cock valve can then be removed, cleaned and reinstalled.

Check Valve - Inspection and Replacement

Remove the check valve for inspection or replacement if air tank pressure will not build up. Use the following procedure to inspect, clean or replace the check valve.

- 1. Release air pressure from the air tank.
- 2. Loosen the top and bottom nuts and remove the outlettube.
- 3. Unscrew the check valve (turn counterclockwise) using a 7/8" diameter 1/2" socket wrench.
- 4. Check that the valve disc moves freely inside the check valve and that the spring holds the disc in the upper, closed position. The check valve may be cleaned with a solvent.

- 5. Apply sealant to the check valve threads. Reinstall the check valve (turn clockwise). The valve stem should still move freely do not overtighten.
- 6. Replace the outlet tube and tighten top and bottom nuts.

Safety Valve - Inspection

AWARNING

IF THE SAFETY VALVE DOES NOT WORK PROP-ERLY OVER-PRESSURIZATION MAY OCCUR, CAUSING AIR TANK RUPTURE OR EXPLOSION. OCCASIONALLY PULL THE RING ON THE SAFETY VALVE TO MAKE SURE THAT THE SAFETY VALVE OPERATES FREELY. IF THE VALVE IS STUCK OR DOES NOT OPERATE SMOOTHLY, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH THE SAME TYPE OF VALVE.

Motor

The motor has a thermal overload protector. If the motor overheats for any reason, the overload protector will shut off the motor. The motor must be allowed to cool down before restarting. De-energize power supply. To restart, depress the reset button located on the end of the motor and energize the power supply.

NOTE

If the overload protector shuts the motor off frequently, check for a possible voltage problem. Low voltage can also be suspected when:

- 1. the motor does not get up to full power or speed;
- 2. fuses blow out when the motor is started;
- 3. lights dim when motor is started and remain dim while it is running.

Belt - Replacement

AWARNING

SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE MAY OCCUR IF PARTS OF THE BODY OR LOOSE ITEMS GET CAUGHT IN MOVING PARTS. NEVER OPERATE THE COMPRESSOR WITH THE BELT GUARD REMOVED. THE BELT GUARD SHOULD BE RE-MOVED ONLY WHEN THE POWER TO THE COM-PRESSOR IS DISCONNECTED.

The motor is mounted on an adjustable motor base.

To replace belt:

- 1. Turn off and lock out power source.
- 2. Remove screws from the back of the belt guard.
- 3. Loosen the four motor mounting screws.
- 4. Slide the motor toward the compressor pump.
- 5. Remove belt and replace.

The belt should be centered over the grooves on the flywheel and motor pulley.

- 6. Push the motor back into regular position and tighten bolts securely. Proper tension is approximately 1/4" belt deflection measured midway between the pulley and flywheel when a 3 pound weight or equivalent finger pressure is applied at this point. A loose belt will squeal at compressor start-up.
- 7. Replace beltguard and screws.

Pulley and Flywheel - Alignment

The compressor flywheel and motor pulley must be inline (in the same plane) within 1/16" to assure belt retention within sheave grooves. The motor mounting holes on the saddle are skewed to square the motor with the compressor mounting hole as the belt is tensioned. To check alignment, disconnect electrical power and remove the belt guard. Place a straightedge against the outside of the flywheel and measure the distance from it to the nearest groove. Alignment is achieved when the other end of the straightedge is within 1/16" of the measured dimension at the pulley grooves. Squareness is achieved when the pulley grooves are an equal distance from the straightedge on both sides of the motor shaft.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

UNIT CYCLES AUTOMATICALLY WHEN POWER IS ON. WHEN DOING MAINTENANCE, YOU MAY BE EXPOSED TO VOLTAGE SOURCES, COMPRESSED AIR OR MOVING PARTS. PERSONAL INJURIES CAN OCCUR. BEFORE PERFORMING MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR, TURN OFF AND LOCK OUT ELECTRIC POWER AND BLEED OFF AIR TANK PRESSURE. NEVER OPERATE THE COMPRESSOR WITH THE BELT GUARD REMOVED.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
Excessive tank pressure - safety valve pops off.	Pressure switch does not shut off motor when compressor reaches "cut-out" pressure.	Pressure switch must be replaced.
Air leaks at fittings or hose.	Tube or hose fittings are not tight enough.	Tighten fittings where air can be heard escaping. Check fittings under soapy water solution. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.
Air leaks at check valve.	Defective or dirty check valve.	Remove and clean or replace check valve. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.
Air leaks at pressure switch re- lease valve.	Defective pressure switch release valve.	Remove and replace the release valve.
Air leaks at air tank welds.	Defective air tank.	Air tank must be replaced.
Air leak from safety valve.	Possible defect in safety valve.	Operate safety valve manually be pulling on ring. If valve still leaks, it should be replaced.
	Restricted check valve.	Remove and clean or replace.
	Loose pulley.	Tighten pulley set screw.
	Low oil level.	Maintain prescribed oil level.
	Loose flywheel.	Tighten screw.
	Loose compressor bolts.	Check bolts. Tighten as required.
	Loose belt.	Tighten belt as per instructions under Belt Replace- ment above.
	Carbon build-up.	Remove the head and valve plate. Clean the valve plate and the top of the piston. (Be sure carbon does not fall into the cylinder.) Reassemble to 25-30 ft.lbs. using new gasket and torque screws.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (Cont'd.)

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
Motor will not run.	Motor overload protection switch has tripped.	Let the motor cool off and reset switch by pressing the red button located on the end of the motor.
	Tank pressure exceeds pressure switch "cut- in" pressure.	Motor will start automatically when tank pressure drops below "cut-in" pressure of pressure switch.
	Check valve stuck - fails to relieve head pres- sure; motor cannot start.	Remove and clean or replace. (Do not overtighten.)
	Loose electrical connections.	Check wiring connection inside pressure switch and terminal box area.
	Possible defective capacitor.	Return to Sears Service Center for inspection or replacement if necessary.
	Possible defective motor.	Have checked at a local Sears Service Center.
	Fuse blown, circuit breaker tripped.	 Check fuse box for blown fuse and replace it necessary. Re-set circuit breaker. Do not use a fuse or circuit breaker with higher rating than that specified for your particular branch circuit. Check for proper fuse; only "Fusetron" Type T fuses are acceptable. Check for low voltage conditions. Remove check valve and clean or replace if it is stuck open or closed. Disconnect the other electrical appliances from circuit or operate the compressor on its own branch circuit.
	Pressure release valve on pressure switch has not unloaded head pressure.	Bleed the line by pushing the lever on the pressure switch to the "OFF" position, opening the pressure release valve. If the valve still doesn't open, it must be replaced.
Restricted air intake.	Dirty air filter.	Replace with new.
Compressor is not supply- ing enough air to operate accessories.	Prolonged excessive use of air.	Decrease amount of air usage.
	Compressor is not large enough for air re- quirement.	Check the accessory air requirement. If it is highe than the pressure supplied by your air compressor you need a larger compressor.
	Restricted air intake filter.	Replace air intake filter.
	Loose belt.	Adjust belt tension.
	Hole in hose.	Check and replace if required.
	Check valve restricted.	Remove and clean or replace.
	Air leaks. •	Tighten fittings. (See Air Leaks Section of Trouble shooting Guide.)
Excessive belt wear.	Loose belt.	Adjust tension.
	Tight belt.	Adjust tension.
	Loose pulley.	Check for worn keyway or pulley bore. Also check for bent motor shaft. Replace parts if necessary.
Squealing sound.	Loose belt.	Adjust belt tension.
	There is no oil in the compressor.	Add oil.

AIR COMPRESSOR DIAGRAM



PARTS LIST

KEY NO.	PARTNUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	SSF-953-ZN	Self Tapping Screw 10 x 5/8 (6 used)
2	CAC-22-2	Belt Guard
3	SSF-8113-ZN	LockNut
4	CAC-2-1	Bracket
5	CAC-362-1	Belt Guard Closure
6	SSP-9401	ConnectorBody
7	SSP-7812	Nut-Sleeve Assembly 1/2" (2 used)
8	SSP-7811	Nut Sleeve Assembly 1/4"
9	SS-8553	Connector Body
10	C-BT-224	Poly-V Belt
11	SS-391	SetScrew
12	C-PU-2861	MotorPulley
13	SUDL-65	Key, Motor Shaft
14	CAC-4205	Motor Cord Assembly
15	MO-3022-1	Motor 6.5 HP
16	CAC-1331	Pressure Release Tube
17	SSF-928	Cap Screw 5/16"-18-1" (4 used)
• 19	CAC-4336	Pressure Switch
20	SS-3222-CD	Pipe Plug
21	CAC-95	Manifold
22	TIA-4150	Safety Valve
23	GA-360	Gauge
24	39124607	Screw (2 used)
25	SSV-6	Globe Valve
26	SS-1525-CD	Isolator Washer (4 used)
27	LA-3294	Performance Label
29	SSF-8150	Locking Flange Nut (4 used)
30	CL-1263	Specification Label
31	LA-3266	Warning Label
32	'LA-3105	Craftsman Label
34	SS-2707	Drain Valve
35	TA-4438	Air Receiver - 60 gal.
36	SSW-7367	Strain Relief
37	SS-2110	Nipple
38	CAC-437-2	Check Valve
39	AC-0720	Outlet Tube
40	SSF-3152	Locking Cap Screw (4 used)
41	LA-3108	Warning - Hot Surface Label (2 used)
42	AC-0722	Compressor Pump Assembly (includes Key No. 43 thru 78, inclusive)

COMPRESSOR PUMP DIAGRAM



PARTS LIST

	KEY NO.	PARTNUMBER	DESCRIPTION
	43	SSF-6627	Stud 3/8" - 16 Taptite (1 used - Torque 25 to 30 ft. lbs.)
	44	SSF-935	Screw #8-32 x 3/8" (2 used)
	45	AC-0322	Filter Plate Assembly
*	46	AC-0333	FeltFilter
	47	SSF-955	Screw 3/8"-16 x 1-1/2" (5 used - Torque 25 to 30 ft. lbs.)
	48	CAC-4213	Head Assembly (includes 2 ea. Key #50 & 4 ea. Key #51)
*	49	CAC-291-1	Head Gasket
	50	265-25	Intake Flapper Valve (2 used on head)
	54	0001	
	51 50	SSF-9821	Screw, THD Forming 5-40x1/4 (8 used)
_	52 50	CAC-294 265-196-1	Restrictor Plate (2 used) Flapper Valve with Corner Bevels
	53	200-190-1	(2 used on valve plate)
	54	CAC-4212-1	Valve Plate Assembly (includes 4 ea. Key #51 & 2 ea. Key #52 & 53)
*	55	CAC-54-2	Valve Plate Gasket
+	56	CAC-56-1	Compression Ring (4 used)
+	57	CAC-58	Oil Ring (4 used)
+	58	CAC-57	Oil Ring Expander (2 used)
	59	CAC-55-1	Piston (2 used)
	60	265-19	Piston Pin (2 used)
	61	CAC-207	Piston Pin Plug (4 used)
	62	265-410	Connecting Rod Assembly (2 used Includes two SSF-927 screws)
	63	SSF-927	Screw 1/4"-20 x 1-1/8" (2 used)
	64	AC-0205	Crankcase and Cylinder
	65	SST-104	Ball Bearing (2 used)
	66 67	SSP-486	Pipe Plug, 3/8-18" NPT (2 used)
*	67	SSP-505 DAC-276	Oil Plug
*	68 60	265-16-1	Base Base Gasket
•	69 70	AC-0203	Crankshaft
	70	SSF-925	Screw 1/4 - 20 x 7/8" (8 used)
	72	SSN-1018	Wavy Spring Washer
	74	265-2	Flywheel
	75	SSN-1014-ZN	Washer
	76	SSF-3039-ZN	Screw
*	77	AC-0169	Oil Seal
*	78	265-6	Vènt Filter
	79	LA-1923	Drain Tank Label
	80	AC-0330 .	Solberg Filter
		<u>NOTSHOWN</u>	•
		AC-0331	Solberg Filter Replacement
		MGP-184160	Owners Manual

Parts Ordering Information

- + Key No. 56, 57, 58 only available in Ring Kit KK-4313.
- Key No. 19, pressure release valve and nut is available as part of Kit KK-5020.
- Key No. 50, 51 and 53 only available in Valve Kit KK-4275.
- * Key No. 46, 49, 55, 67, 69, 77, and 78 are available in Gasket Kit K-0159.



OWNERS MANUAL

MODEL NO. 919.184160

When requesting service or ordering parts, always provide the following information:

- Model Number
- Part Number
- Part Description
- Name of Item

FULL ONE YEAR WARRANTY AIR COMPRESSOR

If this air compressor fails due to a defect in material or workmanship within one year from the date of purchase, **RETURN IT TO THE NEAREST SEARS REPAIR CENTER THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES AND SEARS WILL REPAIR IT, FREE OF CHARGE. IF PURCHASED FROM OR-CHARD SUPPLY HARDWARE, RETURN TO THE NEAREST ORCHARD STORE AND ORCHARD WILL REPAIR IT, FREE OF CHARGE.**

If this air compressor is used for commercial or rental purposes, the warranty will apply for ninety days from the date of purchase.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may have other rights which vary from state to state.

CRAFTSMAN SINGLE STAGE AIR COMPRESSOR

For the repair or replacement parts you need

Call 7 am - 7 pm, 7 days a week

1-800-366-PART



(1-800-366-7278)

For in-home major brand repair service Call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

1-800-4-REPAIR

(1-800-473-7247)



1-800-488-1222

For information on purchasing a Sears Maintenance Agreement or to inquire , about an existing Agreement call 9 am - 5 pm, Monday-Saturday

1-800-827-6655



Sears, Roebuck and Co., Hoffman Estates, IL 60179 U.S.A.