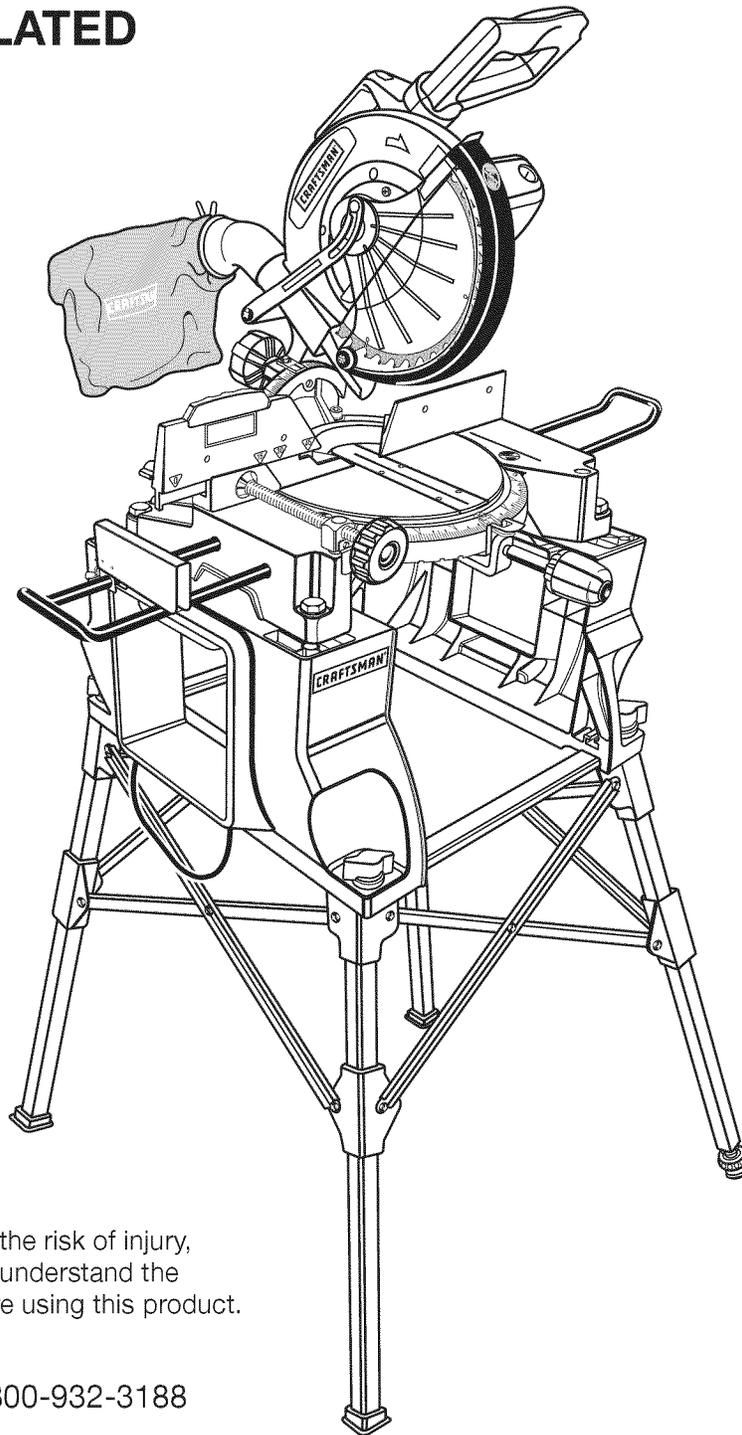


OPERATOR'S MANUAL

CRAFTSMAN[®]

10 in. COMPOUND MITER SAW WITH LASER DOUBLE INSULATED

Model No.
315.212380



⚠ WARNING: To reduce the risk of injury, the user must read and understand the operator's manual before using this product.

Customer Help Line: 1-800-932-3188

Sears, Roebuck and Co., 3333 Beverly Rd., Hoffman Estates, IL 60179 USA
Visit the Craftsman web page: www.sears.com/craftsman

987000-215
02-08-08 (REV:04)

Save this manual for future reference



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WARRANTY

ONE YEAR FULL WARRANTY ON CRAFTSMAN TOOL

If this Craftsman tool fails due to a defect in material or workmanship within one year from the date of purchase, **CONTACT THE NEAREST SEARS PARTS & REPAIR CENTER at 1-800-4-MY-HOME®** and Sears will repair it, free of charge. This warranty applies only while this product is in the United States.

If this tool is used for commercial or rental purposes, this warranty will apply for only ninety days from the date of purchase.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Sears, Roebuck and Co., Dept. 817WA, Hoffman Estates, IL 60179

INTRODUCTION

This product has many features for making its use more pleasant and enjoyable. Safety, performance, and dependability have been given top priority in the design of this product making it easy to maintain and operate.

GENERAL SAFETY RULES

⚠ WARNING: Read and understand all instructions. Failure to follow all instructions listed below, may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious personal injury.

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS

- **KNOW YOUR POWER TOOL.** Read the operator's manual carefully. Learn the saw's applications and limitations as well as the specific potential hazards related to this tool.
- **GUARD AGAINST ELECTRICAL SHOCK BY PREVENTING BODY CONTACT WITH GROUNDED SURFACES.** For example, pipes, radiators, ranges, refrigerator enclosures.
- **KEEP GUARDS IN PLACE** and in good working order.
- **REMOVE ADJUSTING KEYS AND WRENCHES.** Form habit of checking to see that keys and adjusting wrenches are removed from tool before turning it on.
- **KEEP WORK AREA CLEAN.** Cluttered areas and benches invite accidents. **DO NOT** leave tools or pieces of wood on the saw while it is in operation.
- **DO NOT USE IN DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS.** Do not use power tools in damp or wet locations or expose to rain. Keep the work area well lit.
- **KEEP CHILDREN AND VISITORS AWAY.** All visitors should wear safety glasses and be kept a safe distance from work area. Do not let visitors contact tool or extension cord while operating.
- **MAKE WORKSHOP CHILDPROOF** with padlocks and master switches, or by removing starter keys.
- **DON'T FORCE TOOL.** It will do the job better and safer at the feed rate for which it was designed.
- **USE RIGHT TOOL.** Don't force the tool or attachment to do a job it was not designed for. Don't use it for a purpose not intended.
- **USE THE PROPER EXTENSION CORD.** Make sure your extension cord is in good condition. Use only a cord heavy enough to carry the current your product will draw. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage resulting in loss of power and overheating. A wire gauge size (A.W.G.) of at least **14** is recommended for an extension cord 25 feet or less in length. If in doubt, use the next heavier gauge. The smaller the gauge number, the heavier the cord.
- **DRESS PROPERLY.** Do not wear loose clothing, gloves, neckties, or jewelry. They can get caught and draw you into moving parts. Rubber gloves and nonskid footwear are recommended when working outdoors. Also wear protective hair covering to contain long hair.
- **ALWAYS WEAR SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDE SHIELDS.** Everyday eyeglasses have only impact-resistant lenses, they are **NOT** safety glasses.
- **SECURE WORK.** Use clamps or a vise to hold work when practical. It's safer than using your hand and frees both hands to operate tool.
- **DON'T OVERREACH.** Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
- **MAINTAIN TOOLS WITH CARE.** Keep tools sharp and clean for better and safer performance. Follow instructions for lubricating and changing accessories.
- **DISCONNECT TOOLS.** When not in use, before servicing, or when changing attachments, blades, bits, cutters, etc., all tools should be disconnected.
- **AVOID ACCIDENTAL STARTING.** Be sure switch is off when plugging in any tool.
- **USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES.** The use of improper accessories may risk injury.
- **NEVER STAND ON TOOL.** Serious injury could occur if the tool is tipped or if the cutting tool is unintentionally contacted.
- **CHECK DAMAGED PARTS.** Before further use of the tool, a guard or other part that is damaged should be carefully checked to determine that it will operate properly and perform its intended function. Check for alignment of moving parts, binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, mounting and any other conditions that may affect its operation. A guard or other part that is damaged must be properly repaired or replaced by an authorized service center to avoid risk of personal injury.
- **USE THE RIGHT DIRECTION OF FEED.** Feed work into a blade or cutter against the direction of rotation of blade or cutter only.
- **NEVER LEAVE TOOL RUNNING UNATTENDED. TURN THE POWER OFF.** Don't leave tool until it comes to a complete stop.
- **PROTECT YOUR LUNGS.** Wear a face or dust mask if the cutting operation is dusty.
- **PROTECT YOUR HEARING.** Wear hearing protection during extended periods of operation.
- **DO NOT ABUSE CORD.** Never yank cord to disconnect from receptacle. Keep cord from heat, oil, and sharp edges.
- **USE OUTDOOR EXTENSION CORDS.** When tool is used outdoors, use only extension cords with approved ground connection that are intended for use outdoors and so marked.
- **KEEP BLADES CLEAN, SHARP, AND WITH SUFFICIENT SET.** Sharp blades minimize stalling and kickback.
- **BLADE COASTS AFTER BEING TURNED OFF.**
- **NEVER USE IN AN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE.** Normal sparking of the motor could ignite fumes.

GENERAL SAFETY RULES

- **INSPECT TOOL CORDS PERIODICALLY.** If damaged, have repaired by a qualified service technician at an authorized service facility. The conductor with insulation having an outer surface that is green with or without yellow stripes is the equipment-grounding conductor. If repair or replacement of the electric cord or plug is necessary, do not connect the equipment-grounding conductor to a live terminal. Repair or replace a damaged or worn cord immediately. Stay constantly aware of cord location and keep it well away from the rotating blade.
- **INSPECT EXTENSION CORDS PERIODICALLY** and replace if damaged.
- **POLARIZED PLUGS.** To reduce the risk of electric shock, this tool has a polarized plug (one blade is wider than the other). This plug will fit in a polarized outlet only one way. If the plug does not fit fully in the outlet, reverse the plug. If it still does not fit, contact a qualified electrician to install the proper outlet. Do not change the plug in any way.
- **KEEP TOOL DRY, CLEAN, AND FREE FROM OIL AND GREASE.** Always use a clean cloth when cleaning. Never use brake fluids, gasoline, petroleum-based products, or any solvents to clean tool.
- **STAY ALERT AND EXERCISE CONTROL.** Watch what you are doing and use common sense. Do not operate tool when you are tired. Do not rush.
- **DO NOT USE TOOL IF SWITCH DOES NOT TURN IT ON AND OFF.** Have defective switches replaced by an authorized service center.
- **USE ONLY CORRECT BLADES.** Do not use blades with incorrect size holes. Never use blade washers or blade bolts that are defective or incorrect. The maximum blade capacity of your saw is 10 in. (254 mm).
- **BEFORE MAKING A CUT, BE SURE ALL ADJUSTMENTS ARE SECURE.**
- **BE SURE BLADE PATH IS FREE OF NAILS.** Inspect for and remove all nails from lumber before cutting.
- **NEVER TOUCH BLADE** or other moving parts during use.
- **NEVER START A TOOL WHEN ANY ROTATING COMPONENT IS IN CONTACT WITH THE WORKPIECE.**
- **DO NOT OPERATE A TOOL WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF DRUGS, ALCOHOL, OR ANY MEDICATION.**
- **WHEN SERVICING** use only identical replacement parts. Use of any other parts may create a hazard or cause product damage.
- **USE ONLY RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES** listed in this manual or addendums. Use of accessories that are not listed may cause the risk of personal injury. Instructions for safe use of accessories are included with the accessory.
- **DOUBLE CHECK ALL SETUPS.** Make sure blade is tight and not making contact with saw or workpiece before connecting to power supply.

SPECIFIC SAFETY RULES

- **FIRMLY CLAMP OR BOLT** your miter saw to a workbench or table at approximately hip height.
- **KEEP HANDS AWAY FROM CUTTING AREA.** Do not reach underneath work or in blade cutting path with your hands and fingers for any reason. Always turn the power off.
- **ALWAYS SUPPORT LONG WORKPIECES** while cutting to minimize risk of blade pinching and kickback. Saw may slip, walk or slide while cutting long or heavy boards.
- **ALWAYS USE A CLAMP** to secure the workpiece when possible.
- **BE SURE THE BLADE CLEARS THE WORKPIECE.** Never start the saw with the blade touching the workpiece. Allow motor to come up to full speed before starting cut.
- **MAKE SURE THE MITER TABLE AND SAW ARM (BEVEL FUNCTION) ARE LOCKED IN POSITION BEFORE OPERATING YOUR SAW.** Lock the miter table by securely tightening the miter lock levers. Lock the saw arm (bevel function) by securely tightening the bevel lock knob.
- **NEVER USE A LENGTH STOP ON THE FREE SCRAP END OF A CLAMPED WORKPIECE. NEVER** hold onto or bind the free scrap end of the workpiece in any operation. If a work clamp and length stop are used together, they must both be installed on the same side of the saw table to prevent the saw from catching the loose end and kicking up.
- **NEVER** cut more than one piece at a time. **DO NOT STACK** more than one workpiece on the saw table at a time.
- **NEVER PERFORM ANY OPERATION FREEHAND.** Always place the workpiece to be cut on the miter table and position it firmly against the fence as a backstop. Always use the fence.

SPECIFIC SAFETY RULES

- **NEVER** hand hold a workpiece that is too small to be clamped. Keep hands clear of the cutting area.
- **NEVER** reach behind, under, or within three inches of the blade and its cutting path with your hands and fingers for any reason.
- **NEVER** reach to pick up a workpiece, a piece of scrap, or anything else that is in or near the cutting path of the blade.
- **AVOID AWKWARD OPERATIONS AND HAND POSITIONS** where a sudden slip could cause your hand to move into the blade. **ALWAYS** make sure you have good balance. **NEVER** operate your miter saw on the floor or in a crouched position.
- **NEVER** stand or have any part of your body in line with the path of the saw blade.
- **ALWAYS** release the power switch and allow the saw blade to stop rotating before raising it out of the workpiece.
- **DO NOT TURN THE MOTOR SWITCH ON AND OFF RAPIDLY.** This could cause the saw blade to loosen and could create a hazard. Should this ever occur, stand clear and allow the saw blade to come to a complete stop. Disconnect your saw from the power supply and securely retighten the blade bolt.
- **IF ANY PART OF THIS MITER SAW IS MISSING** or should break, bend, or fail in any way, or should any electrical component fail to perform properly, shut off the power switch, remove the miter saw plug from the power source and have damaged, missing, or failed parts replaced before resuming operation.
- **ALWAYS STAY ALERT!** Do not allow familiarity (gained from frequent use of your saw) to cause a careless mistake. **ALWAYS REMEMBER** that a careless fraction of a second is sufficient to inflict severe injury.
- **MAKE SURE THE WORK AREA HAS AMPLE LIGHTING** to see the work and that no obstructions will interfere with safe operation **BEFORE** performing any work using your saw.
- **ALWAYS TURN OFF THE SAW** before disconnecting it to avoid accidental starting when reconnecting to power supply. **NEVER** leave the saw unattended while connected to a power source.
- **THIS TOOL** should have the following markings:
 - a) Wear eye protection.
 - b) Keep hands out of path of saw blade
 - c) Do not operate saw without guards in place.
 - d) Do not perform any operation freehand.
 - e) Never reach around saw blade.
 - f) Turn off tool and wait for saw blade to stop before moving workpiece or changing settings.
 - g) Disconnect power (or unplug tool as applicable) before changing blade or servicing.
 - h) No load speed.
- **ALWAYS** carry the tool only by the carrying handle.
- **AVOID** direct eye exposure when using the laser guide.
- **IF THE POWER SUPPLY CORD IS DAMAGED**, it must be replaced only by the manufacturer or by an authorized service center to avoid risk.
- **SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.** Refer to them frequently and use them to instruct others who may use this power tool. If you loan someone this power tool, loan them these instructions also.

 **WARNING:** Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- lead from lead-based paints,
- crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products, and
- arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

SYMBOLS

Some of the following symbols may be used on this product. Please study them and learn their meaning. Proper interpretation of these symbols will allow you to operate the product better and safer.

SYMBOL	NAME	DESIGNATION/EXPLANATION
V	Volts	Voltage
A	Amperes	Current
Hz	Hertz	Frequency (cycles per second)
W	Watt	Power
min	Minutes	Time
~	Alternating Current	Type of current
≡	Direct Current	Type or a characteristic of current
n_0	No Load Speed	Rotational speed, at no load
	Class II Construction	Double-insulated construction
.../min	Per Minute	Revolutions, strokes, surface speed, orbits etc., per minute
	Wet Conditions Alert	Do not expose to rain or use in damp locations.
	Read The Operator's Manual	To reduce the risk of injury, user must read and understand operator's manual before using this product.
	Eye Protection	Always wear safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields and, as necessary, a full face shield when operating this product.
	Safety Alert	Precautions that involve your safety.
	No Hands Symbol	Failure to keep your hands away from the blade will result in serious personal injury.
	No Hands Symbol	Failure to keep your hands away from the blade will result in serious personal injury.
	No Hands Symbol	Failure to keep your hands away from the blade will result in serious personal injury.
	No Hands Symbol	Failure to keep your hands away from the blade will result in serious personal injury.
	Hot Surface	To reduce the risk of injury or damage, avoid contact with any hot surface.

SYMBOLS

The following signal words and meanings are intended to explain the levels of risk associated with this product.

SYMBOL	SIGNAL	MEANING
	DANGER:	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	WARNING:	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	CAUTION:	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.
	CAUTION:	(Without Safety Alert Symbol) Indicates a situation that may result in property damage.

SERVICE

Servicing requires extreme care and knowledge and should be performed only by a qualified service technician. For service we suggest you return the product to your nearest **SEARS PARTS AND REPAIR SERVICE CENTER** for repair. When servicing, use only identical replacement parts.



WARNING: To avoid serious personal injury, do not attempt to use this product until you read thoroughly and understand completely the operator's manual. If you do not understand the warnings and instructions in the operator's manual, do not use this product. Call the Craftsman Consumer Helpline at 1-800-932-3188 for assistance.

WARNING:



The operation of any power tool can result in foreign objects being thrown into your eyes, which can result in severe eye damage. Before beginning power tool operation, always wear safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields and, when needed, a full face shield. We recommend Wide Vision Safety Mask for use over eyeglasses or standard safety glasses with side shields. Always use eye protection which is marked to comply with ANSI Z87.1.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

ELECTRICAL

DOUBLE INSULATION

Double insulation is a concept in safety in electric power tools, which eliminates the need for the usual three-wire grounded power cord. All exposed metal parts are isolated from the internal metal motor components with protecting insulation. Double insulated tools do not need to be grounded.

⚠ WARNING: The double insulated system is intended to protect the user from shock resulting from a break in the tool's internal insulation. Observe all normal safety precautions to avoid electrical shock.

NOTE: Servicing of a product with double insulation requires extreme care and knowledge of the system and should be performed only by a qualified service technician. For service, we suggest you return the product to your nearest Sears or other qualified service center for repair. Always use original factory replacement parts when servicing.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

This product has a precision-built electric motor. It should be connected to a **power supply that is 120 volts, AC only (normal household current), 60 Hz.** Do not operate this product on direct current (DC). A substantial voltage drop will cause a loss of power and the motor will overheat. If the product does not operate when plugged into an outlet, double-check the power supply.

EXTENSION CORDS

When using a power tool at a considerable distance from a power source, be sure to use an extension cord that has the capacity to handle the current the product will draw. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage, resulting in overheating and loss of power. Use the chart to determine the minimum wire size required in an extension cord. Only round jacketed cords listed by Underwriter's Laboratories (UL) should be used.

When working outdoors with a product, use an extension cord that is designed for outside use. This type of cord is designated with "WA" on the cord's jacket.

Before using any extension cord, inspect it for loose or exposed wires and cut or worn insulation.

**Ampere rating (on product faceplate)

0-2.0 2.1-3.4 3.5-5.0 5.1-7.0 7.1-12.0 12.1-16.0

Cord Length	Wire Size (A.W.G.)					
25'	16	16	16	16	14	14
50'	16	16	16	14	14	12
100'	16	16	14	12	10	—

**Used on 12 gauge - 20 amp circuit

NOTE: AWG = American Wire Gauge

⚠ WARNING: Keep the extension cord clear of the working area. Position the cord so that it will not get caught on lumber, tools or other obstructions while you are working with a power tool. Failure to do so can result in serious personal injury.

⚠ WARNING: Check extension cords before each use. If damaged replace immediately. Never use product with a damaged cord since touching the damaged area could cause electrical shock resulting in serious injury.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Anti-Kickback Pawls (radial arm and table saws)

A device which, when properly installed and maintained, is designed to stop the workpiece from being kicked back toward the front of the saw during a ripping operation.

Arbor

The shaft on which a blade or cutting tool is mounted.

Bevel Cut

A cutting operation made with the blade at any angle other than 90° to the table surface.

Chamfer

A cut removing a wedge from a block so the end (or part of the end) is angled rather than at 90°.

Compound Cut

A cross cut made with both a miter and a bevel angle.

Cross Cut

A cutting or shaping operation made across the grain or the width of the workpiece.

Cutter Head (planers and jointer planers)

A rotating cutterhead with adjustable blades or knives. The blades or knives remove material from the workpiece.

Dado Cut

A non-through cut which produces a square-sided notch or trough in the workpiece (requires a special blade).

Featherboard

A device used to help control the workpiece by guiding it securely against the table or fence during any ripping operation.

FPM or SPM

Feet per minute (or strokes per minute), used in reference to blade movement.

Freehand

Performing a cut without the workpiece being guided by a fence, miter gauge, or other aids.

Gum

A sticky, sap-based residue from wood products.

Heel

Alignment of the blade to the fence.

Kerf

The material removed by the blade in a through cut or the slot produced by the blade in a non-through or partial cut.

Kickback

A hazard that can occur when the blade binds or stalls, throwing the workpiece back toward operator.

Leading End

The end of the workpiece pushed into the tool first.

Miter Cut

A cutting operation made with the workpiece at any angle to the blade other than 90°.

Non-Through Cuts

Any cutting operation where the blade does not extend completely through the thickness of the workpiece.

Push Blocks (for jointer planers)

Device used to feed the workpiece over the jointer planer cutterhead during any operation. This aid helps keep the operator's hands well away from the cutterhead.

Push Blocks and Push Sticks (for table saws)

Devices used to feed the workpiece through the saw blade during cutting operations. A push stick (not a push block) should be used for narrow ripping operations. These aids help keep the operator's hands well away from the blade.

Pilot Hole (drill presses)

A small hole drilled in a workpiece that serves as a guide for drilling large holes accurately.

Resaw

A cutting operation to reduce the thickness of the workpiece to make thinner pieces.

Resin

A sticky, sap-based substance that has hardened.

Revolutions Per Minute (RPM)

The number of turns completed by a spinning object in one minute.

Ripping or Rip Cut

A cutting operation along the length of the workpiece.

Riving Knife/Spreader/Splitter (table saws)

A metal piece, slightly thinner than the blade, which helps keep the kerf open and also helps to prevent kickback.

Saw Blade Path

The area over, under, behind, or in front of the blade. As it applies to the workpiece, that area which will be or has been cut by the blade.

Set

The distance that the tip of the saw blade tooth is bent (or set) outward from the face of the blade.

Snipe (planers)

Depression made at either end of a workpiece by cutter blades when the workpiece is not properly supported.

Through Sawing

Any cutting operation where the blade extends completely through the thickness of the workpiece.

Throw-Back

The throwing back of a workpiece usually caused by the workpiece being dropped into the blade or being placed inadvertently in contact with the blade.

Workpiece or Material

The item on which the operation is being done.

Worktable

Surface where the workpiece rests while performing a cutting, drilling, planing, or sanding operation.

FEATURES

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Blade Diameter 10 in.
 Blade Arbor 5/8 in.
 No Load Speed 5,000 r/min. (RPM)
 Input 120 V, AC Only, 60 Hz, 15 A
 Cutting Capacity with Miter at 0°/Bevel 0°:
 Maximum nominal lumber sizes:.....2 x 6, 4 x 4

Cutting Capacity with Miter at 45°/Bevel 0°:
 Maximum nominal lumber sizes:.....2 x 4
 Cutting Capacity with Miter at 0°/Bevel 45°:
 Maximum nominal lumber sizes:.....2 x 6
 Cutting Capacity with Miter at 45°/Bevel 45°:
 Maximum nominal lumber sizes:.....2 x 4

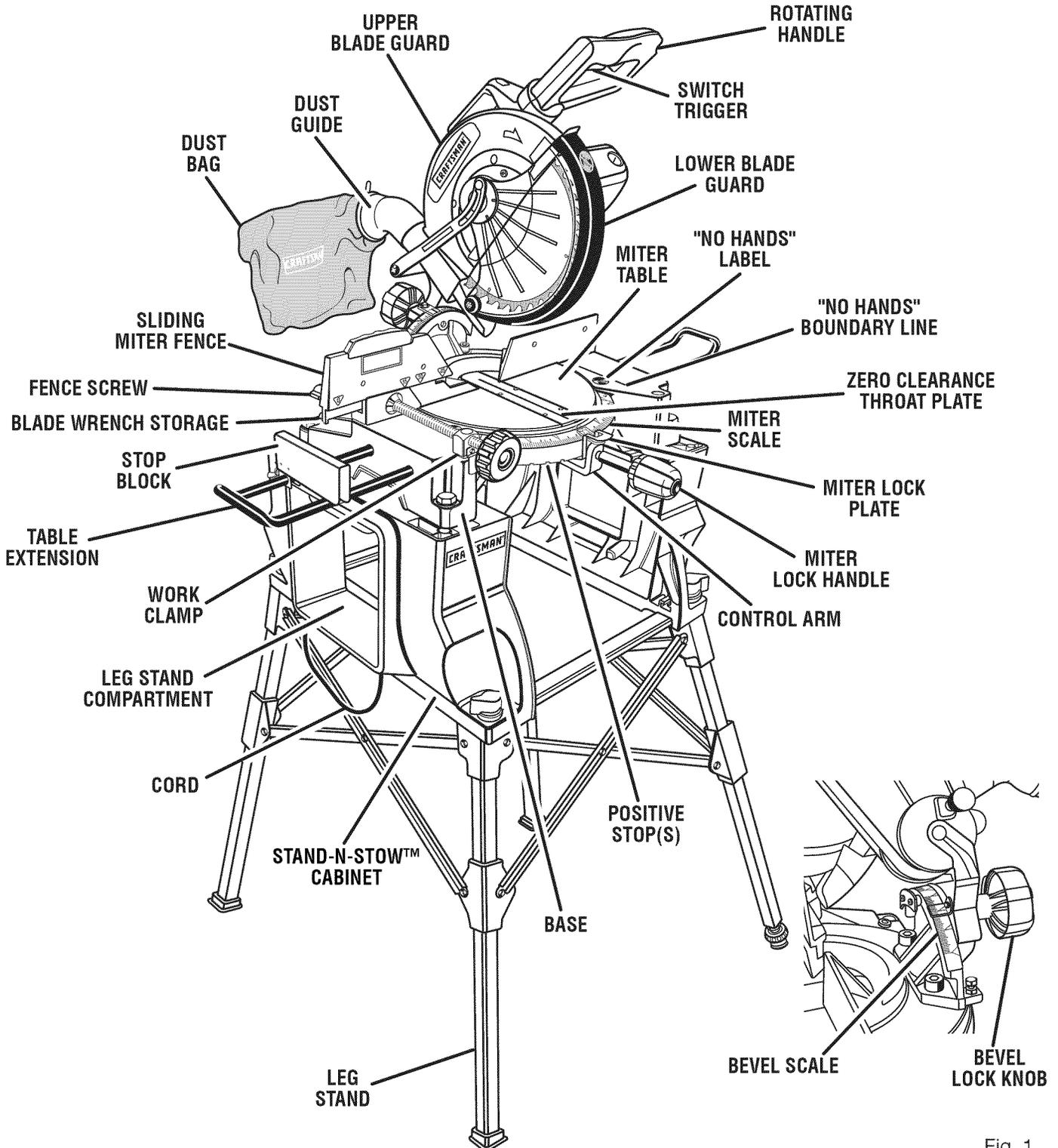


Fig. 1

FEATURES

KNOW YOUR COMPOUND MITER SAW

See Figure 1.

The safe use of this product requires an understanding of the information on the product and in this operator's manual as well as a knowledge of the project you are attempting. Before use of this product, familiarize yourself with all operating features and safety rules.

10 in. BLADE

A 10 in. carbide-tipped saw blade is included with your compound miter saw. It will cut materials up to 4 in. thick or 6 in. wide, depending upon the angle at which the cut is being made.

15 AMP MOTOR

Your saw has a powerful 15 amp motor with sufficient power to handle tough cutting jobs. It is made with all ball bearings, and has externally accessible brushes for ease of servicing.

BEVEL LOCK KNOB

The bevel lock knob securely locks your compound miter saw at desired bevel angles. A positive stop adjustment screw has been provided on each side of the saw arm. These adjustment screws are for making fine adjustments at 0° and 45°.

CARRYING HANDLE

See Figure 2.

For convenience when carrying or transporting your miter saw from one place to another, a carrying handle has been provided on top of the saw arm. To transport, turn off and unplug your saw, then lower the saw arm and lock it in the down position. Lock saw arm by depressing the lock pin.

ELECTRIC BRAKE

An electric brake has been provided to quickly stop blade rotation after the switch is released.

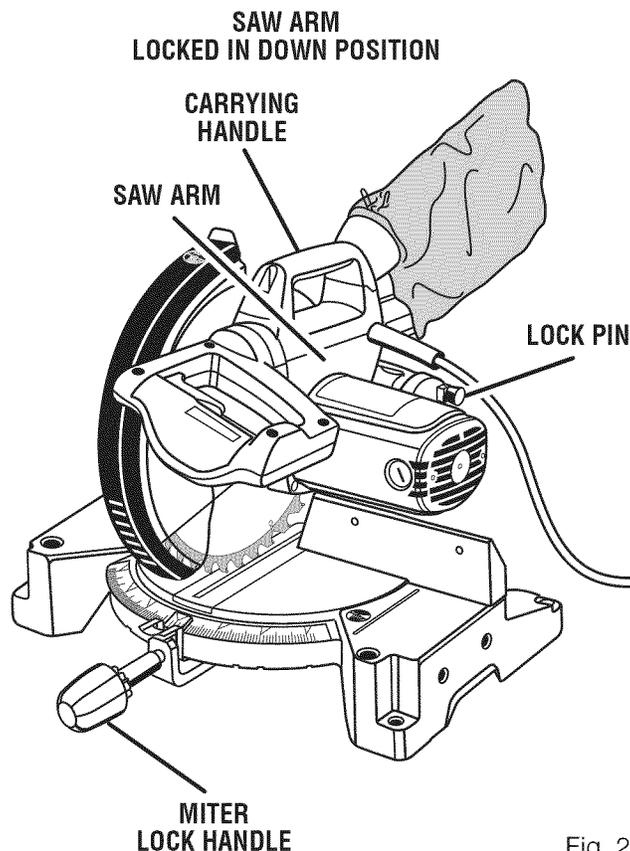


Fig. 2

LASER GUIDE

For more accurate cuts, a laser guide is included with your miter saw. When used properly, the laser guide makes accurate, precision cutting simple and easy.

MITER LOCK HANDLE

See Figure 2.

The miter lock handle securely locks your saw at desired miter angles.

POSITIVE STOPS ON MITER TABLE

Positive stops have been provided at 0°, 15°, 22-1/2°, 30°, and 45° on both the left and right side of the miter table.

FEATURES

ROTATING HANDLE

See Figure 3.

The rotating handle can be adjusted to provide different positions of the saw handle. Turn the handle adjusting knob clockwise to loosen the rotating handle before twisting the rotating handle to a desired position. Lock the rotating handle into positions by turning the handle adjusting knob counterclockwise.

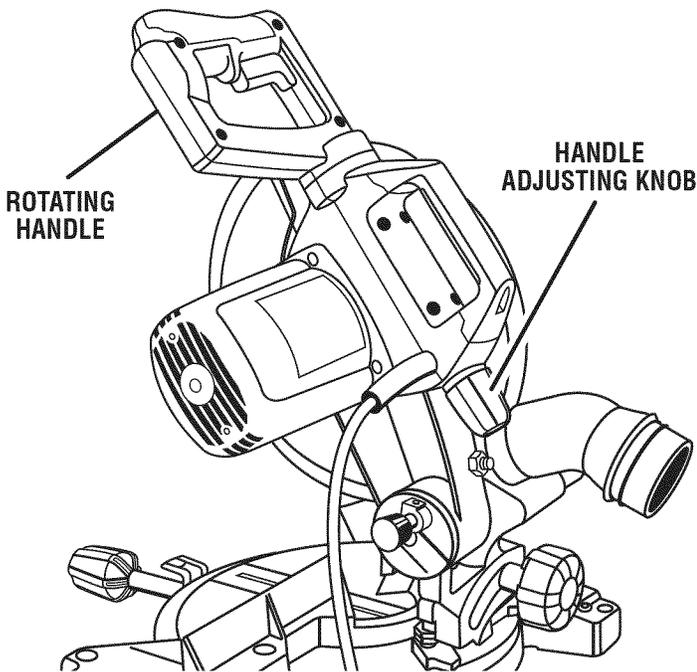


Fig. 3

SELF-RETRACTING LOWER BLADE GUARD

The lower blade guard is made of shock-resistant, see-through plastic that provides protection from each side of the blade. It retracts over the upper blade guard as the saw is lowered into the workpiece.

SLIDING MITER FENCE

The miter fence on your compound miter saw has been provided to hold your workpiece securely against when making all cuts; the left side is also larger providing additional support. It has a sliding feature for clearance of the saw arm when making bevel or compound cuts.

Loosen the fence screw before attempting to slide the miter fence. Once the desired position of the miter fence is determined, tighten the fence screw to secure the sliding fence.

SPINDLE LOCK BUTTON

See Figure 4.

A spindle lock button has been provided for locking the spindle which keeps the blade in your saw from rotating. Depress and hold the lock button while installing, changing, or removing blade.

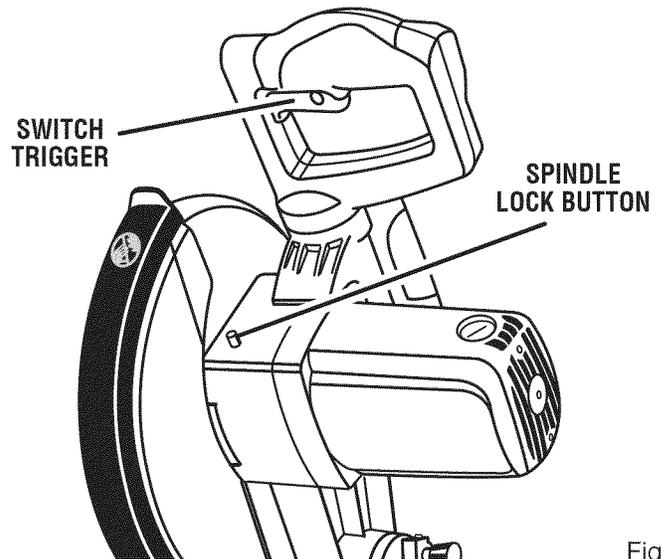


Fig. 4

TRIGGER LOCK

See Figure 5.

To prevent unauthorized use of your compound miter saw, we suggest that you disconnect it from the power supply and lock the switch in the off position. To lock the switch, install a padlock (not included) through the hole in the switch trigger. A lock with a long shackle up to 9/32 in. diameter may be used. When the lock is installed and locked, the switch is inoperable. Store the padlock key in another location.

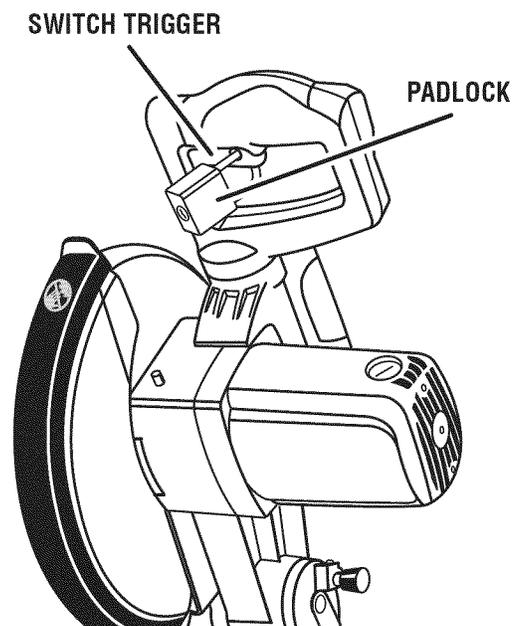


Fig. 5

TOOLS NEEDED

The following tools (**not included**) are needed for checking adjustments of your saw or for installing the blade:

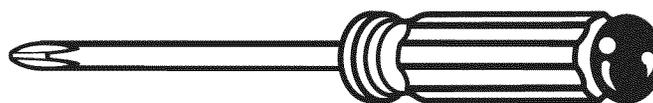
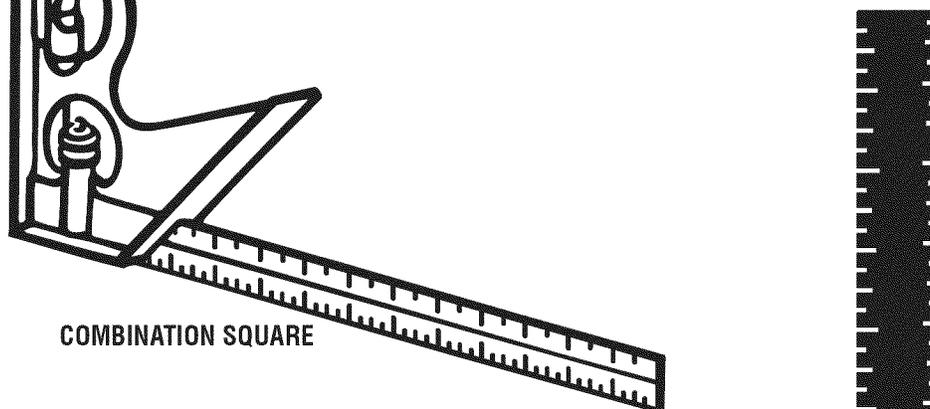
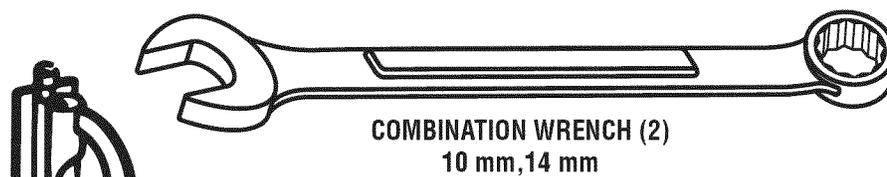


Fig. 6

LOOSE PARTS LIST

The following items are included with your Compound Miter Saw:

- Dust Bag
- Dust Guide
- Table Extensions (2)
- Clamp Brackets (2)
- Clamp Bracket Screws (2)
- Stop Block
- Wing Bolt
- Miter Lock Handle
- Work Clamp
- Blade Wrench
- Outer Blade Washer
- Bolt
- Hex Key (3), 8 mm, 6 mm, 1.5 mm
- Hex Bolt (4)
- Washer (4)
- Lock Nut (4)
- Base (2)
- Lock Nut (4)
- Reinforcement Plate (2)
- Lock Washer (4)
- Washer (4)
- Screw (4)
- Hex Bolt (4)
- Washer (4)
- Lock Nut (4)
- Leg Stand
- Operator's Manual

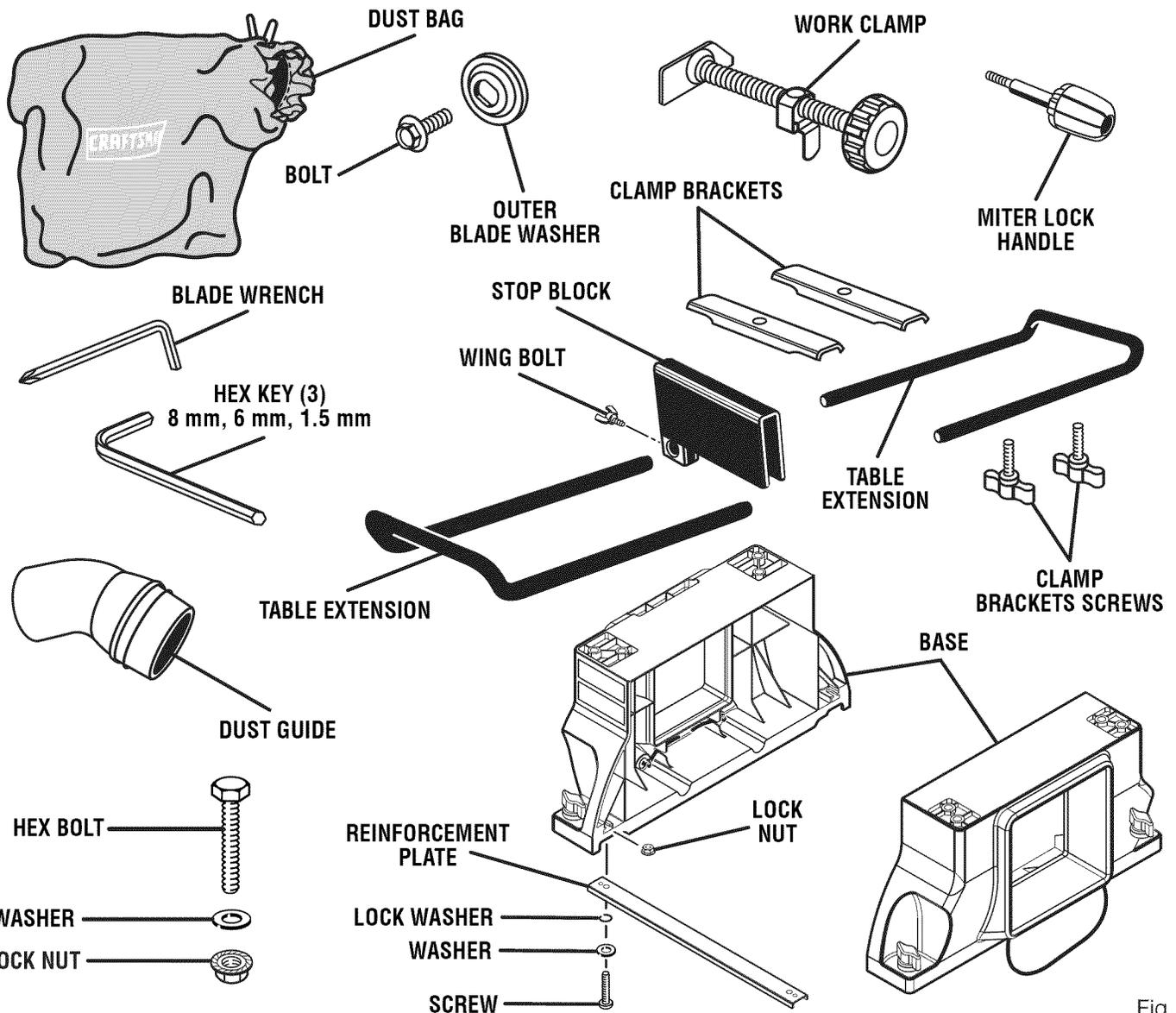


Fig. 7

WARNING: The use of attachments or accessories not listed might be hazardous and could cause serious personal injury.

ASSEMBLY

UNPACKING

This product requires assembly.

- Carefully lift saw from the carton by the carrying handle and the saw base, and place it on a level work surface.

NOTE: This saw is heavy. To avoid back injury, lift with your legs, not your back, and get help when needed.

- This saw has been shipped with the saw arm secured in the down position. To release the saw arm, push down on the top of the saw arm, cut the tie-wrap, and pull out on the lock pin.
- Lift the saw arm by the handle. Hand pressure should remain on the saw arm to prevent sudden rise upon release of the tie wrap.
- Inspect the tool carefully to make sure no breakage or damage occurred during shipping.
- Do not discard the packing material until you have carefully inspected and satisfactorily operated the tool.
- The saw is factory set for accurate cutting. After assembling it, check for accuracy. If shipping has influenced the settings, refer to specific procedures explained in this manual.
- If any parts are damaged or missing, please call 1-800-932-3188 for assistance.

WARNING: If any parts are damaged or missing do not operate this product until the parts are replaced. Failure to heed this warning could result in serious personal injury.

WARNING: Do not attempt to modify this product or create accessories not recommended for use with this product. Any such alteration or modification is misuse and could result in a hazardous condition leading to possible serious personal injury.

WARNING: Do not connect to power supply until assembly is complete. Failure to comply could result in accidental starting and possible serious injury.

WARNING: Always make sure the compound miter saw is securely mounted to a workbench or an approved workstand. Failure to heed this warning can result in serious personal injury.

ASSEMBLING THE STAND-n-STOW™ CABINET

See Figure 8.

This product requires assembly.

- Insert the supplied lock nut into the hex nut pocket.
- Align the reinforcement plate holes with the tab on the bottom of the base and the screw hole in the base.
- Place supplied washer and lock washer onto the supplied screw.
- Insert screw into the hole in the base.
- Turn clockwise to tighten screw.
- Repeat above steps until all four screws have been inserted and tightened into base and both reinforcement plates are installed.

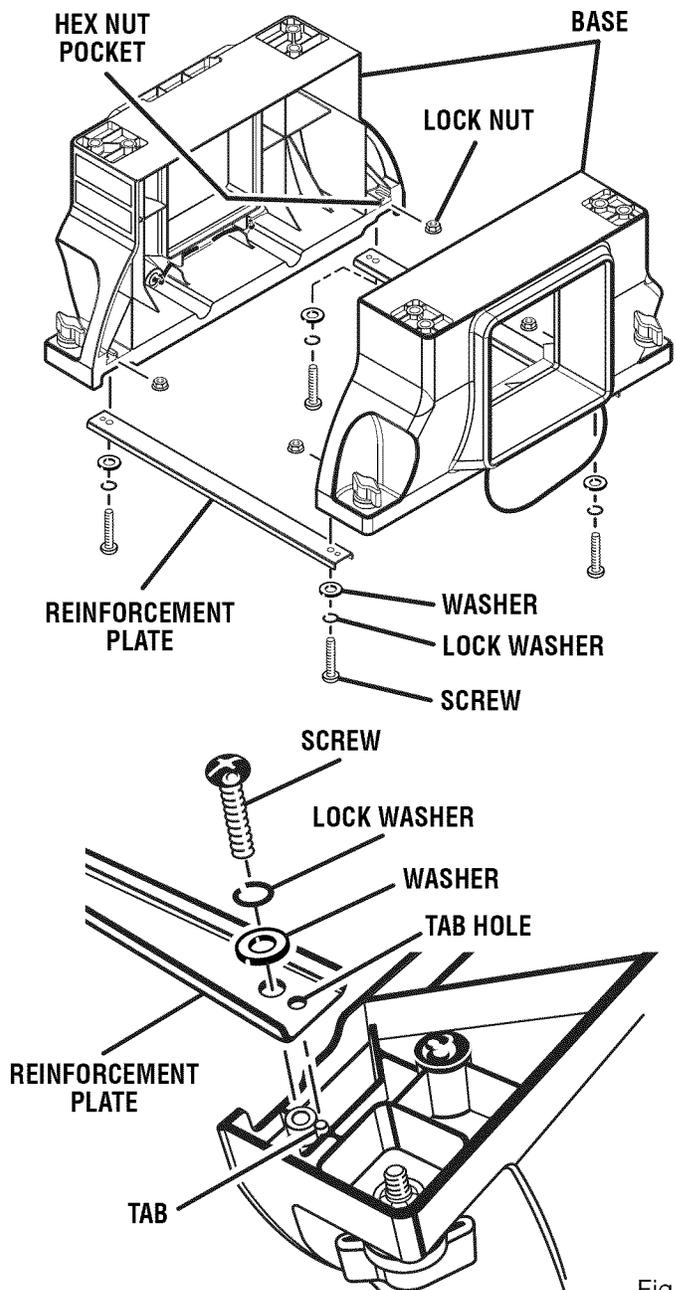


Fig. 8

ASSEMBLY

MOUNTING THE STAND-n-STOW™ CABINET BASE TO THE LEG STAND

See Figures 9 - 11.

When the leg stand and Stand-n-Stow™ cabinet are not in use, the leg stand can be folded up and placed in the leg stand storage area as indicated in figure 11.

- Place the leg stand on the floor then open the leg stand by pushing opposite legs in opposite directions as indicated by the arrows in figure 9.
- Place the Stand-n-Stow™ cabinet on the leg stand. Align the slots in the miter saw base with the slots on the top of the leg stand.
- Insert the tab on the Stand-n-Stow™ cabinet locking knob into the slot on the leg stand.
- Turn the locking knob clockwise to secure the Stand-n-Stow™ cabinet to the leg stand.
- Repeat with the other three locking knobs.

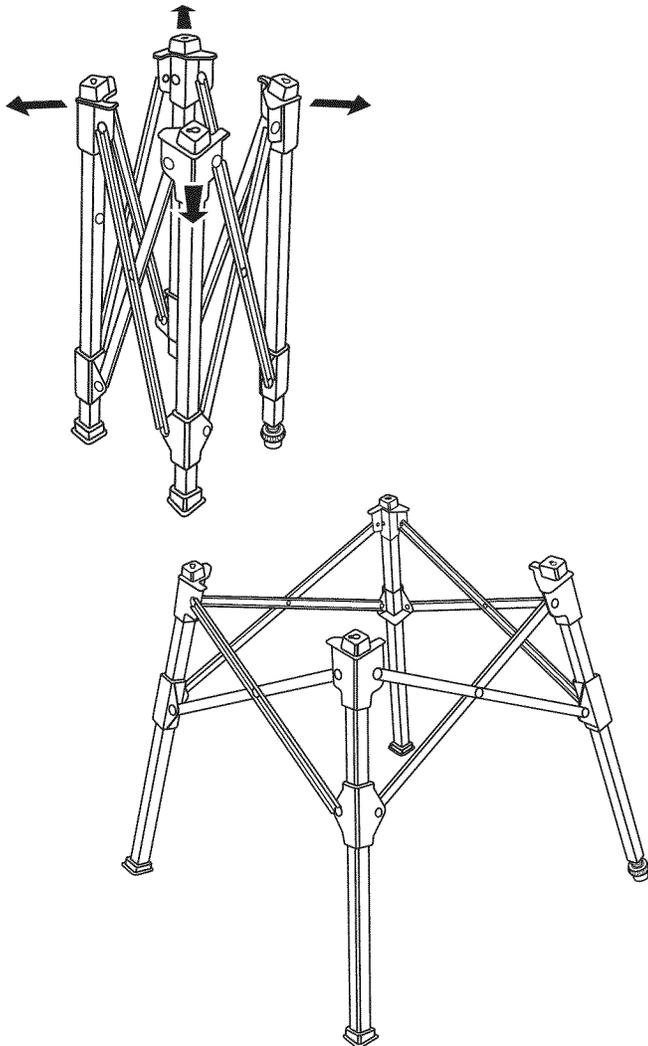


Fig. 9

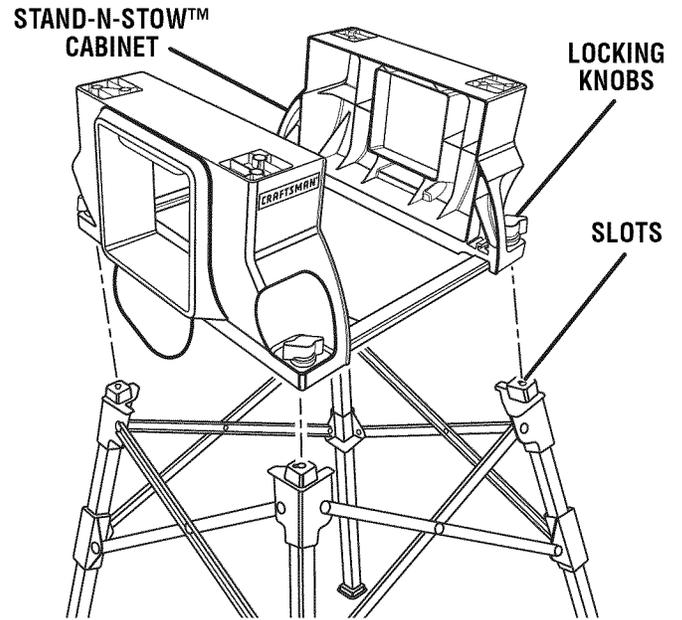


Fig. 10

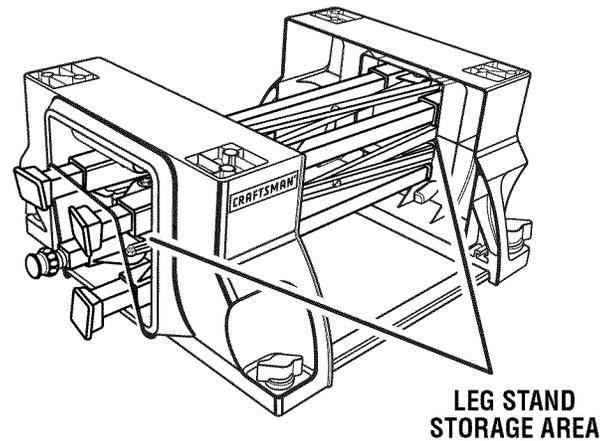


Fig. 11

ASSEMBLY

TO MOUNT MITER SAW

See Figure 12.

- Insert the supplied 3/8 in. machine bolts through the holes in the miter saw base. Each of the four mounting holes should be bolted through the miter saw base securely using supplied 3/8 in. machine bolts, lock washers, and hex nuts as shown in figure 12.
- Tighten all four bolts securely.

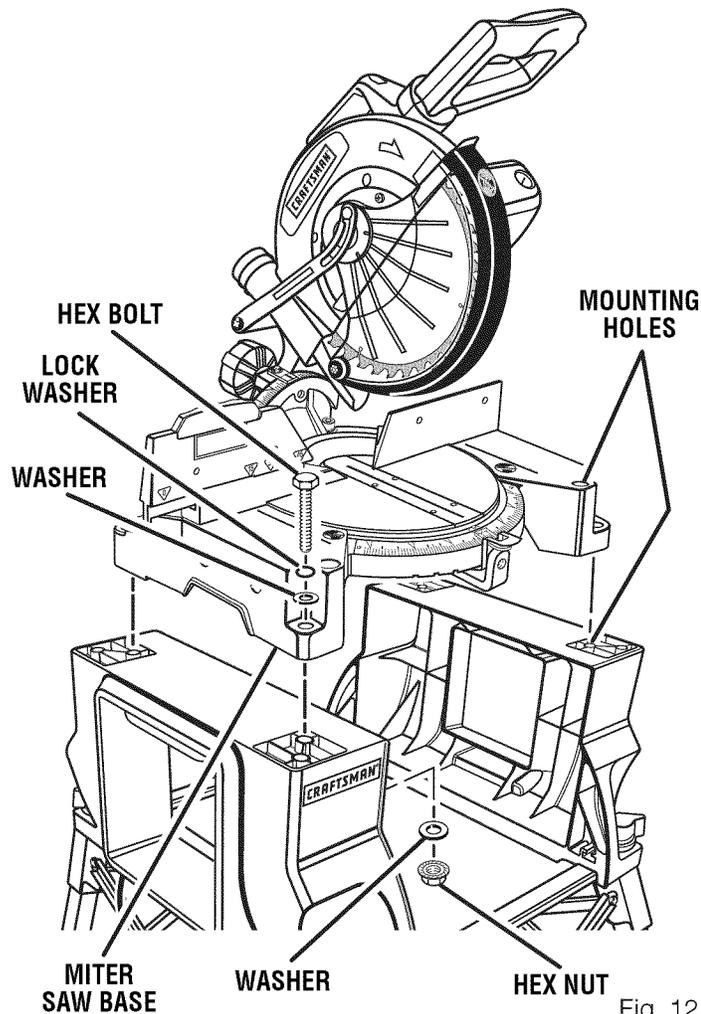


Fig. 12

MOUNTING HOLES

See Figure 13.

If not mounted to the supplied Stand-n-Stow™ cabinet, then the compound miter saw should be permanently mounted to a firm supporting surface such as a workbench. Four bolt holes have been provided in the saw base for this purpose. Each of the four mounting holes should be bolted securely using 3/8 in. machine bolts, lock washers, and hex nuts (not included). Bolts should be of sufficient length to accommodate the saw base, lock washers, hex nuts, and the thickness of the workbench. Tighten all four bolts securely.

The hole pattern for mounting to a workbench is shown in figure 13. Carefully check the workbench after mounting to make sure that no movement can occur during use. If any tipping, sliding, or walking is noted, secure the workbench to the floor before operating.

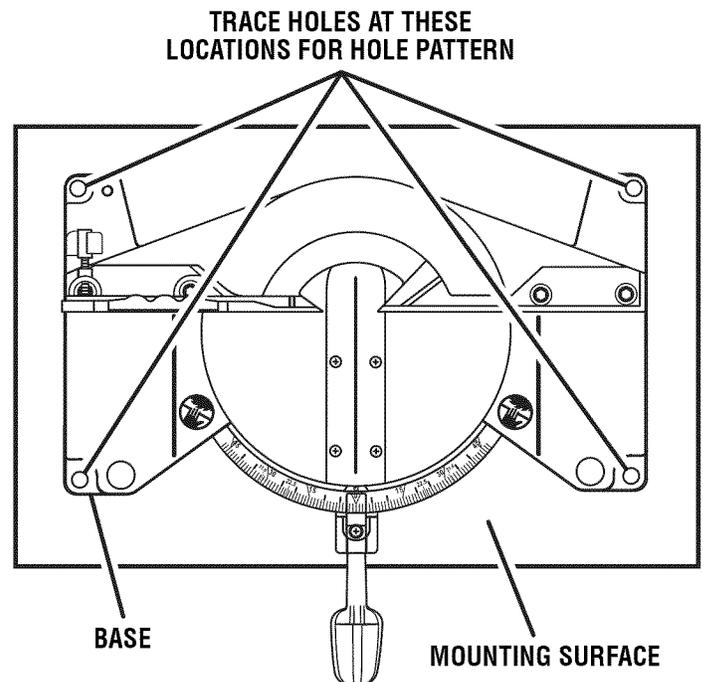


Fig. 13

ASSEMBLY

As mentioned previously, the saw has been factory assembled and adjusted. The miter lock handle, dust guide, and blade are the only parts that have to be installed.

MITER LOCK HANDLE

See Figure 14.

Cut the tie-wraps holding the saw arm and the miter lock in place. To install the miter lock handle, place the threaded stud into the threaded hole in the control arm. Turn clockwise to tighten.

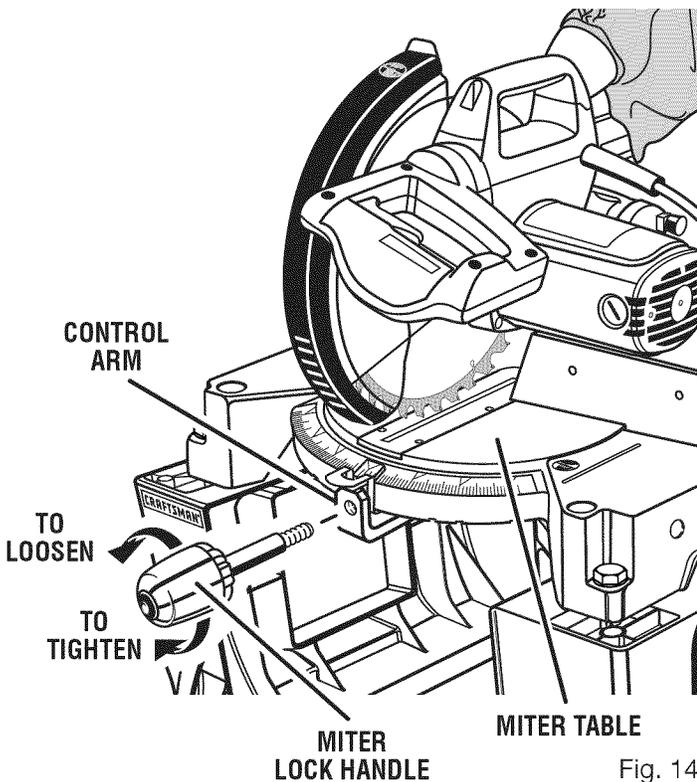


Fig. 14

DUST GUIDE

See Figure 15.

To install the dust guide, place the end marked **INSERT** over the exhaust port in the upper blade guard. Turn the guide so that the open end is facing down or toward the rear of the saw.

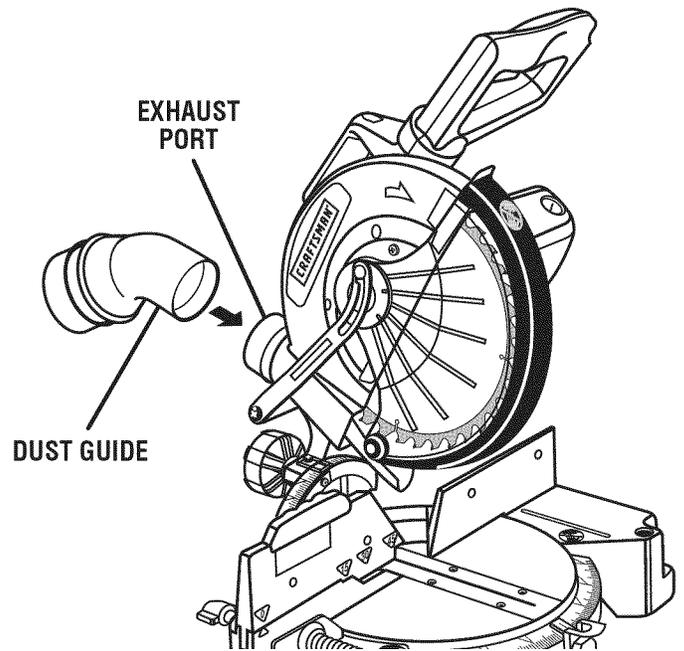


Fig. 15

DUST BAG

See Figure 16.

A dust bag is provided for use on this miter saw. It fits over the dust guide on the upper blade guard. To install, squeeze the two metal clips to open the mouth of the bag and slide it on to the dust guide. Release the clips. The metal ring in the bag should lock in between the grooves on the dust guide.

To remove the dust bag for emptying, simply reverse the above procedure.

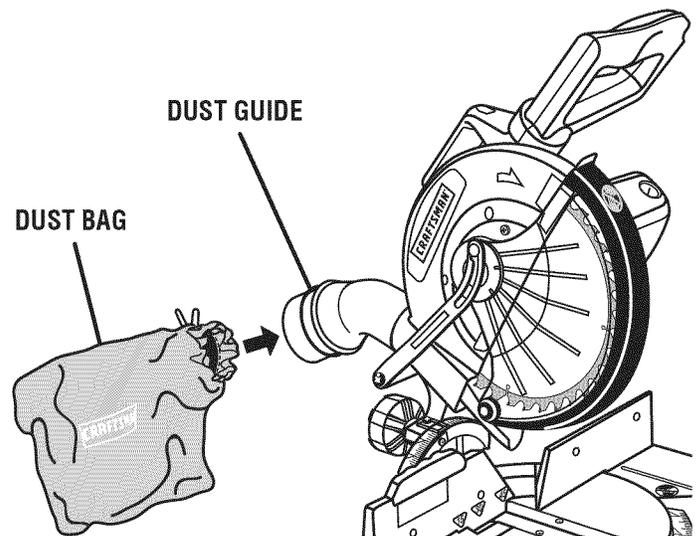


Fig. 16

ASSEMBLY

TABLE EXTENSIONS

See Figures 17 - 18.

If you plan to use the stop block, slide the stop block on the back arm of the desired table extension first.

To install table extensions, insert the ends of extensions into the holes in the sides of the base. Adjust the extensions to the desired length.

Secure them in place by positioning a clamp bracket under each table extension beneath the miter table. Orient each clamp bracket as shown in figure 18.

Secure each clamp bracket in place with a clamp bracket screw. The clamp bracket screw threads through the clamp bracket and tightens against bracket support on bottom of miter table, securing clamp bracket against table extension.

⚠ WARNING: When using the work clamp with the stop block, install the clamp on the same side as the stop block. This will eliminate the possibility of trapping the workpiece, resulting in the saw blade and workpiece kicking up. Failure to heed this warning can result in serious personal injury.

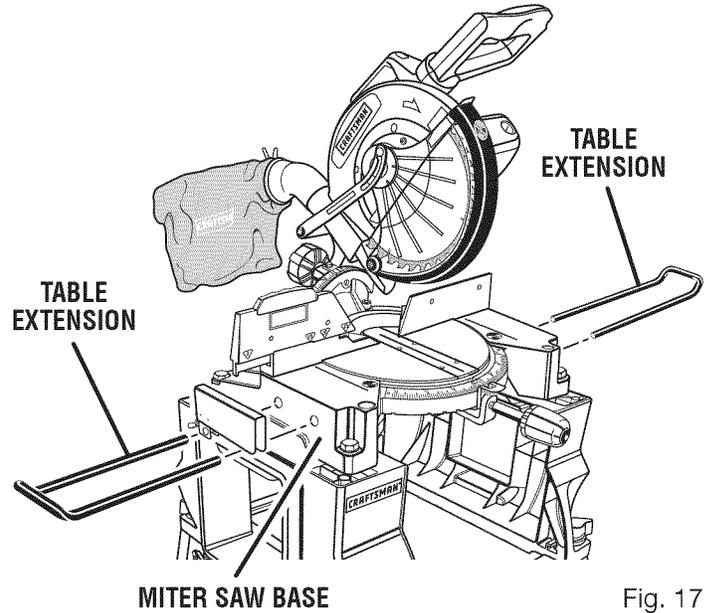
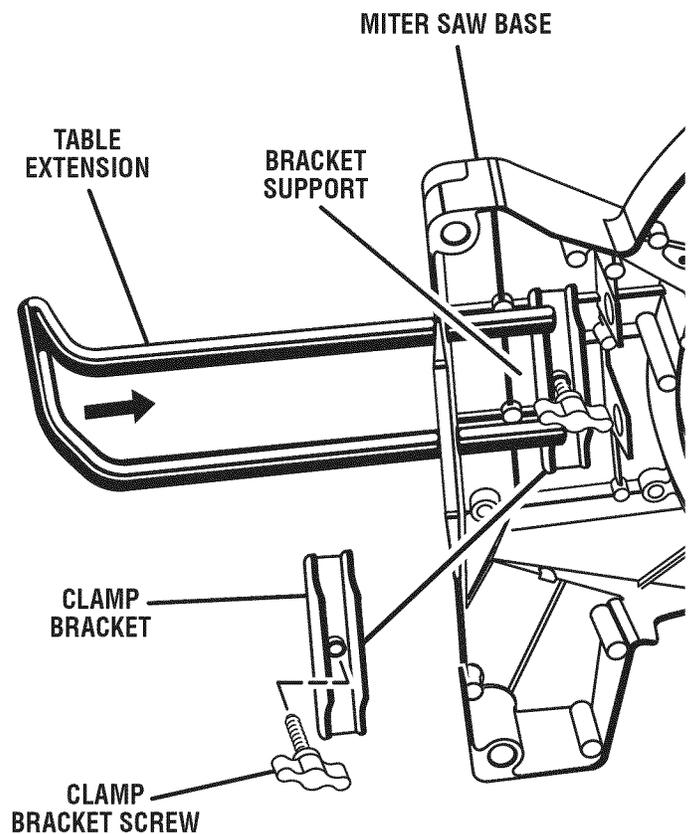


Fig. 17



SAW VIEWED FROM BOTTOM

Fig. 18

ASSEMBLY

WORK CLAMP

See Figure 19.

The work clamp provides greater control by clamping the workpiece to the fence or the saw table. It also prevents the workpiece from creeping toward the saw blade. This is very helpful when cutting compound miters.

Depending on the cutting operation and the size of the workpiece, it may be necessary to use a C-clamp instead of the work clamp to secure the workpiece prior to making the cut.

⚠ WARNING: In some operations, the work clamp assembly may interfere with the operation of the blade guard assembly. Always make sure there is no interference with the blade guard prior to beginning any cutting operation to reduce the risk of serious personal injury.

To install the work clamp:

- Place the shaft of the work clamp in either hole on the saw table base.
- Rotate the knob on the work clamp to move it in or out as needed.

⚠ WARNING: When using any clamp with a stop block, install the clamp on the same side as the stop block. This will eliminate the possibility of trapping the workpiece, resulting in the saw blade and workpiece kicking up. Failure to heed this warning can result in serious personal injury.

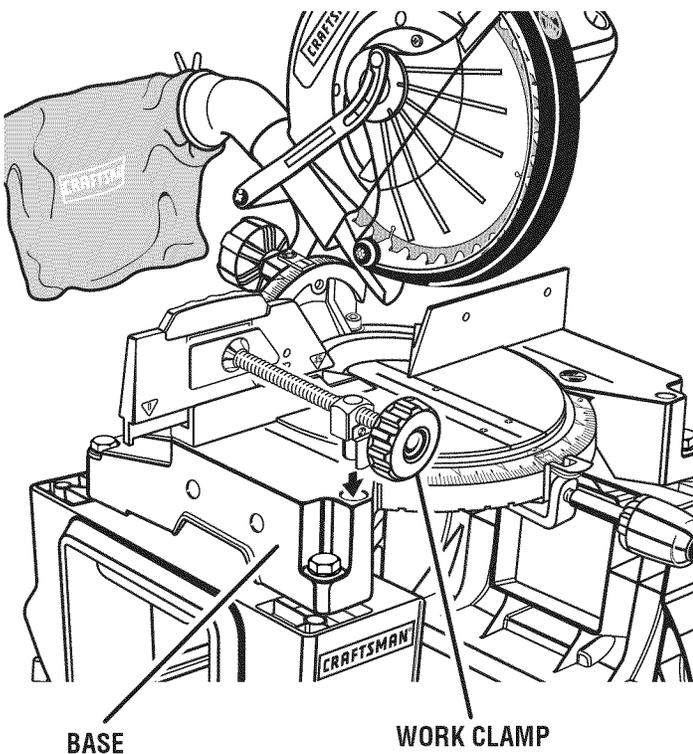


Fig. 19

TO INSTALL BLADE

See Figures 20 - 22.

⚠ WARNING: A 10 in. blade is the maximum blade capacity of the saw. Never use a blade that is too thick to allow outer blade washer to engage with the flats on the spindle. Larger blades will come in contact with the blade guards, while thicker blades will prevent the blade screw from securing the blade on the spindle. Either of these situations could result in a serious accident and can cause serious personal injury.

- Unplug the saw.
- Loosen phillips screw on the blade bolt cover until blade bolt cover can be raised.
- Gently raise the lower blade guard bracket, releasing lower blade guard from notch so that lower blade guard and blade bolt cover can be rotated up and back to expose the blade bolt.
- Depress the spindle lock button and rotate the blade bolt until the spindle locks.
- Using the blade wrench provided, loosen and remove the blade bolt.

NOTE: The blade bolt has left hand threads. Turn blade bolt clockwise to loosen.

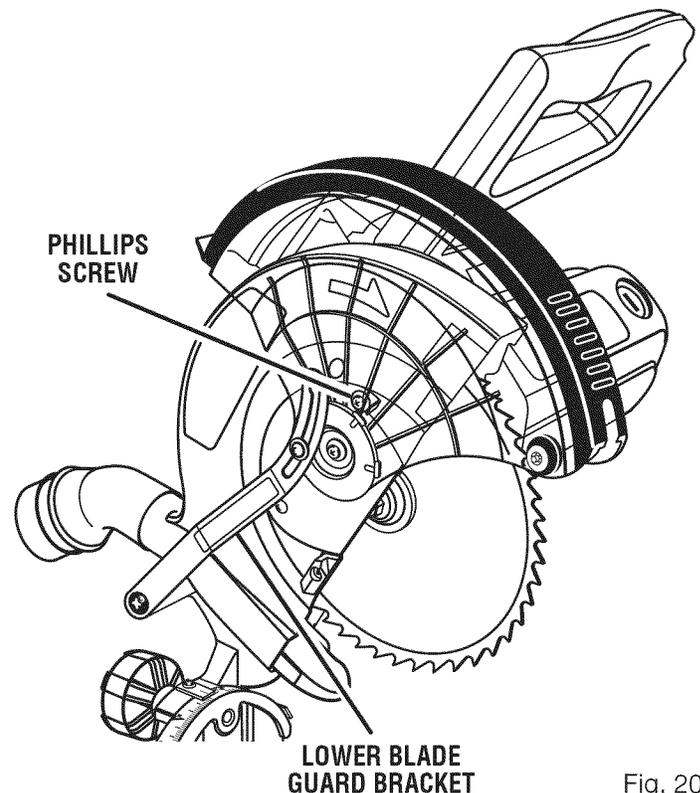


Fig. 20

ASSEMBLY

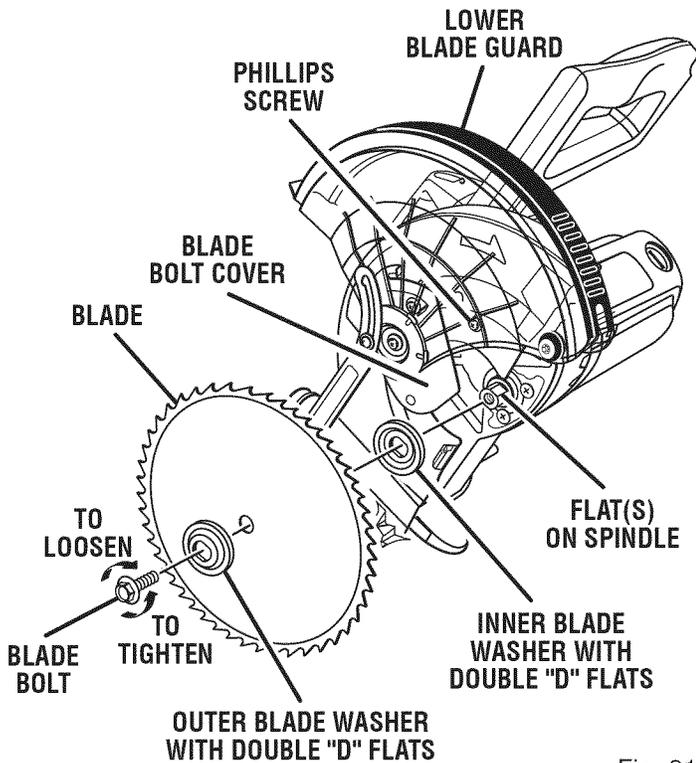


Fig. 21

- Remove the laser guide or outer blade washer. **Do not** remove inner blade washer.
- Wipe a drop of oil onto inner blade washer and outer blade washer where they contact the blade.

WARNING: If inner blade washer has been removed, replace it before placing blade on spindle. Failure to do so could cause an accident since blade will not tighten properly.

- Fit saw blade inside lower blade guard and onto spindle. The blade teeth point downward at the front of saw as shown in figure 21.

CAUTION: Always install the blade with the blade teeth and the arrow printed on the side of the blade pointing down at the front of the saw. The direction of blade rotation is also stamped with an arrow on the upper blade guard.

- Replace the laser guide or outer blade washer (see instructions on the following page). The double "D" flats align with the flats on the spindle.
- Depress spindle lock button and replace blade bolt.

NOTE: The blade bolt has left hand threads. Turn blade bolt counterclockwise to tighten.
- Tighten blade bolt securely.
- Replace the lower blade guard and blade bolt cover.
- Retighten the phillips screw securing the blade bolt cover.

CAUTION: Make sure the spindle lock button is not engaged before reconnecting saw to power source. Never engage spindle lock button when blade is rotating.

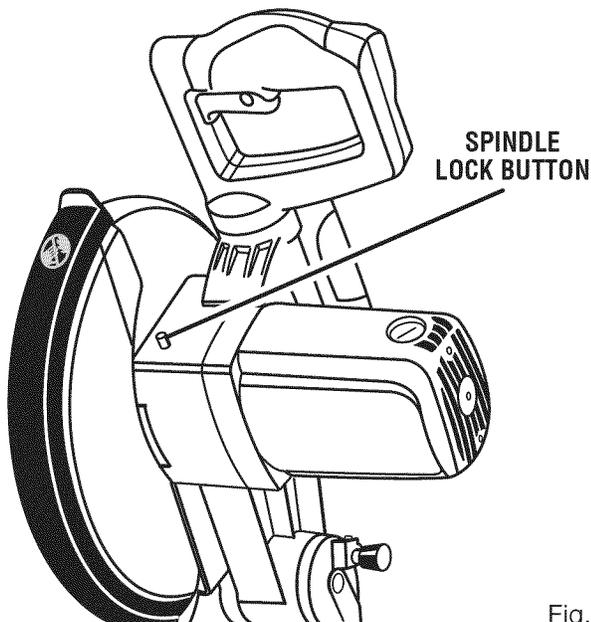


Fig. 22

ASSEMBLY

MOUNTING THE LASER GUIDE

See Figure 23.

- Unplug the saw.
- Make sure inner blade washer is in place before positioning saw blade on the spindle of the saw.
NOTE: The laser guide replaces the outer blade washer.
- Place the laser guide onto the spindle, aligning the double “D” flats in the laser guide with the flats on the spindle.
- Position flat surface of laser guide against the blade. Warning labels are visible when laser guide is mounted properly.
- Depress spindle lock button and secure laser guide using only the hex bolt provided.
NOTE: The hex bolt has left hand threads. Turn bolt counterclockwise to tighten.
- Using the blade wrench provided with the saw, tighten bolt securely.
- Remove the blade wrench and store it in a safe place for future use.
- Replace the lower blade guard and blade bolt cover.
- Retighten the blade bolt cover screw securely.

⚠ DANGER: Laser radiation. Avoid direct eye contact with light source.

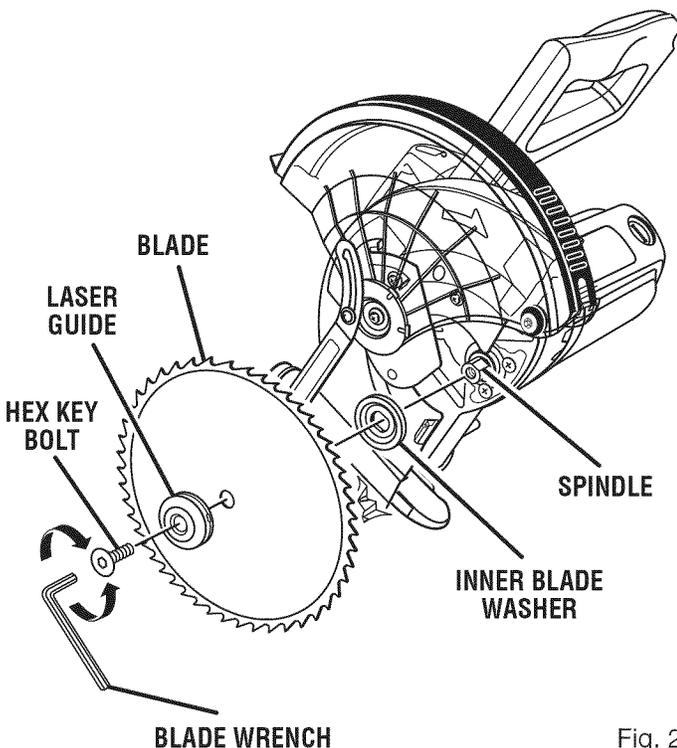


Fig. 23

ALIGNING THE LASER GUIDE LINE

See Figure 24.

The laser guide will generate a red line on the work surface when the blade is spinning. The red laser line will appear as a broken line on the workpiece when the blade assembly is in the uppermost position and the motor switch is activated. This broken line will let you see your mark and the laser guide line at the same time, and will assist you in lining up the mark for more accurate cutting of the workpiece.

Align the laser line and the mark with the blade at the uppermost position. Once both lines are in alignment, do not move the workpiece until after you have finished cutting.

As the blade assembly is lowered toward the workpiece, the broken line will become solid.

Make several practice cuts on different styles and thickness of material.

Follow the directions below for using the laser guide.

To Remove Your Mark:

Position the laser line near the left edge of your mark on the work surface in order to remove the mark.

To Cut Your Mark:

Position the laser line near or over your mark on the work surface in order to cut the mark.

To Leave Your Mark:

Position the laser line near the right edge of your mark on the work surface in order to leave the mark.

After you have become familiar with using the laser guide, you will be able to remove, cut, or leave your mark on the work surface. Practice will teach you the correct position for aligning the laser line with your mark.

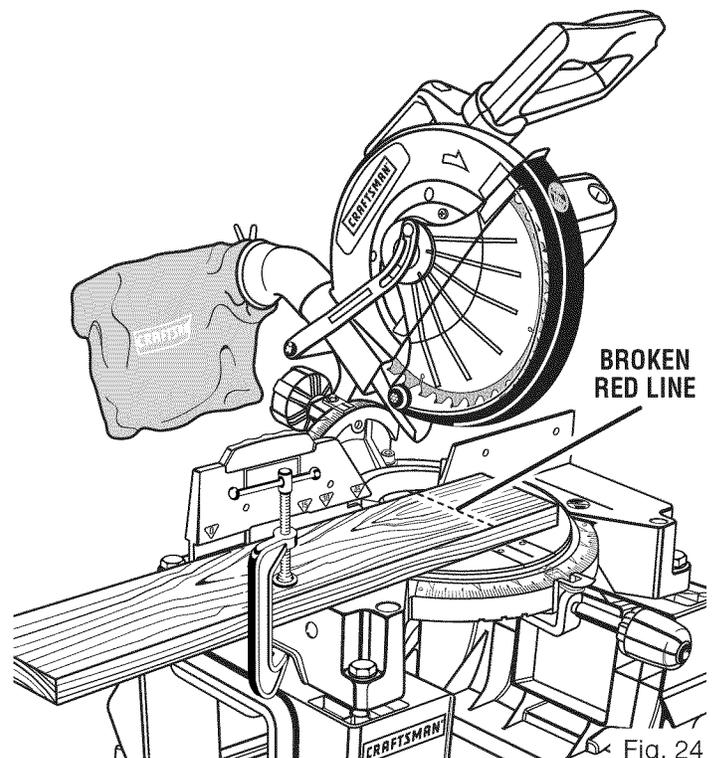


Fig. 24

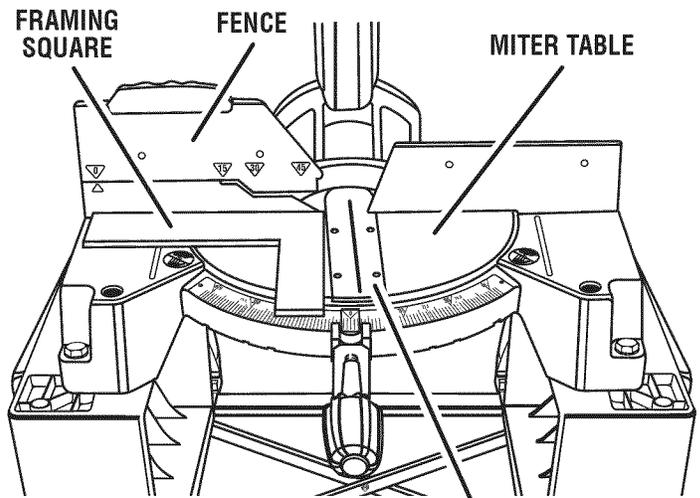
ASSEMBLY

NOTE: Many of the illustrations in this manual show only portions of the compound miter saw. This is intentional so that we can clearly show points being made in the illustrations. **Never operate your saw without all guards securely in place and in good operating condition.**

SQUARING THE MITER TABLE TO THE FENCE

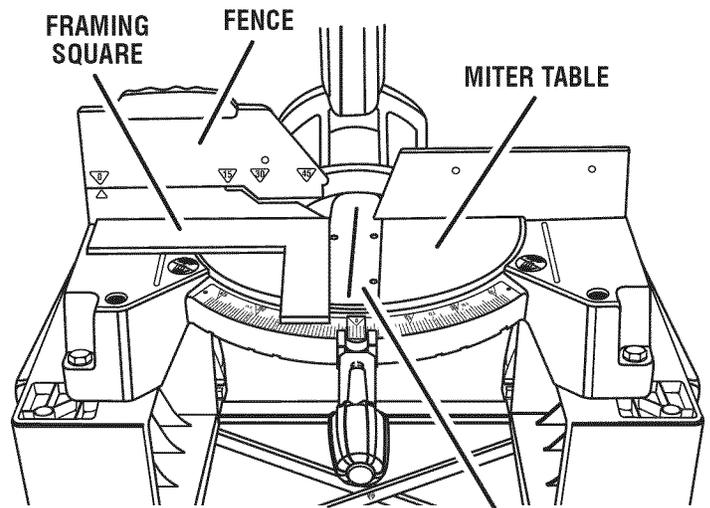
See Figures 25 - 28.

- Unplug the saw.
- Push down on the saw arm and pull out the lock pin to release the saw arm.
- Raise saw arm to its full raised position.
- Loosen the miter lock handle.
- Rotate the miter table until the pointer is positioned at 0°.
- Retighten the miter lock handle.
- Lay a framing square flat on the miter table. Place one leg of the square against the fence. Place the other leg of the square beside the throat plate in the miter table. The edge of the square and the slot in the throat plate in the miter table should be parallel as shown in figure 25.
- If the edge of the framing square and the throat plate in the miter table are not parallel as shown in figures 26 and 27, adjustments are needed.
- Loosen the fence screw and remove the sliding miter fence.
- Using the blade wrench, loosen the socket head screws securing the fence. Adjust the fence left or right until the framing square and throat plate are parallel.
- Retighten the screws securely and recheck the fence-to-table alignment before reinstalling the sliding miter fence.



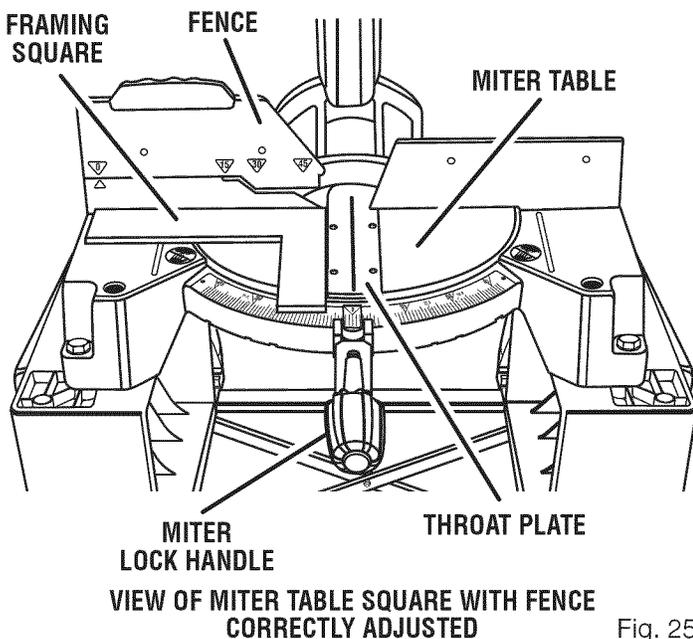
THROAT PLATE
VIEW OF MITER TABLE NOT SQUARE WITH FENCE, ADJUSTMENTS ARE REQUIRED

Fig. 26



THROAT PLATE
VIEW OF MITER TABLE NOT SQUARE WITH FENCE, ADJUSTMENTS ARE REQUIRED

Fig. 27



MITER LOCK HANDLE
THROAT PLATE
VIEW OF MITER TABLE SQUARE WITH FENCE CORRECTLY ADJUSTED

Fig. 25

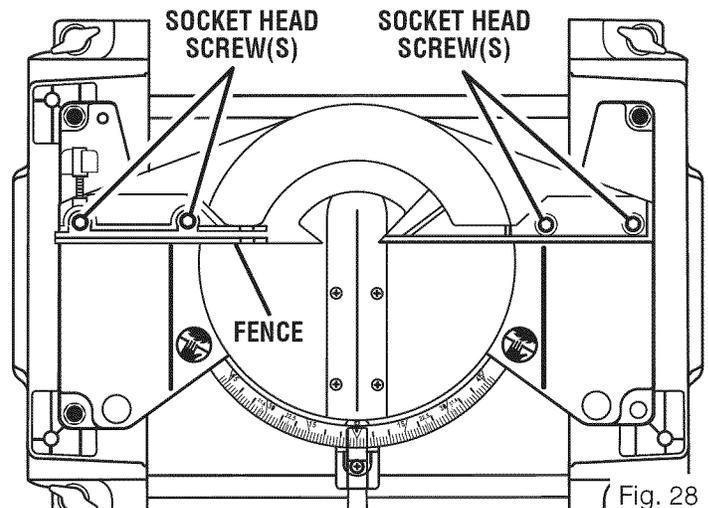


Fig. 28

ASSEMBLY

SQUARING THE SAW BLADE TO THE FENCE

See Figures 29 - 32.

- Unplug the saw.
- Pull the saw arm all the way down and engage the lock pin to hold the saw arm in transport position.
- Loosen the miter lock handle.
- Rotate the miter table until the pointer is positioned at 0°.
- Retighten the miter lock handle.
- Lay a framing square flat on the miter table. Place one leg of the square against the fence. Slide the other leg of the square against the flat part of blade.

NOTE: Make sure that the square contacts the flat part of the blade, not the blade teeth.

- The edge of the square and the blade should be parallel as shown in figure 29.
- If the front or back edge of the blade angles away from the square as shown in figures 30 and 31, adjustments are needed.
- Using a 8 mm wrench, loosen the hex screws that secure the mounting bracket to the miter table.
- Rotate the mounting bracket left or right until the blade is parallel with the square.
- Retighten the screws securely and recheck the blade-to-fence alignment.

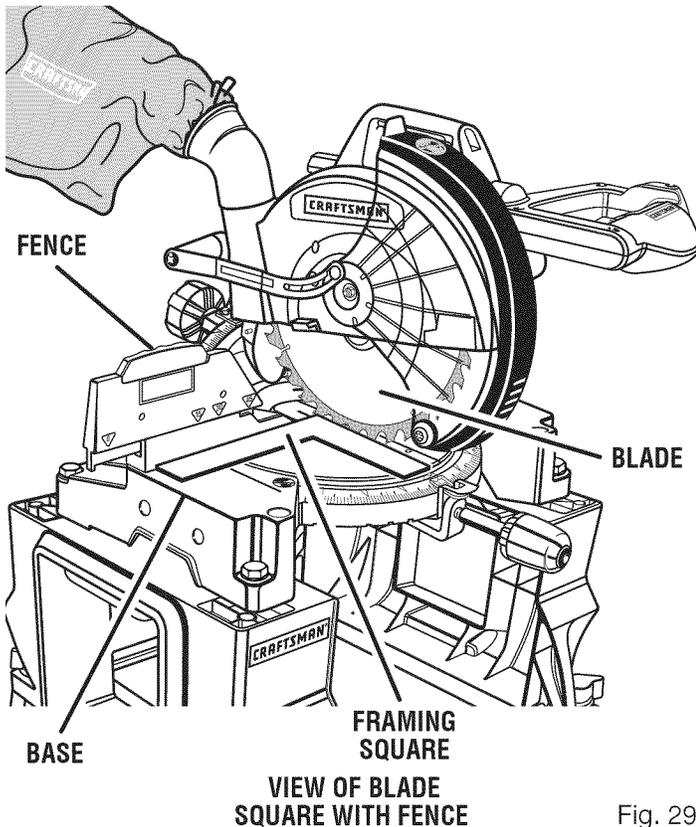


Fig. 29

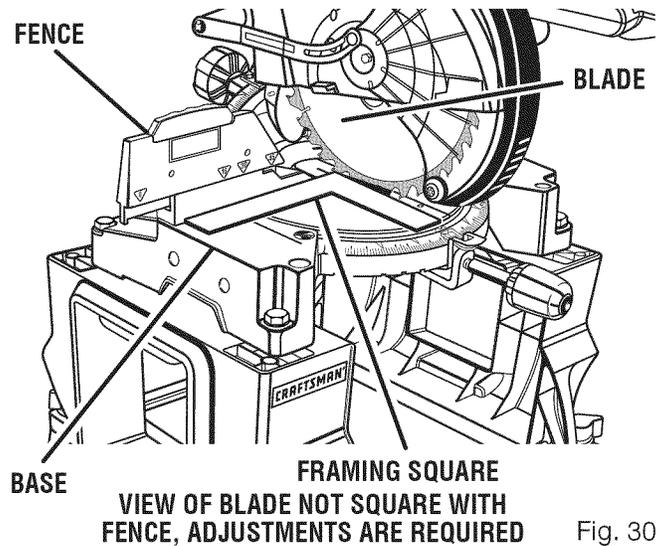


Fig. 30

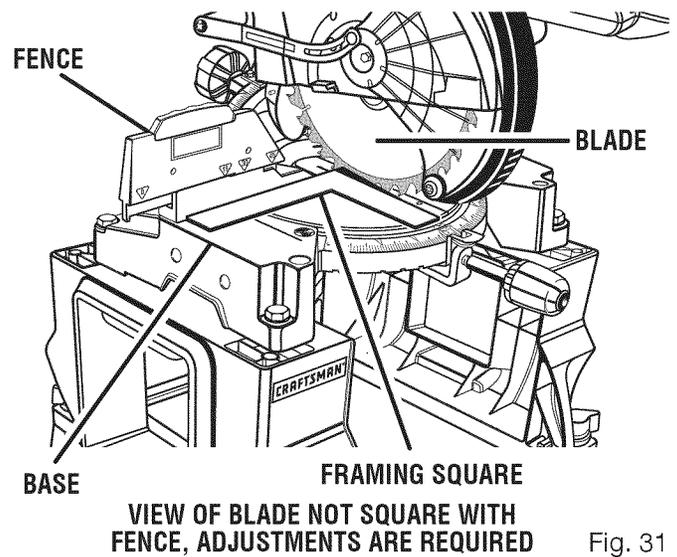


Fig. 31

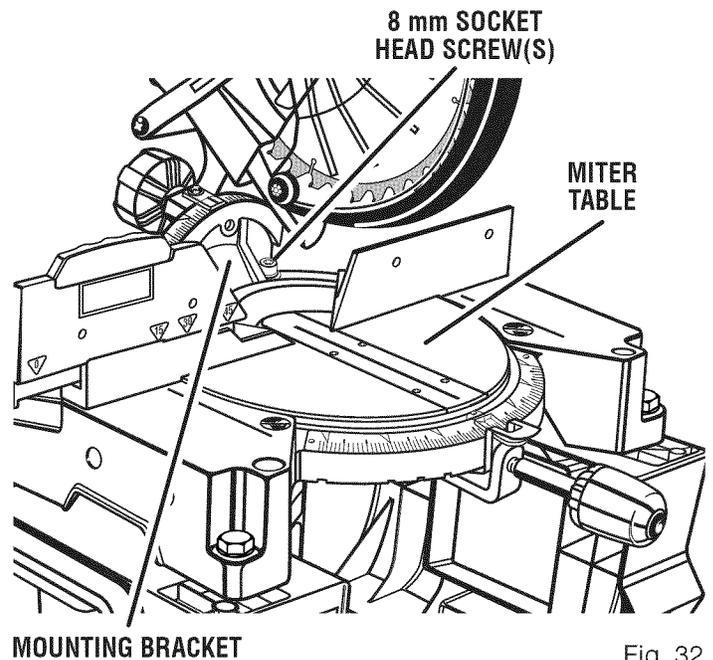


Fig. 32

ASSEMBLY

SQUARING THE BLADE TO THE MITER TABLE

See Figures 33 - 35.

- Unplug the saw.
- Pull the saw arm all the way down and engage the lock pin to hold the saw arm in transport position.
- Loosen the miter lock handles.
- Rotate the miter table until the pointer is positioned at 0°.
- Securely tighten the miter lock handles.
- Loosen bevel lock knob and set saw arm at 0° bevel (blade set 90° to miter table). Tighten bevel lock knob.
- Place a combination square against the miter table and the flat part of saw blade.

NOTE: Make sure that the square contacts the flat part of the saw blade, not the blade teeth.

- Rotate the blade by hand and check the blade-to-table alignment at several points.
- The edge of the square and the blade should be parallel.
- If the top or bottom of the blade angles away from the square as shown in figures 34 and 36, adjustments are needed.
- Using a 10 mm wrench or adjustable wrench, loosen the lock nut securing positive stop adjustment screw. Also loosen bevel lock knob.
- Adjust positive stop adjustment screw to bring blade into alignment with the square.
- Retighten bevel lock knob. Next, retighten lock nut securing the positive stop adjustment screw. Recheck blade-to-table alignment.

NOTE: The above procedure can be used to check squareness of the blade to the miter table at both 0° and 45° angles.

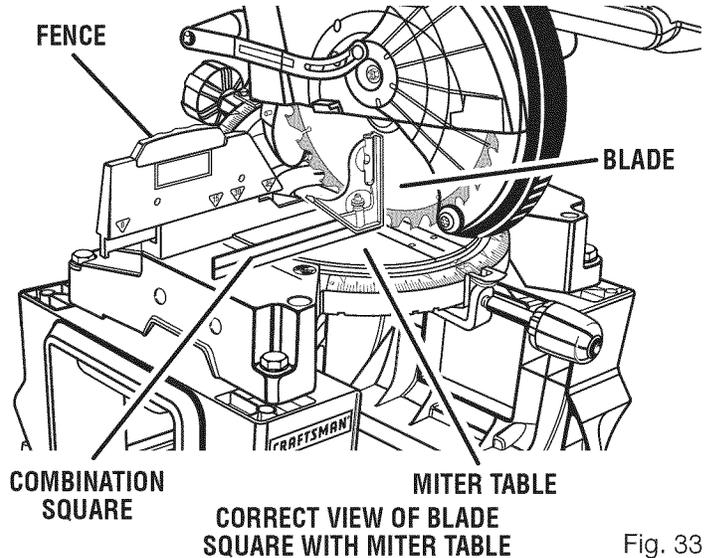


Fig. 33

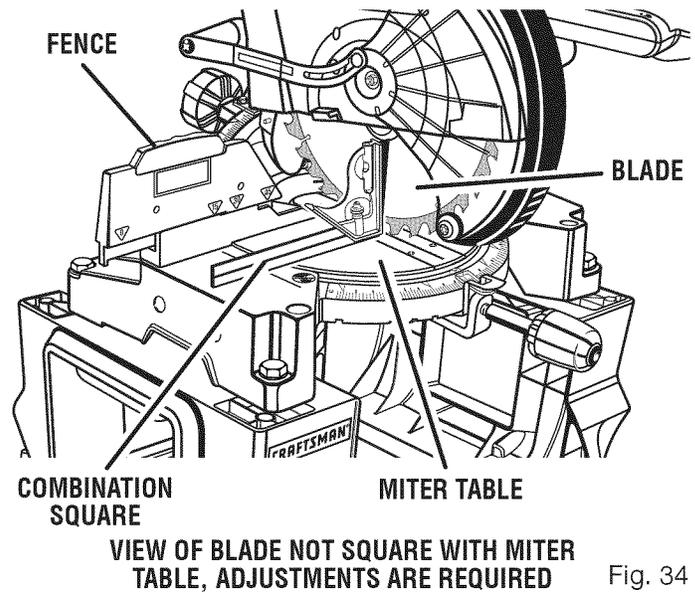


Fig. 34

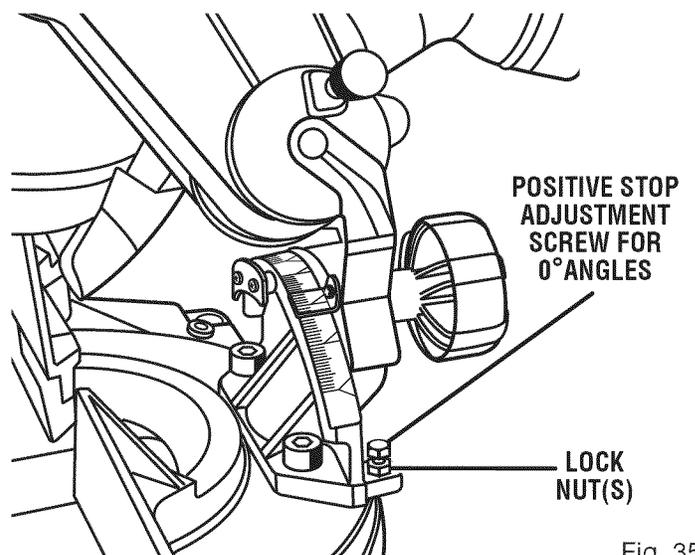


Fig. 35

ASSEMBLY

This saw has two scale indicators, one on the bevel scale and one on the miter scale. After squaring adjustments have been made, it may be necessary to loosen the indicator screws and reset them to zero.

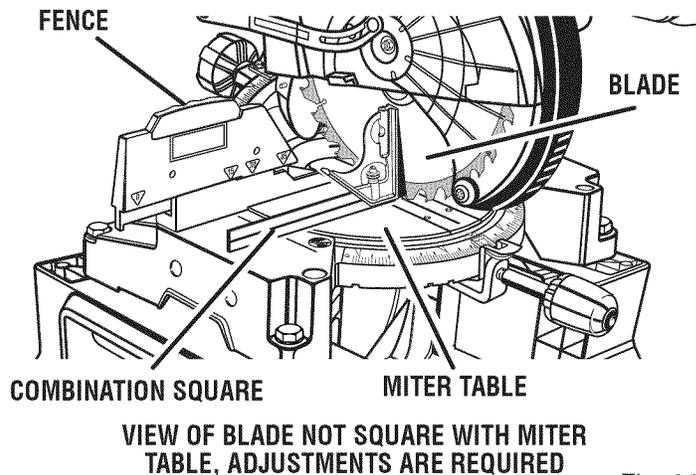


Fig. 36

OPERATION

WARNING: Do not allow familiarity with products to make you careless. Remember that a careless fraction of a second is sufficient to inflict serious injury.

WARNING: Always wear safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields when operating power tools. Failure to do so could result in objects being thrown into your eyes resulting in possible serious injury.

WARNING: Do not use any attachments or accessories not recommended by the manufacturer of this tool. The use of attachments or accessories not recommended can result in serious personal injury.

APPLICATIONS

You may use this product for the purposes listed below:

- Cross cutting wood and plastic
- Cross cutting miters, joints, etc. for picture frames moldings, door casings, and fine joinery
- Bevel cutting and compound cutting

NOTE: The blade provided is fine for most wood cutting operations, but for fine joinery cuts or cutting plastic, use one of the accessory blades available from your nearest Sears retail store.

WARNING: Before starting any cutting operation, clamp or bolt the compound miter saw to a workbench. Never operate the miter saw on the floor or in a crouched position. Failure to heed this warning can result in serious personal injury.

CUTTING WITH THE COMPOUND MITER SAW

WARNING: When using a work clamp or C-clamp to secure the workpiece, clamp workpiece on one side of the blade only. The workpiece must remain free on one side of the blade to prevent the blade from binding in workpiece. The workpiece binding the blade will cause motor stalling and kickback. This situation could cause an accident resulting in possible serious personal injury.

CROSSCUTTING

See Figure 37.

A crosscut is made by cutting across the grain of the workpiece. A straight crosscut is made with the miter table set at the 0° position. Miter crosscuts are made with the miter table set at some angle other than zero.

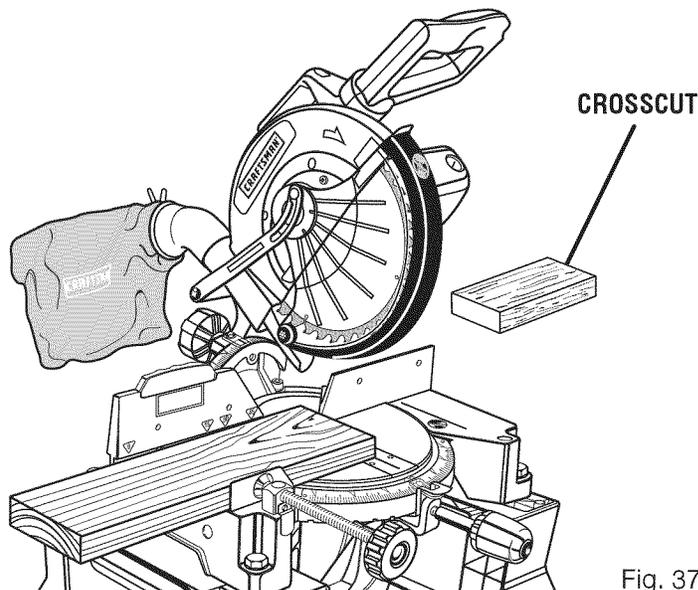


Fig. 37

OPERATION

TO MITER CUT

- Pull out the lock pin and lift saw arm to its full height.
- Loosen the miter lock handles.
- Rotate the saw table until the pointer aligns with the desired angle on the miter scale.
- Retighten the miter lock handles securely.

⚠ WARNING: To avoid serious personal injury, always tighten the miter lock handle securely before making a cut. Failure to do so could result in movement of the control arm or miter table while making a cut.

- Place the workpiece flat on the miter table with one edge securely against the fence. If the board is warped, place the convex side against the fence. If the concave edge of a board is placed against the fence, the board could collapse on the blade at the end of the cut, jamming the blade.
- When cutting long pieces of lumber or molding, support the opposite end of the stock with a roller stand or with a work surface level with the saw table. *See Figure 42.*
- Align cutting line on the workpiece with the edge of blade.
- Grasp the stock firmly with one hand and secure it against the fence or use the optional work clamp or a C-clamp to secure the workpiece.

⚠ WARNING: To avoid serious personal injury, keep hands outside the no hands zone; at least 3 in. from blade. Never perform any cutting operation freehand (without holding workpiece against the fence). The blade could grab the workpiece if it slips or twists.

- Before turning on the saw, perform a dry run of the cutting operation just to make sure that no problems will occur when the cut is made.
- Grasp the saw handle firmly then squeeze the switch trigger. Allow several seconds for the blade to reach maximum speed.
- Slowly lower the blade into and through the workpiece.
- Release the switch trigger and allow the blade to stop rotating before raising the blade out of workpiece. Wait until the electric brake stops blade from turning before removing the workpiece from the miter table.

TO BEVEL CUT

See Figures 38 - 40.

A bevel cut is made by cutting across the grain of the workpiece with the blade angled to the workpiece. A straight bevel cut is made with the miter table set at the zero degree position and the blade set at an angle between 0° and 45°.

- Pull out the lock pin and lift saw arm to its full height.
- Loosen the miter lock handles.

- Rotate the saw table until the pointer aligns with zero on the miter scale.
- Retighten the miter lock handles securely.

⚠ WARNING: To avoid serious personal injury, always tighten the miter lock handle securely before making a cut. Failure to do so could result in movement of the control arm or miter table while making a cut.

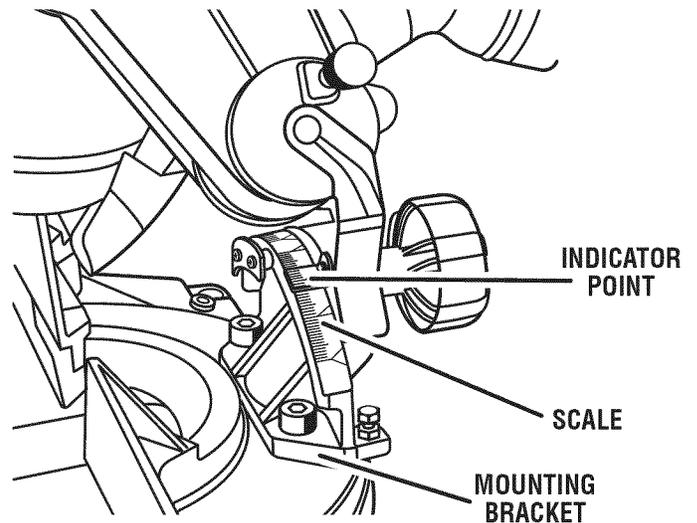


Fig. 38

- Loosen the bevel lock knob and move the saw arm to the left to the desired bevel angle.
- Bevel angles can be set from 0° to 45°.
- Align the indicator point for the desired angle.
- Once the saw arm has been set at the desired angle, securely tighten the bevel lock knob.
- Place the workpiece flat on the miter table with one edge securely against the fence. If the board is warped, place the convex side against the fence. If the concave edge of a board is placed against the fence, the board could collapse on the blade at the end of the cut, jamming the blade.
- When cutting long pieces of lumber or molding, support the opposite end of the stock with a roller stand or with a work surface level with the saw table.
- Align the cutting line on the workpiece with the edge of saw blade.
- Grasp the stock firmly with one hand and secure it against the fence or use the optional work clamp or a C-clamp to secure the workpiece.

⚠ WARNING: To avoid serious personal injury, keep hands away from cutting area. Never perform any cutting operation freehand (without holding workpiece against the fence). The blade could grab the workpiece if it slips or twists.

- Before turning on the saw, perform a dry run of the cutting operation just to make sure that no problems will occur when the cut is made.

OPERATION

- Grasp the saw handle firmly then squeeze the switch trigger. Allow several seconds for the blade to reach maximum speed.
- Slowly lower the blade into and through the workpiece.
- Release the switch trigger and allow the saw blade to stop rotating before raising the blade out of workpiece. Wait until the electric brake stops blade from turning before removing the workpiece from miter table.

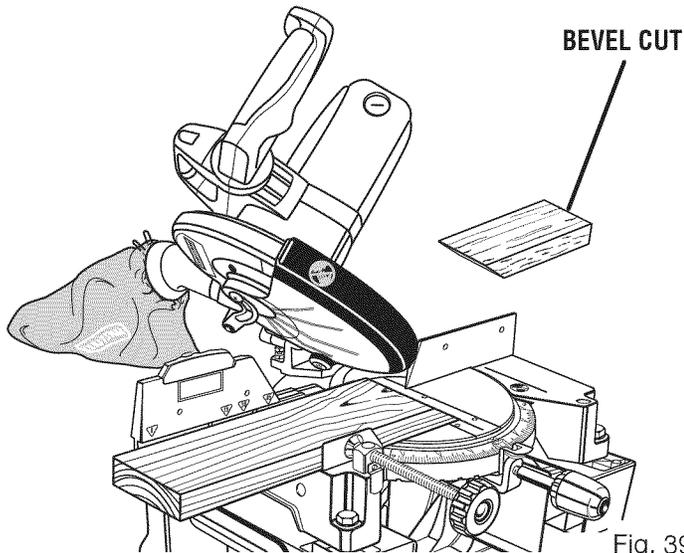


Fig. 39

TO COMPOUND MITER CUT

A compound miter cut is a cut made using a miter angle and a bevel angle at the same time. This type of cut is used to make picture frames, cut molding, make boxes with sloping sides, and for certain roof framing cuts.

To make this type of cut the control arm on the miter table must be rotated to the correct angle and the saw arm must be tilted to the correct bevel angle. Care should always be taken when making compound miter setups due to the interaction of the two angle settings.

Adjustments of miter and bevel settings are interdependent with one another. Each time you adjust the miter setting you change the effect of the bevel setting. Also, each time you adjust the bevel setting you change the effect of the miter setting.

It may take several settings to obtain the desired cut. The first angle setting should be checked after setting the second angle, since adjusting the second angle affects the first.

Once the two correct settings for a particular cut have been obtained, always make a test cut in scrap material before making a finish cut in good material.

TO MAKE A COMPOUND CUT

- Pull out the lock pin and lift saw arm to its full height.
- Loosen the miter lock handles.
- Rotate the saw table until the pointer aligns with the desired angle on the miter scale.
- Retighten the miter lock handles securely.

⚠ WARNING: To avoid serious personal injury, always tighten the miter lock handle securely before making a cut. Failure to do so could result in movement of the control arm or miter table while making a cut.

- Loosen the bevel lock knob and move the saw arm to the left to the desired bevel angle.
- Bevel angles can be set from 0° to 45°.
- Once the saw arm has been set at the desired angle, securely tighten the bevel lock knob.
- Recheck miter angle setting. Make a test cut in scrap material.
- Place the workpiece flat on the miter table with one edge securely against the fence. If the board is warped, place the convex side against the fence. If the concave edge of a board could collapse on the blade at the end of the cut, jamming the blade.
- When cutting long pieces of lumber or molding, support the opposite end of the stock with a roller stand or with a work surface level with the saw table.
- Align the cutting line on the workpiece with the edge of saw blade.
- Grasp the stock firmly with one hand and secure it against the fence or use the optional work clamp or a C-clamp to secure the workpiece when possible.

NOTE: When making a 45° left miter and a bevel angle greater than 30°, you must use a C-clamp to secure the workpiece or move clamp to the right side of the base.

⚠ WARNING: To avoid serious personal injury, always keep hands away from cutting area. Never perform any cutting operation freehand (without holding workpiece against the fence). The blade could grab the workpiece if it slips or twists.

- Before turning on the saw, perform a dry run of the cutting operation just to make sure that no problems will occur when the cut is made.

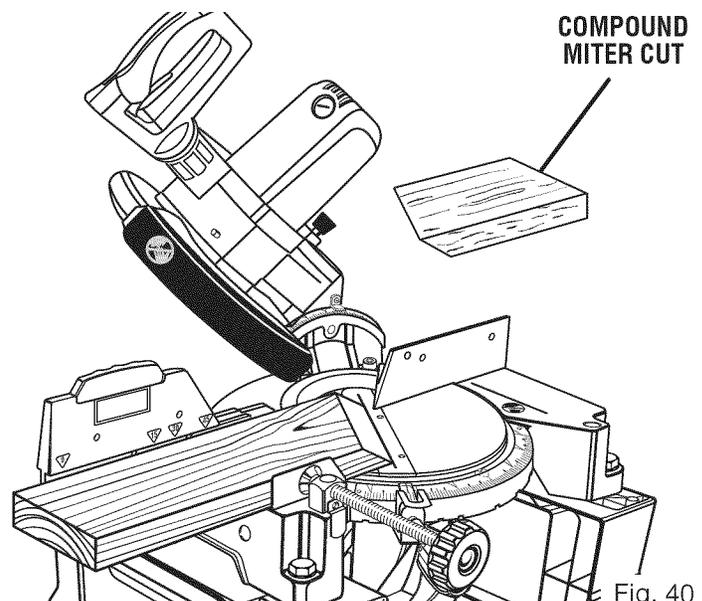


Fig. 40

OPERATION

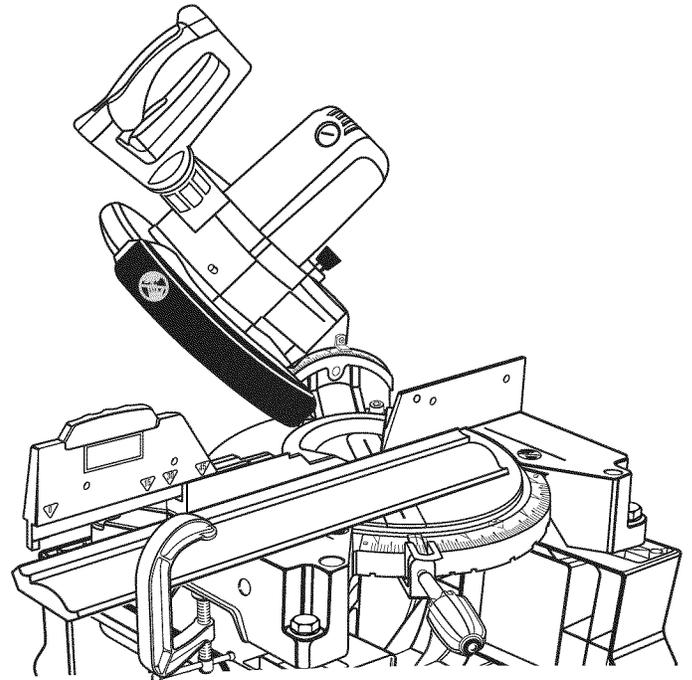
- Grasp the saw handle firmly then squeeze the switch trigger. Allow several seconds for the blade to reach maximum speed.
- Slowly lower the blade into and through the workpiece.
- Release the switch trigger and allow the blade to stop rotating before raising the blade out of workpiece. Wait until the electric brake stops blade from turning before removing the workpiece from miter table.

SUPPORT LONG WORKPIECES

See Figure 42.

Long workpieces need extra supports. Supports should be placed along the workpiece so it does not sag. The support should let the workpiece lay flat on the base of the saw and work table during the cutting operation. Use the optional work clamp or a C-clamp to secure the workpiece.

⚠ WARNING: To avoid serious personal injury, always keep hands outside the no hands zone; at least 3 in. from blade. Never perform any cutting operation freehand (without holding workpiece against the fence). The blade could grab the workpiece if it slips or twists.



45° X 45° COMPOUND MITER CUT

Fig. 41

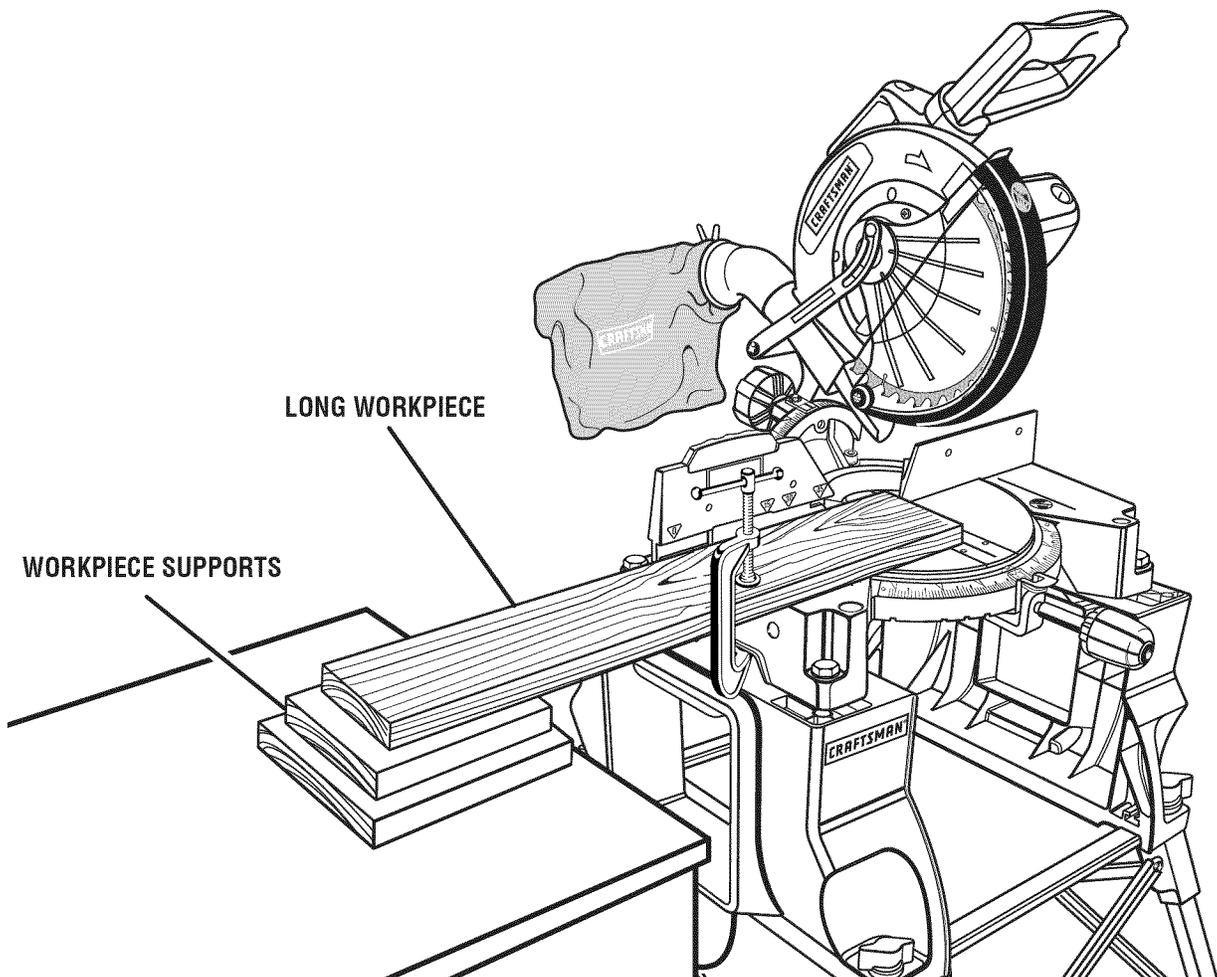


Fig. 42

OPERATION

CUTTING COMPOUND MITERS

To aid in making the correct settings, the compound angle setting chart below has been provided. Since compound cuts are the most difficult to accurately obtain, trial cuts should be made in scrap material, and much thought and planning made, prior to making your required cut.

PITCH OF SIDE	NUMBER OF SIDES						
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0°	M- 45.00° B- 0.00°	M- 36.00° B- 0.00°	M- 30.00° B- 0.00°	M- 25.71° B- 0.00°	M- 22.50° B- 0.00°	M- 20.00° B- 0.00°	M- 18.00° B- 0.00°
5°	M- 44.89° B- 3.53°	M- 35.90° B- 2.94°	M- 29.91° B- 2.50°	M- 25.63° B- 2.17°	M- 22.42° B- 1.91°	M- 19.93° B- 1.71°	M- 17.94° B- 1.54°
10°	M- 44.56° B- 7.05°	M- 35.58° B- 5.86°	M- 29.62° B- 4.98°	M- 25.37° B- 4.32°	M- 22.19° B- 3.81°	M- 19.72° B- 3.40°	M- 17.74° B- 3.08°
15°	M- 44.01° B- 10.55°	M- 35.06° B- 8.75°	M- 29.15° B- 7.44°	M- 24.95° B- 6.45°	M- 21.81° B- 5.68°	M- 19.37° B- 5.08°	M- 17.42° B- 4.59°
20°	M- 43.22° B- 14.00°	M- 34.32° B- 11.60°	M- 28.48° B- 9.85°	M- 24.35° B- 8.53°	M- 21.27° B- 7.52°	M- 18.88° B- 6.72°	M- 16.98° B- 6.07°
25°	M- 42.19° B- 17.39°	M- 33.36° B- 14.38°	M- 27.62° B- 12.20°	M- 23.56° B- 10.57°	M- 20.58° B- 9.31°	M- 18.26° B- 8.31°	M- 16.41° B- 7.50°
30°	M- 40.89° B- 20.70°	M- 32.18° B- 17.09°	M- 26.57° B- 14.48°	M- 22.64° B- 12.53°	M- 19.73° B- 11.03°	M- 17.50° B- 9.85°	M- 15.72° B- 8.89°
35°	M- 39.32° B- 23.93°	M- 30.76° B- 19.70°	M- 25.31° B- 16.67°	M- 21.53° B- 14.41°	M- 18.74° B- 12.68°	M- 16.60° B- 11.31°	M- 14.90° B- 10.21°
40°	M- 37.45° B- 27.03°	M- 29.10° B- 22.20°	M- 23.86° B- 18.75°	M- 20.25° B- 16.19°	M- 17.60° B- 14.24°	M- 15.58° B- 12.70°	M- 13.98° B- 11.46°
45°	M- 35.26° B- 30.00°	M- 27.19° B- 24.56°	M- 22.21° B- 20.70°	M- 18.80° B- 17.87°	M- 16.32° B- 15.70°	M- 14.43° B- 14.00°	M- 12.94° B- 12.62°
50°	M- 32.73° B- 32.80°	M- 25.03° B- 26.76°	M- 20.36° B- 22.52°	M- 17.20° B- 19.41°	M- 14.91° B- 17.05°	M- 13.17° B- 15.19°	M- 11.80° B- 13.69°
55°	M- 29.84° B- 35.40°	M- 22.62° B- 28.78°	M- 18.32° B- 24.18°	M- 15.44° B- 20.82°	M- 13.36° B- 18.27°	M- 11.79° B- 16.27°	M- 10.56° B- 14.66°
60°	M- 26.57° B- 37.76°	M- 19.96° B- 30.60°	M- 16.10° B- 25.66°	M- 13.54° B- 22.07°	M- 11.70° B- 19.35°	M- 10.31° B- 17.23°	M- 9.23° B- 15.52°
65°	M- 22.91° B- 39.86°	M- 17.07° B- 32.19°	M- 13.71° B- 26.95°	M- 11.50° B- 23.16°	M- 9.93° B- 20.29°	M- 8.74° B- 18.06°	M- 7.82° B- 16.26°
70°	M- 18.88° B- 41.64°	M- 13.95° B- 33.53°	M- 11.17° B- 28.02°	M- 9.35° B- 24.06°	M- 8.06° B- 21.08°	M- 7.10° B- 18.75°	M- 6.34° B- 16.88°
75°	M- 14.51° B- 43.08°	M- 10.65° B- 34.59°	M- 8.50° B- 28.88°	M- 7.10° B- 24.78°	M- 6.12° B- 21.69°	M- 5.38° B- 19.29°	M- 4.81° B- 17.37°
80°	M- 9.85° B- 44.14°	M- 7.19° B- 35.37°	M- 5.73° B- 29.50°	M- 4.78° B- 25.30°	M- 4.11° B- 22.14°	M- 3.62° B- 19.68°	M- 3.23° B- 17.72°
85°	M- 4.98° B- 44.78°	M- 3.62° B- 35.84°	M- 2.88° B- 29.87°	M- 2.40° B- 25.61°	M- 2.07° B- 22.41°	M- 1.82° B- 19.92°	M- 1.62° B- 17.93°
90°	M- 0.00° B- 45.00°	M- 0.00° B- 36.00°	M- 0.00° B- 30.00°	M- 0.00° B- 25.71°	M- 0.00° B- 22.50°	M- 0.00° B- 20.00°	M- 0.00° B- 18.00°

Each B (Bevel) and M (Miter) Setting is Given to the Closest 0.005°.

COMPOUND-ANGLE SETTINGS FOR POPULAR STRUCTURES

OPERATION

CUTTING CROWN MOLDING

The compound miter saw does an excellent job of cutting crown molding. In general, compound miter saws do a better job of cutting crown molding than any other tool made.

In order to fit properly, crown molding must be compound mitered with extreme accuracy.

The two contact surfaces on a piece of crown molding that fit flat against the ceiling and the wall of a room are at angles that, when added together, equal exactly 90° . Most crown molding has a top rear angle (the section that fits flat against the ceiling) of 52° and a bottom rear angle (the section that fits flat against the wall) of 38° .

LAYING MOLDING FLAT ON THE MITER TABLE

See Figure 43.

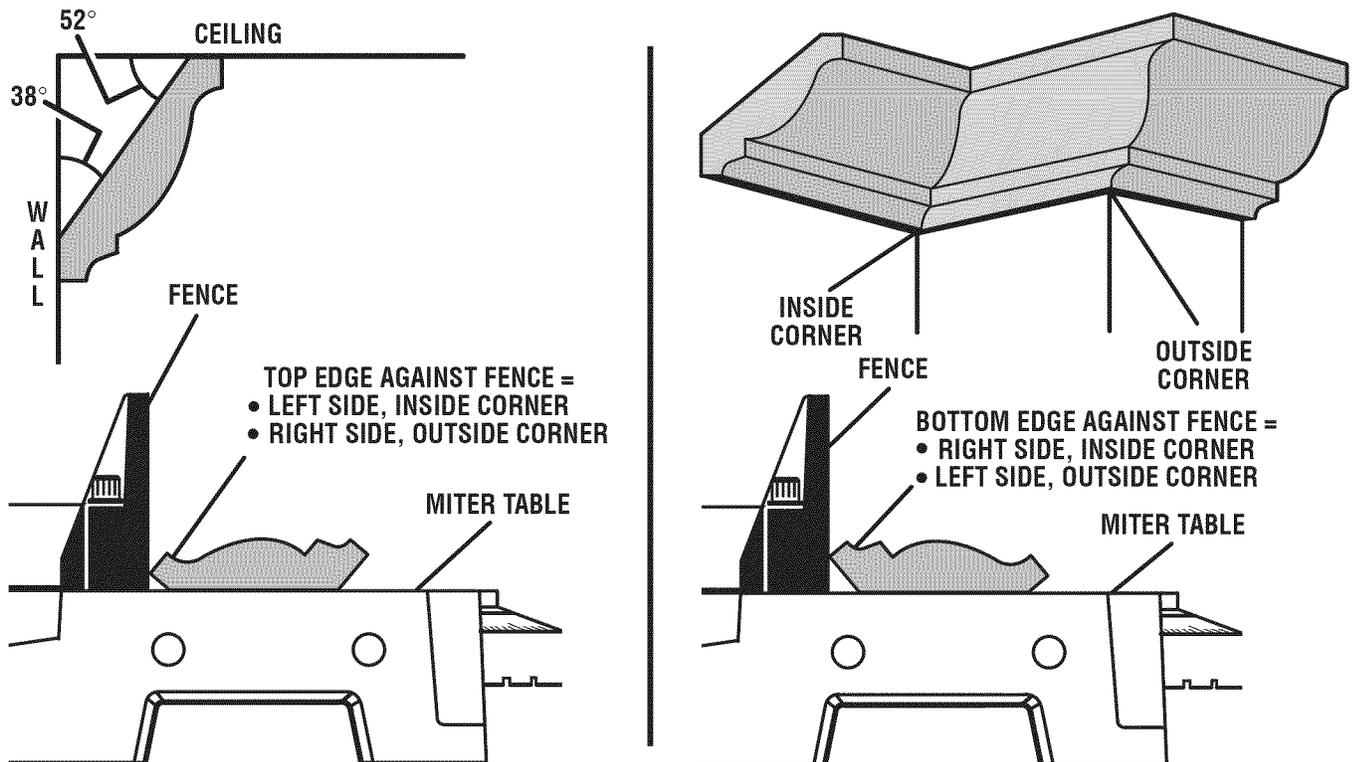
To use this method for accurately cutting crown molding for a 90° inside or outside corner, lay the molding with its broad back surface flat on the miter table and against the fence.

When setting the bevel and miter angles for compound miters, remember that the settings are interdependent; changing one angle changes the other angle as well.

Keep in mind that the angles for crown moldings are very precise and difficult to set. Since it is very easy for these angles to shift, all settings should first be tested on scrap molding. Also most walls do not have angles of exactly 90° , therefore, you will need to fine tune your settings.

When cutting crown molding by this method the bevel angle should be set at 33.85° . The miter angle should be set at 31.62° either right or left, depending on the desired cut for the application. See the chart below for correct angle settings and correct positioning of crown molding on miter table.

The settings in the chart below can be used for cutting All Standard (U.S.) crown molding with 52° and 38° angles. The crown molding is placed flat on the miter table using the compound features of your miter saw.

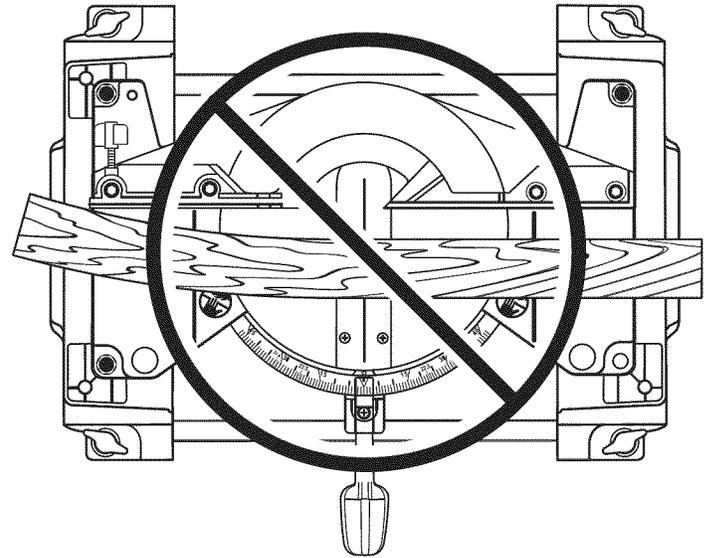


CROWN MOLDING FLAT ON MITER TABLE

Fig. 43

OPERATION

Bevel Angle Setting	Type of Cut
33.85°	Left side, inside corner 1. Top edge of molding against fence 2. Miter table set right 31.62° 3. Save left end of cut
33.85°	Right side, inside corner 1. Bottom edge of molding against fence 2. Miter table set left 31.62° 3. Save left end of cut
33.85°	Left side, outside corner 1. Bottom edge of molding against fence 2. Miter table set left 31.62° 3. Save right end of cut
33.85°	Right side, outside corner 1. Top edge of molding against fence 2. Miter table set right 31.62° 3. Save right end of cut



WRONG

Fig. 45

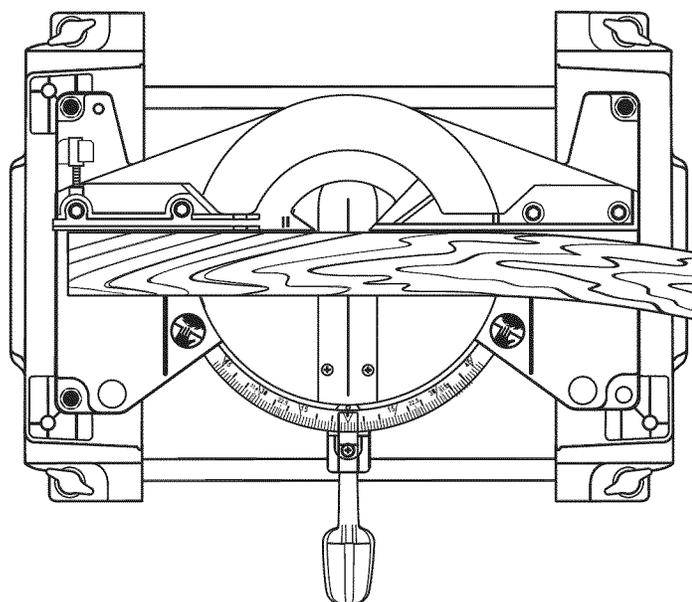
WARNING: To avoid a kickback and to avoid serious personal injury, never position the concave edge of bowed or warped material against the fence.

CUTTING WARPED MATERIAL

See Figures 44 - 45.

When cutting warped material, always make sure it is positioned on the miter table with the convex side against the fence as shown in figure 43.

If the warped material is positioned the wrong way as shown in figure 44, it will pinch the blade near the completion of the cut.



RIGHT

Fig. 44

CLAMPING WIDE WORKPIECES

See Figure 46.

When cutting wide workpieces such as a 2 in. x 6 in., boards should be clamped with a C-clamp as shown in figure 46.

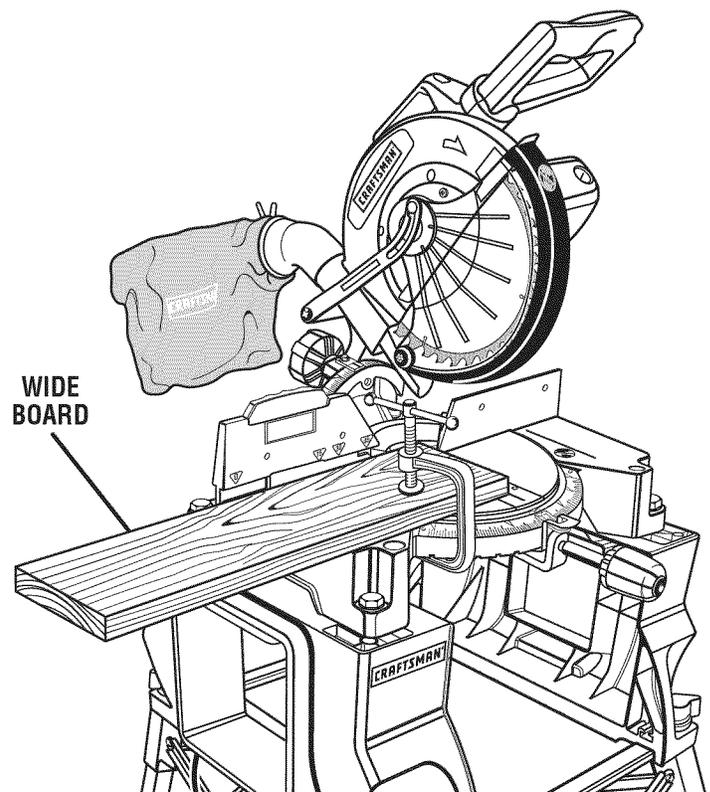


Fig. 46

ADJUSTMENTS

WARNING: Before performing any adjustment, make sure the product is unplugged from the power supply and the switch is in the OFF (O) position. Failure to heed this warning could result in serious personal injury.

The compound miter saw has been adjusted at the factory for making very accurate cuts. However, some of the components might have moved out of alignment during shipping. Also, over a period of time, readjustment will probably become necessary due to wear. After unpacking the saw, check the following adjustments before you begin using saw. Make any readjustments that are necessary and periodically check the parts alignment to make sure that the saw is cutting accurately.

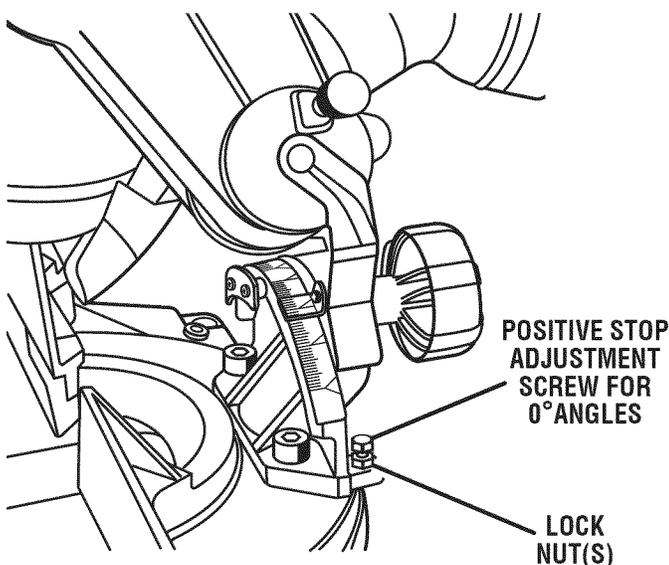


Fig. 47

PIVOT ADJUSTMENTS

NOTE: These adjustments were made at the factory and normally do not require readjustment.

TRAVEL PIVOT ADJUSTMENT

- The saw arm should rise completely to the up position by itself.
- If the saw arm does not raise by itself or if there is play in the pivot joints, have saw repaired by a qualified service technician at your nearest Sears Service Center to avoid risk of personal injury.

BEVEL PIVOT ADJUSTMENT

- The compound miter saw should bevel easily by loosening the bevel lock knob and tilting the saw arm to the left.
- If movement is tight or if there is play in the pivot, have saw repaired by a qualified service technician at your nearest Sears Service Center to avoid risk of personal injury.

DEPTH STOP

See Figure 48.

The depth stop limits the blade's downward travel. It allows the blade to go below the miter table enough to maintain full cutting capacities. The depth stop positions the blade 1/4 in. from the miter table support.

NOTE: The miter table support is located inside the miter table.

The depth stop is factory set to provide maximum cutting capacity for the 10 in. saw blade provided with the saw. Therefore, the saw with blade provided should never need adjustments.

However, when the diameter of the blade has been reduced due to sharpening, it may be necessary to adjust the depth stop to provide maximum cutting capacity. Also, when a new blade is installed, it is necessary to check the clearance of the blade to the miter table support before starting the saw. Make adjustments if needed.

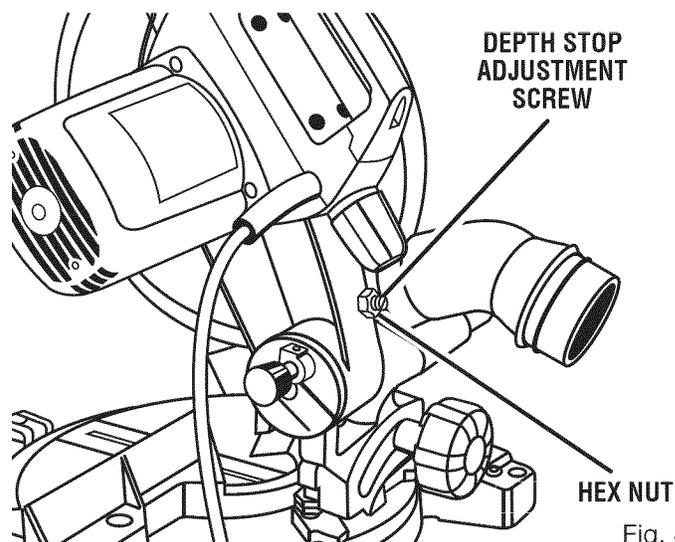


Fig. 48

CAUTION: Do not start the compound miter saw without checking for interference between the blade and the throat plate. Damage could result to the blade if it strikes the throat plate during operation of the saw.

DEPTH STOP ADJUSTMENTS

See Figure 48.

- Unplug the saw.
- To adjust the depth stop use a 10 mm wrench or adjustable wrench and loosen the hex nut at the rear of the miter saw arm.
- Use a 5 mm hex key wrench to adjust the depth stop adjustment screw. The saw blade is lowered by turning the screw counterclockwise and raised by turning the screw clockwise.
- Lower the blade into the miter table. Check blade clearance and maximum cutting distance (distance from fence where blade enters) to front of miter table slot.

ADJUSTMENTS

- Readjust if necessary.
- Tighten the hex nut with a 10 mm wrench or adjustable wrench.
- To prevent the depth stop adjustment screw from turning while tightening the hex nut, carefully hold it with the hex key wrench while tightening the hex nut.

POSITIVE STOP ADJUSTMENTS

See Figure 49.

NOTE: These adjustments were made at the factory and normally do not require readjustment.

To adjust:

- Unplug the saw.
- Using two wrenches (one on the lock nut and one for the positive stop adjustment screw), loosen the lock nut securing the positive stop adjustment screw.
- Loosen the bevel lock knob by turning the knob counterclockwise.
- Square the blade to the miter table as described in the *Assembly* section of this manual.
- Retighten bevel lock knob. Next, retighten lock nut securing the positive stop adjustment screw. Recheck blade-to-table alignment.

NOTE: The above procedure can be used to check blade squareness of the saw blade to the miter table at both 0° and 45° angles.

The saw has three scale indicators, two on the bevel scale and one on the miter scale. After squaring adjustments have been made, it may be necessary to loosen the indicator screws and reset them to zero.

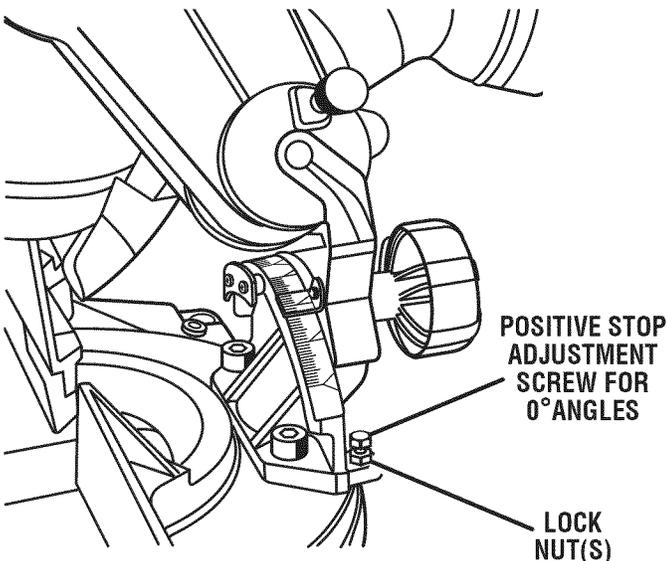


Fig. 49

TO ADJUST THE LASER GUIDE

See Figure 50.

NOTE: Avoid direct eye exposure when using the laser guide.

- Set both the bevel angle and the miter table at 0°.
- Use the work clamp or a C-clamp to secure a piece of scrap wood.
- Plug the saw into the power source and make a slight cut to score the wood.
- Release the switch trigger and allow the saw blade to stop rotating before raising the blade.
- Raise the saw arm and unplug the saw.
- Loosen the blade bolt cover screw on the blade bolt cover until the cover can be raised.
- Gently raise the lower blade guard bracket so that lower blade guard and blade bolt cover can be rotated up and back to expose the laser.
- Rotate the blade by hand until you can push and hold the laser button and the laser is near the center of the workpiece as shown in figure 50.
- To adjust the laser, turn the adjustment screw counterclockwise or clockwise using the hex key (1/16 in.) provided.

NOTE: When properly aligned, the laser should be on the left edge of the kerf.

- Once aligned, remove and store the hex key (1/16 in.).
- Replace the lower blade guard and blade bolt cover.
- Retighten the blade bolt cover screw securely to prevent guard movement.

NOTE: Always make practice cuts on scrap wood before cutting through your workpiece.

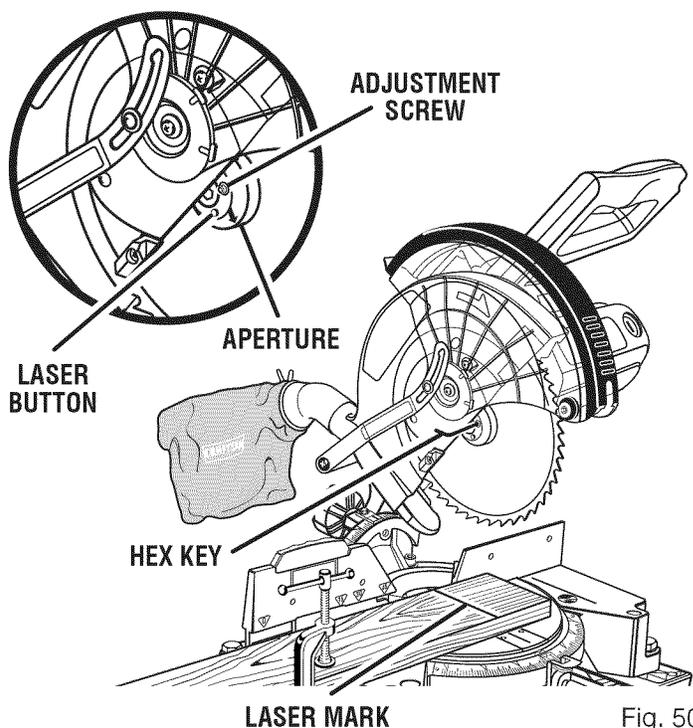


Fig. 50

MAINTENANCE

WARNING: When servicing, use only identical Craftsman replacement parts. Use of any other parts may create a hazard or cause product damage.

WARNING: Always wear safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields during power tool operation or when blowing dust. If operation is dusty, also wear a dust mask.

GENERAL MAINTENANCE

Avoid using solvents when cleaning plastic parts. Most plastics are susceptible to damage from various types of commercial solvents and may be damaged by their use. Use clean cloths to remove dirt, dust, oil, grease, etc.

WARNING: Do not at any time let brake fluids, gasoline, petroleum-based products, penetrating oils, etc., come in contact with plastic parts. Chemicals can damage, weaken or destroy plastic which may result in serious personal injury.

Electric tools used on fiberglass material, wallboard, spackling compounds, or plaster are subject to accelerated wear and possible premature failure because the fiberglass chips and grindings are highly abrasive to bearings, brushes, commutators, etc. Consequently, we do not recommend using this product for extended work on these types of materials. However, if you do work with any of these materials, it is extremely important to clean the product using compressed air.

LUBRICATION

All of the bearings in this product are lubricated with a sufficient amount of high grade lubricant for the life of the unit under normal operating conditions. Therefore, no further lubrication is required.

Only the parts shown on the parts list are intended to be repaired or replaced by the customer. All other parts should be replaced at a Sears Service Center.

WARNING: To ensure safety and reliability, all repairs — with the exception of the externally accessible brushes — should be performed by a qualified service technician at a Sears store to avoid risk of personal injury.

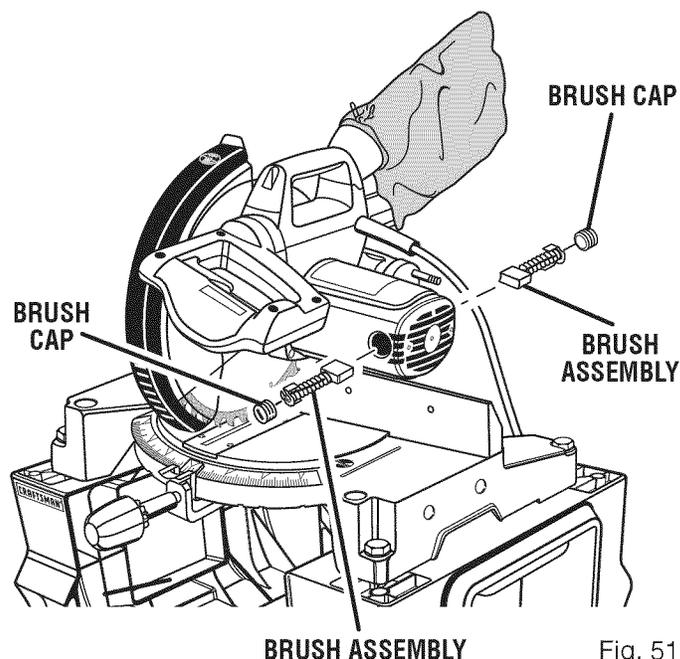


Fig. 51

BRUSH REPLACEMENT

See Figure 51.

Your saw has externally accessible brush assemblies that should be periodically checked for wear.

Proceed as follows when replacement is required:

- Unplug the saw.

WARNING: Failure to unplug the saw could result in accidental starting causing serious injury.

- Remove brush cap with a screwdriver. Brush assembly is spring loaded and will pop out when you remove brush cap.
- Remove brush assembly.
- Check for wear. Replace both brushes when either has less than 1/4 in. length of carbon remaining. **Do not** replace one side without replacing the other.
- Reassemble using new brush assemblies. Make sure curvature of brush matches curvature of motor and that brush moves freely in brush tube.
- Make sure brush cap is oriented correctly (straight) and replace.
- Tighten brush cap securely. **Do not** overtighten.

MAINTENANCE

CHANGING THE BATTERIES

See Figure 52.

- Unplug the saw.
- Rotate and hold lower blade guard up.
- Using the hex key (1/16 in.) provided, loosen the screw then separate the cover from the laser guide.
- Lower the blade guard.
- Remove the three button cell batteries.

NOTE: Replace the batteries with button cell batteries that have a rating of 1.5 volt and 100 mAh (milliampere hour) minimum (number 76 series or equivalent).

When replacing the batteries, the laser guide should be thoroughly cleaned. Use a soft paintbrush, or similar device, to remove all sawdust and debris.

- After cleaning the laser guide and replacing batteries, secure battery cover to laser guide using the screw. Tighten screw securely.

CAUTION: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

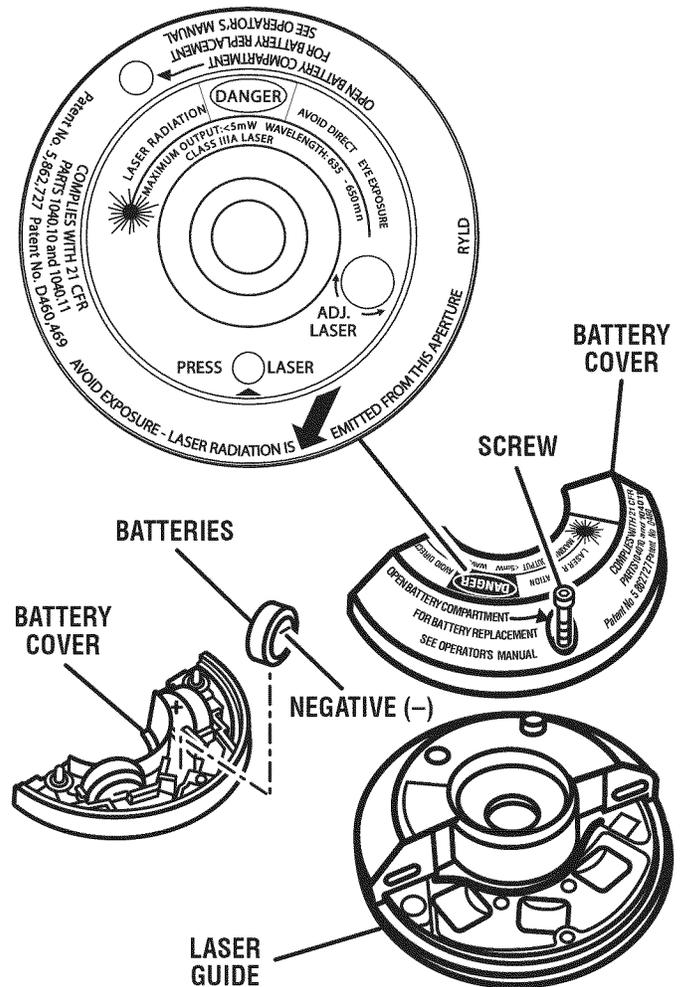


Fig. 52

CRAFTSMAN COMPOUND MITER SAW – MODEL NUMBER 315.212380

The model number will be found on a plate attached to the motor housing. Always mention the model number in all correspondence regarding your **Compound Miter Saw** or when ordering repair parts.

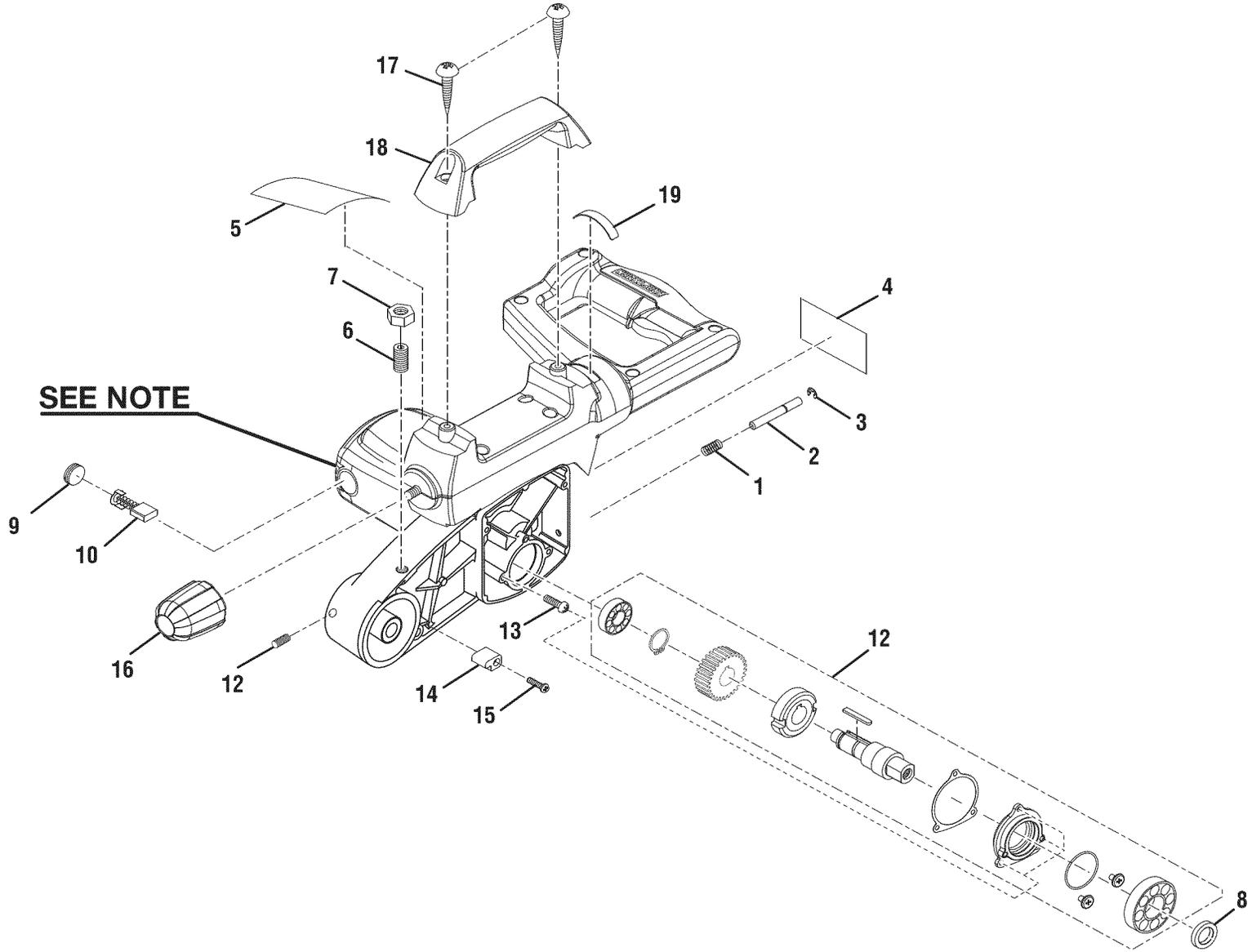
PARTS LIST - FIGURE A

KEY NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	KEY NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	513101100	Base.....	1	23	A36030612157	* Spring Washer (M6) **std852006	2
2	A35031025153	Flat Washer (M10) **STD851010	2	24	A07003060257	* Screw (M6 x 25 mm).....	2
3	A36131020100	* Spring Washer (M10) **STD852010.....	1	25	511112000	Slide Fence.....	1
4	A31703010008	Self-Locking Nut (M10).....	1	26	511103100	Fence Knob	1
5	518106300	Table Spindle	1	27	511114000	Fence.....	1
6	A19003040093	* Screw (M4 x 9 mm Pan Hd.).....	2	28	511113000	Slide Fence Label	1
7	511104000	Table Hold Down	1	29	A07003080253	* Screw (M8 x 25 mm).....	2
8	512106000	Table	1	30	A36030814204	* Spring Washer (m8) **std852008	4
9	A49010020056	Rivet.....	3	31	A07103080457	* Screw (M8 x 45 mm).....	2
10	511111000	Miter Scale.....	1	32	518A08130	Miter Clamp Assembly	1
11	558511100	Clamp Bracket.....	2	33	588072000	Warning Label, No-Hands	2
12	555516000	Wing Bolt	2	34	588071004	Label, Alarm Line.....	2
13	558507200	Stop Block.....	1	35	589027202	Throat Plate	1
14	558512100	Wing Bolt	1	36	A16003040083	* Screw (M4 x 8 mm).....	4
15	558510200	U-type Table Extension	2	37	S51100500	Base and Table Assembly (Inc. Key Nos. 1-10 and 43).....	1
16	518105400	Lock Plate.....	1	38	A07910810000	Hex Key (8 mm)	1
17	A10003040107	* Screw (M4 x 10 mm Pan Hd.).....	1	39	A07910610000	Hex Key (6 mm)	1
18	A35030410018	* Flat Washer (M4) **STD851004	1	40	089100300719	Laser Assembly	1
19	578105102	Miter Indicator	1	41	089100300723	Laser Guide	1
20	A35030511158	Flat Washer (M5) **STD851005	1	42	089100300730	Laser Bolt	1
21	511107000	Miter Knob.....	1	43	503118000	Key Storage.....	1
22	518104200	Control Arm	1	44	511115000	Hex Key (5 mm x 115 mm)	1

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FIGURE B



NOTE : The assembly shown represents an important part of the double insulated system. To avoid the possibility of alteration or damage to the system, service should be performed by your nearest Sears Repair Center. Contact your nearest Sears retail store for service center information.

CRAFTSMAN COMPOUND MITER SAW – MODEL NUMBER 315.212380

The model number will be found on a plate attached to the motor housing. Always mention the model number in all correspondence regarding your **Compound Miter Saw** or when ordering repair parts.

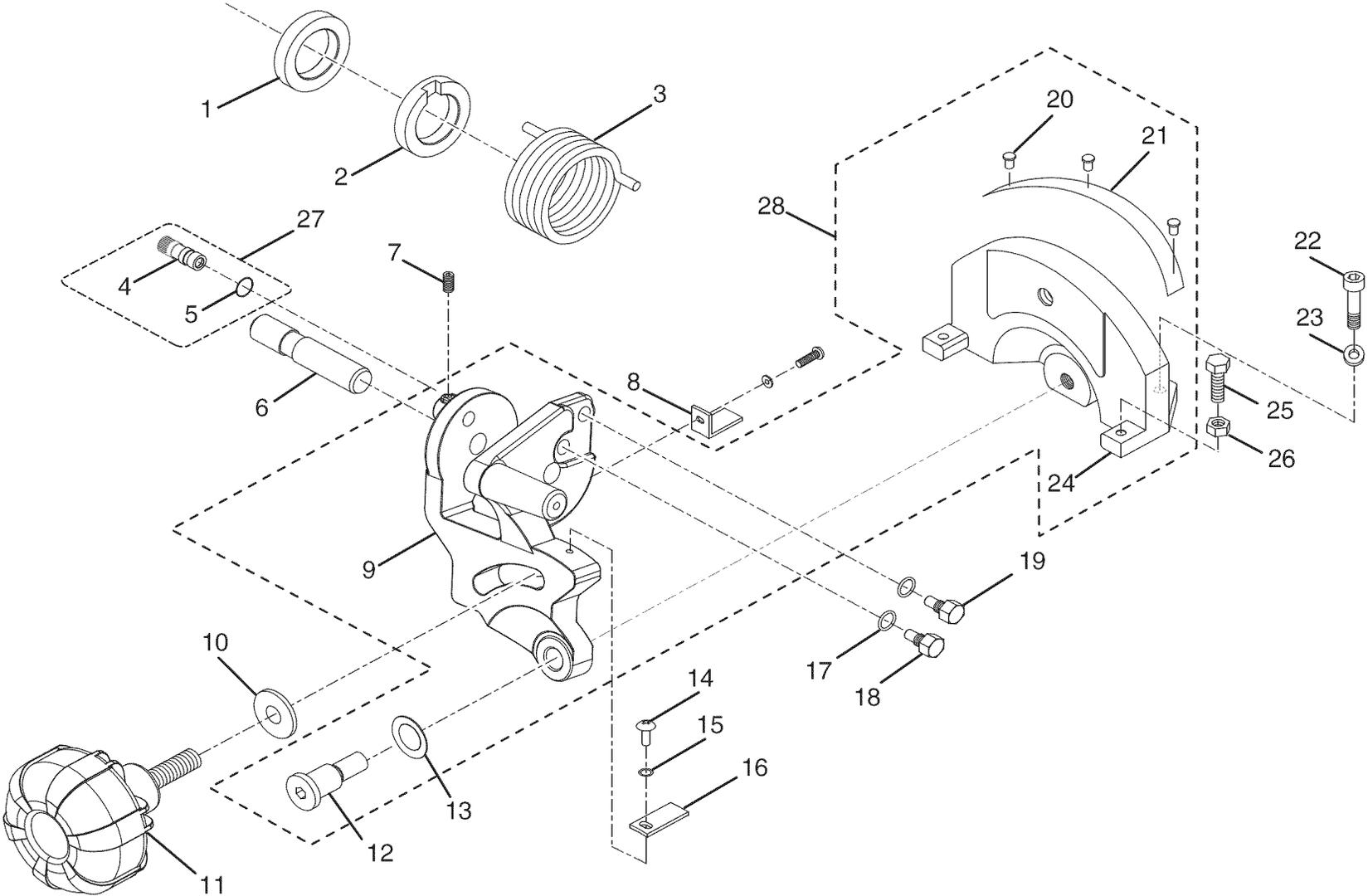
PARTS LIST - FIGURE B

Key No.	Part Number	Description	Qty.
1	588027005	Compression Spring.....	1
2	588026106	Arbor Lock Pin.....	1
3	A47000040006	E-ring (E4).....	1
4	089081003900	Data Plate (315.212380).....	1
5	511353000	Warning Label.....	1
6	A18003100206	* Depth Adjusting Bolt (M10 x 20 mm).....	1
7	A30003010007	* Hex Nut (M10) **STD841010.....	1
8	511414000	Spacer.....	1
9	588005105	Brush Cap.....	2
10	588006100	Brush Assembly.....	2
11	A18003050086	* Screw (M5 x 8 mm).....	1
12	S51100700	Arbor Assembly.....	1
13	A510001040120	* Screw (M4 x 12 mm).....	3
14	588021203	Rubber Stopper.....	1
15	A10003040207	* Screw (M4 x 20 mm).....	1
16	511340000	Twist Handle Knob.....	1
17	A70003060250	* Screw (M6 x 25 mm Pan Hd.).....	2
18	511311000	Carry Handle.....	1
19	511352000	Label, Twist Handle Warning.....	1

* Standard Hardware Item – May Be Purchased Locally

** Available from Div 98 – Source 980.0

FIGURE C



CRAFTSMAN COMPOUND MITER SAW – MODEL NUMBER 315.212380

The model number will be found on a plate attached to the motor housing. Always mention the model number in all correspondence regarding your **Compound Miter Saw** or when ordering repair parts.

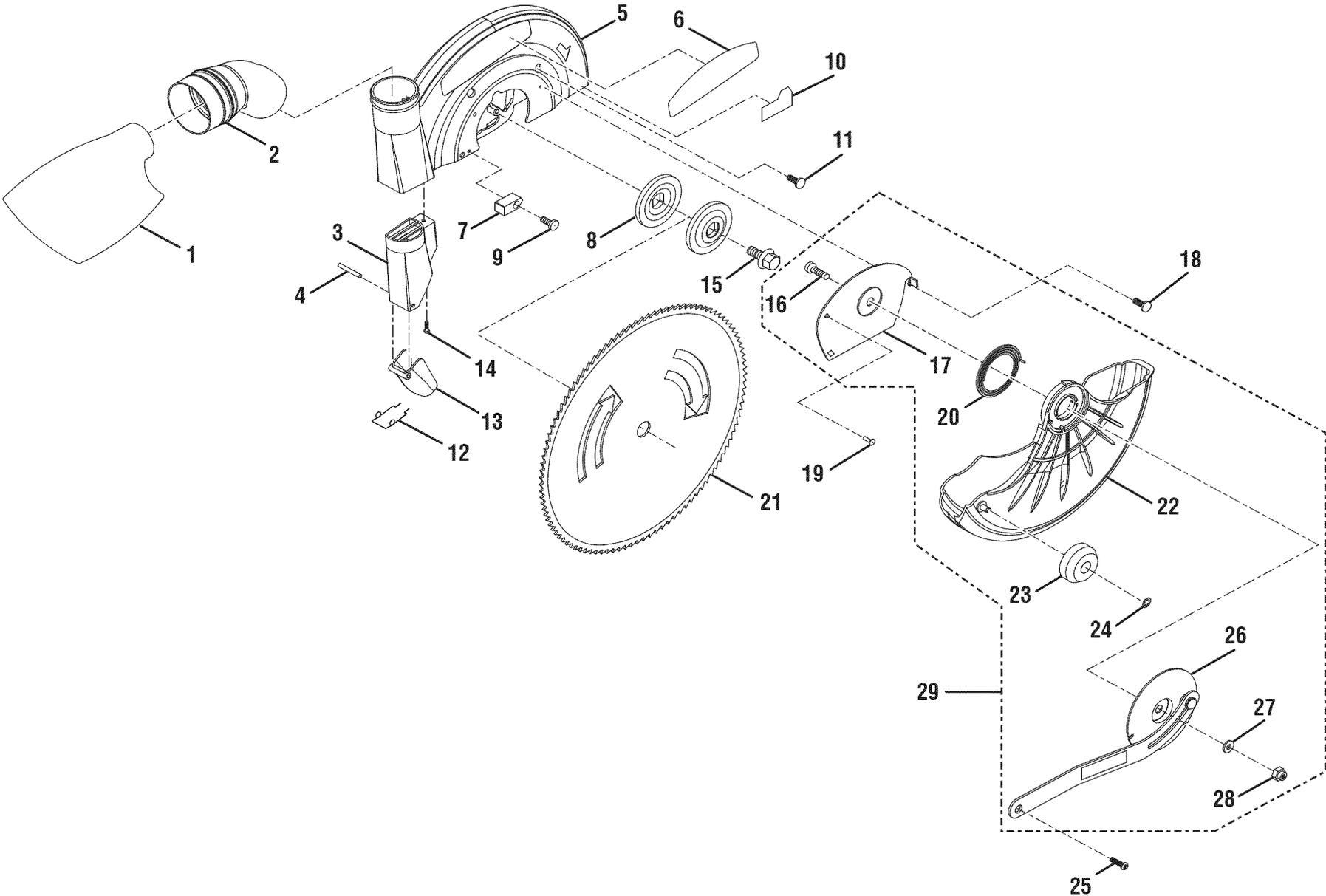
PARTS LIST - FIGURE C

Key No.	Part Number	Description	Qty.
1	511348000	Rear Spring Spacer	1
2	511349000	Front Spring Spacer	1
3	511350000	Torsion Spring.....	1
4	511206000	Arm Stop Pin	1
5	A63000000062	O-Ring (P-6).....	1
6	511205000	Arm Shaft.....	1
7	A18003040080	Screw (M4 x 8 mm).....	1
8	558207007	Bevel Indicator (right).....	1
9	511204000	Pivot Bracket	1
10	A35031025135	Flat Washer (M10) **STD851010	1
11	511202000	Bevel Knob	1
12	589010200	Pivot Shaft	1
13	589011308	Spring Washer	1
14	A10003040107	Screw (M4 x 10 mm Pan Hd.).....	2
15	A35030410018	Washer (M4) **STD851004	2
16	558208003	Bevel Indicator (left).....	1
17	A36031015158	Washer (M10) **STD852010	2
18	511208000	Spring Fixed Bolt.....	1
19	588058200	Stop Bolt.....	1
20	A49010020056	Rivet.....	3
21	511209000	Bevel Scale	1
22	A01003100256	Screw (M10 x 25 mm) **STD831025	2
23	A36031018255	Washer (M10) **STD852010	2
24	578205106	Pivot Support.....	1
25	578206000	Hex Bolt (M6 x 16 mm).....	2
26	A30003006003	Hex Nut (M6).....	2
27	S51100900	Saw Arm-Lock Pin Assembly (Incl. Key Nos 4 & 5).....	1
28	S51101000	Pivot/Pivot Support Assembly (Incl. Key Nos 9, 12, 13, 20, 21 & 24).....	1

* Standard Hardware Item – May Be Purchased Locally

** Available from Div 98 – Source 980.0

FIGURE D



CRAFTSMAN COMPOUND MITER SAW – MODEL NUMBER 315.212380

The model number will be found on a plate attached to the motor housing. Always mention the model number in all correspondence regarding your **Compound Miter Saw** or when ordering repair parts.

PARTS LIST - FIGURE D

Key No.	Part Number	Description	Qty.
1	511517000	Dust Bag.....	1
2	511518000	Elbow.....	1
3	511412000	Dust Chute Adapter.....	1
4	511413000	Dust Chute Pin.....	1
5	511416000	Upper Safety Guard.....	1
6	510401007	Logo Label.....	1
7	589032207	Bumper.....	1
8	588035105	Flange.....	2
9	A10003040152	* Screw (M4 x 15 mm).....	1
10	555412000	Warning Label, Upper Guard.....	1
11	A10003050206	* Screw (M5 x 20 mm).....	4
12	511410000	Dust Chute Spring.....	1
13	511411000	Dust Chute.....	1
14	A11003050083	* Screw (M5 x 8 mm).....	1
15	588037107	Blade Bolt.....	1
16	581410003	Bolt.....	1
17	581408100	Blade Bolt Cover.....	1
18	A19001040091	* Screw (M4 x 9 mm).....	1
19	578406003	Screw.....	1
20	589021300	Retaining Spring.....	1
21	510502007	Blade.....	1
22	511402100	Lower Guard.....	1
23	566407000	Roller.....	1
24	538417000	Retaining Nut.....	1
25	589015108	Screw, Shoulder.....	1
26	511U04020	Retaing Spring Holder Assembly.....	1
27	A35010616105	Washer (M6) **STD851006.....	1
28	A31703006004	Nut (M6).....	1
29	S51100600	Lower Blade Guard Assembly (Incl. Key Nos. 16, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27 & 28).....	1

* Standard Hardware Item – May Be Purchased Locally

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CRAFTSMAN COMPOUND MITER SAW – MODEL NUMBER 315.212380

The model number will be found on a plate attached to the motor housing. Always mention the model number in all correspondence regarding your **Compound Miter Saw** or when ordering repair parts.

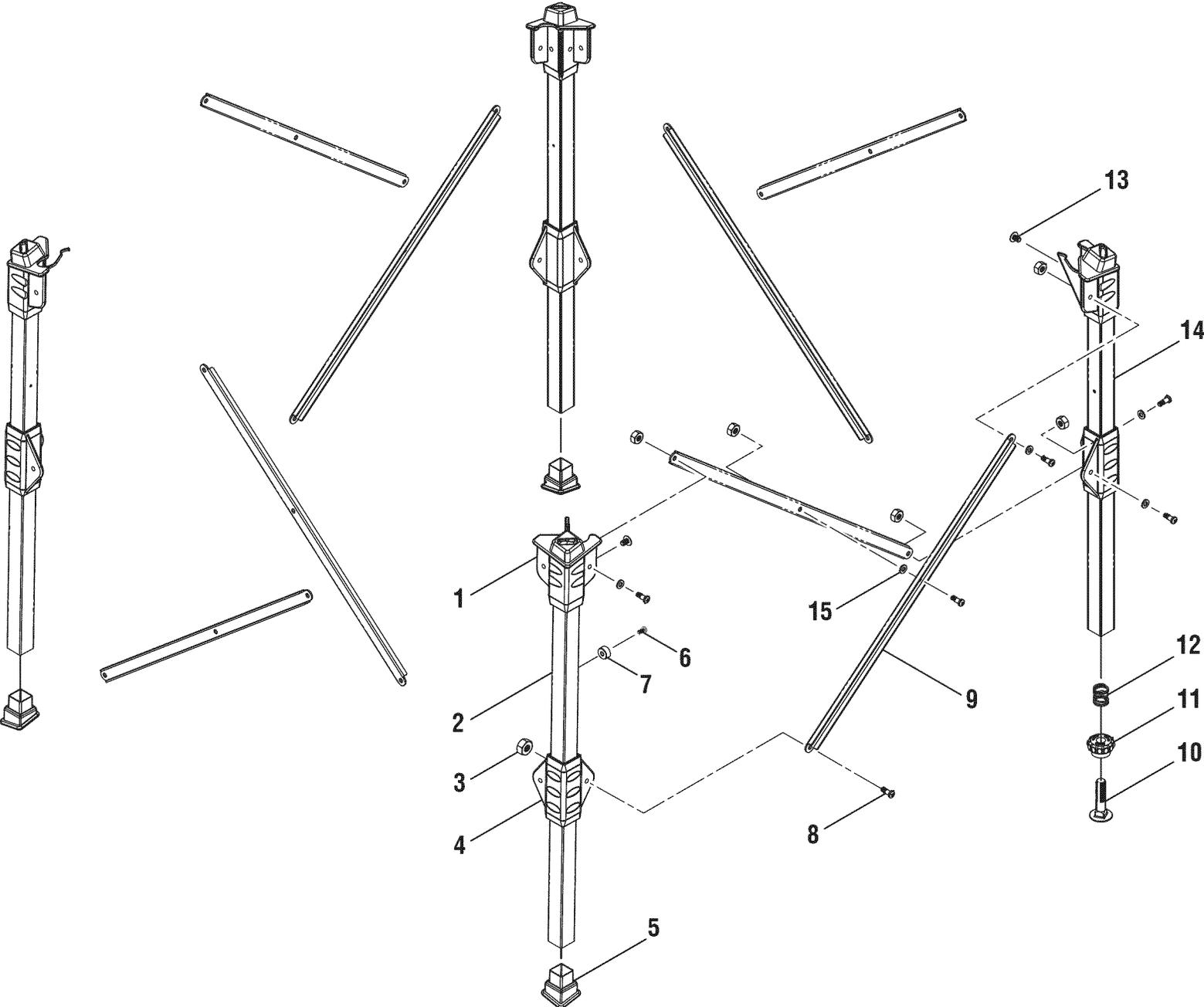
PARTS LIST - FIGURE E

Key No.	Part Number	Description	Qty.
1	000999007900	Warning Label.....	1
2	000999007008	Logo Label.....	1
3	000999007702	Stand-n-Stow™ Cabinet Assembly	2
4	411061001	* Lock Nut (M6).....	4
5	000999007005	Reinforcement Plate	2
6	000999007012	Lock Washer (M6).....	4
7	000999007011	Washer.....	4
8	000999007013	* Screw (M6 x 25 mm).....	4
9	000999007002	Knob	4
10	411101702	* Push Nut (5/16 in.).....	4
11	0101040201	Pad	4
12	000999007007	Bungee Cord	2
13	412011067	Washer (M8 x 18 x 15t).....	4
14	000999007006	* Lock Nut (M10).....	4
15	412011009	* Washer (D10.5 x D20 x 1.6t).....	8
16	412021002	* Lock Washer (M10).....	4
17	000999007001	* Hex Bolt (M10 x 75 mm).....	4
18	000999007901	Data Plate	1
19	000999007700	Stand-n-Stow™ Base Assembly (Includes Key Nos. 1-18).....	1

* Standard Hardware Item – May Be Purchased Locally

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FIGURE F



CRAFTSMAN COMPOUND MITER SAW – MODEL NUMBER 315.212380

The model number will be found on a plate attached to the motor housing. Always mention the model number in all correspondence regarding your **Compound Miter Saw** or when ordering repair parts.

PARTS LIST - FIGURE F

Key No.	Part Number	Description	Qty.
1	000999007009	Connector Bracket.....	4
2	0121010312-126	Leg Tube	3
3	411071003	* Nylon Nut (M5)	20
4	0121010205	Leg Adaptor	4
5	0121010213	End Plug.....	3
6	410191003	* Screw (M4 x 12 mm)	1
7	0121010228	Ring.....	1
8	0121010804	Screw	20
9	0121010305-126	Linkage.....	8
10	410031012	* Carriage Bolt (M12 x 75 mm)	1
11	0121010212	Front Level Adjusting Knob.....	1
12	0131010918	Spring	1
13	410451016	* Screw (M6 x 10 mm Pan Hd.).....	4
14	0121010311-126	Leg Tube	1
15	0121010226	Linkage Ring	4
	000999007701	Leg Stand Assembly (Incl. 1-15)	
	987000215	Operator's Manual (Not Shown)	

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