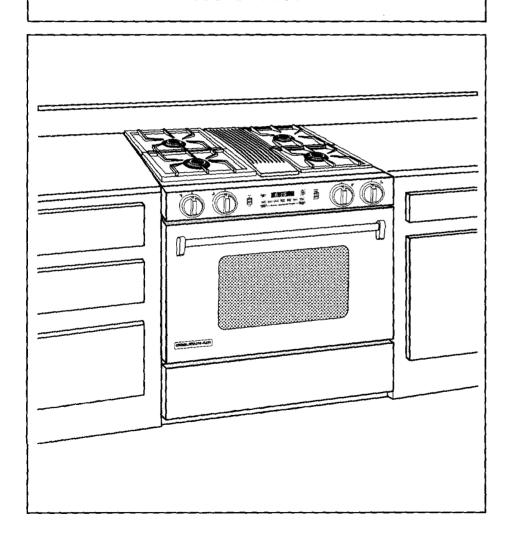
MMMJENN-AIR

Use and Care Manual Gas-Electric Grill-Range with Convection Oven

Model SVD48600P



WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
 - Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
 - Extinguish any open flame.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.
- SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE -

About Your Jenn-Air Range

Congratulations on your choice of a Jenn-Air grill-range. The indoor grilling of meats, fish or fowl is one of the most attractive and succulent methods of preparing these foods ... a unique flexibility made possible by Jenn-Air's patented integral ventilation system.

Your Jenn-Air self-cleaning oven combines the best of four cooking methods, conventional baking or roasting, convection baking or roasting and broiling.

The Jenn-Air convection oven is actually a conventional oven that circulates heated air within the oven. As both bake and broil heating elements cycle on and off with the thermostat, a fan keeps the heated air circulating around the food. The constantly recirculating heated air in the convection oven strips away the layer of cooler air that surrounds the food. Consequently, many foods cook more quickly. Evenly distributed heat makes multiple rack cooking possible. Convection roasted meats retain their natural flavor and juiciness with less shrinkage than conventional roasting.

In addition to the many exclusive benefits of convection cooking, your Jenn-Air oven is also a fine full featured conventional bake and broil oven. You can cook your "old favorite" recipes as you have in the past. The conventional bake oven also gives you the flexibility of preparing various foods when convection cooking may not be as beneficial, as when cooking foods in covered casseroles or clay pots. The broil element is convenient for top browning and oven broiling of foods.

Before you begin cooking with your new range, please take a few minutes to read and become familiar with the instructions in this book. On the following pages you will find a wealth of information regarding all aspects of using your new range. By following the instructions carefully, you will be able to fully enjoy and properly maintain your range and achieve excellent results with the food you prepare.

Should you have any questions about using your Jenn-Air range, write to us. Be sure to provide the model number.

Jenn-Air Customer Assistance c/o Maytag Customer Service P.O. Box 2370 Cleveland, TN 37320-2370

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Read before operating your range

All appliances - regardless of the manufacturer - have the potential through improper or careless use to create safety problems. Therefore the following safety precautions should be observed:

- 1. Be sure your appliance is properly installed and grounded by a qualified technician.
- 2. Never use your appliance for warming or heating the room. This warning is based on safety considerations.
- 3. Children should not be left alone or unattended in area where appliance is in use. They should never be allowed to sit or stand on any part of the appliance.
- **4.** Wear proper apparel. **Loose-fitting or hanging garments** should never be worn while using the appliance.
- Do not repair or replace any part of the appliance unless specifically recommended in this manual. All other servicing should be referred to an authorized Jenn-Air Service Contractor.
- Do not store combustible materials, gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquid near cooktop. This also applies to aerosol sprays and aerosol spray cans.
- 7. Do not use water on grease fires. Smother fire or flame or use dry chemical or foam-type extinguisher.
- Use only dry potholders. Moist or damp potholders on hot surfaces may result in burns from steam. Do not use a towel or other bulky cloth.
- 9. Select cookware large enough to properly contain food and avoid boilovers or spillovers. This will save on cleaning and prevent hazardous accumulations of food, since heavy splattering or spillovers left on a cooktop can ignite. Pan size is especially important in deep fat frying.
- **10.** Never leave rangetop unattended at **Hi** heat settings. Boilover causes smoking and greasy spillovers that may ignite.
- 11. TYPE OF COOKWARE Avoid pans that are unstable and easily tipped. In choosing pans, look for easily-grasped handles that will stay cool. Pans that are too heavy when filled with food can also be a hazard. If pan handles twist and cannot be tightened, discard the pan.

- 12. HANDLES Always turn pan handles to the side or back of the rangetop not out into the room where they are easily hit. COOKWARE HANDLES SHOULD BE TURNED INWARD AND NOT EXTEND OVER ADJACENT SURFACE BURNERS to minimize burns, ignition of flammable materials, and spillage due to unintentional contact with the cookware.
- 13. CAUTION Do not store items of interest to children in cabinets above range - children climbing on the range to reach items could be seriously injured.
- 14. Do not touch grill and surface burner areas, or perimeter trim around rangetop or interior surfaces of oven. During and after use, these areas may be hot enough to cause burns. Avoid contact with these areas by clothing or other flammable materials until they have had sufficient time to cool. Other surfaces may become hot enough to cause burns among these surfaces are the upper door frame and door, oven vent opening and surfaces near the opening, and the top edge of the control panel.
- **15.** Do not heat unopened food containers. Buildup of pressure may cause container to burst and result in injury.
- 16. Keep all controls "Off" when unit is not in use.
- **17.** Keep oven vent ducts unobstructed. The oven is vented under the air grille.
- 18. GREASE Grease is flammable and should be handled carefully. Never leave any cooking operation unattended. Let fat cool before attempting to handle it. Do not allow grease to collect around the rangetop or in the vents. Wipe up spillovers immediately.
- 19. If the range is installed near a window, proper precautions should be taken to prevent curtains from blowing over burners creating a FIRE HAZARD.
- **20.** Do not use aluminum foil to line aeration tray or burner basin. Restriction of normal air flow may result in unsafe operation.
- 21. Do not use cookware on the grill section of this appliance.
- **22.** Before servicing your appliance, disconnect power to the range at the main fuse or circuit breaker panel and at the electrical receptacle.
- 23. Always allow hot pans to cool in a safe place out of the reach of small children.
- 24. A faint gas odor may indicate a gas leak. If a gas odor is detected, shut off the gas supply to the range. Call your installer or local gas company to have the possible leak checked. Never use a match or other flame to locate a gas leak.

- 25. Clean only parts listed in this manual and use procedures recommended.
- **26.** Flame size should be adjusted so it does not extend beyond the edge of the cookware, this instruction is based on safety consideration.
- 27. This appliance has been tested for safe performance using conventional cookware. Do not use any devices or accessories that are not specifically recommended in this manual. Do not use eyelid covers for the surface burners, stovetop grills or add-on convection systems. The use of devices or accessories that are not expressly recommended in this manual can create serious safety hazards result in performance problems and reduce the life of the components of the appliance.
- 28. Glazed cookware only certain types of glass, glass-ceramic, ceramic, earthenware, or other glazed cookpots are suitable for rangetop surface without breaking due to the sudden change in temperature. Use only such cookware as you know has been approved for this purpose.
- 29. Avoid placing the range in a main "traffic path" or in an isolated location with no counter space nearby. Visualize the oven in use before selecting a location. Remember that open oven doors may block a passageway and create a hazard.
- **30.** Use care when opening oven door. Let hot air or steam escape before removing or replacing food.
- **31.** Always place oven racks in desired location while oven is cool. If rack must be moved while oven is hot, do not let potholder contact hot heating element in oven.
- **32.** Do not clean door gasket. The door gasket is essential for a good seal. Care should be taken not to rub, damage, or move the gasket.
- **33.** Do not use oven cleaners. No commercial oven cleaner or oven liner protective coating of any kind should be used in or around any part of the oven.
- **34. CAUTION:** BEFORE SELF-CLEANING THE OVEN, REMOVE FOOD, BROILER PAN AND OTHER UTENSILS.
- **35.** Listen for fan. A fan noise should be heard during the broil and cleaning cycles. If not, call a serviceman before self-cleaning again.
- **36.** Always remove soiled broiler pan from the broiler compartment after cooking for **grease left in the pan may become hot enough to ignite.**

- 38. Do not allow aluminum foil to contact heating element.
- 39. WARNING: To reduce the risk of tipping the appliance from abnormal usage or by excessive loading of the oven door, the appliance must be secured by properly installed anti-tip devices. If appliance is moved for any reason, be sure anti-tip device is re-installed to prevent injury.



40. PREPARED FOOD WARNING: Follow food manufacturer's instructions. If a plastic frozen food container and/or its film cover distorts, warps or is otherwise damaged during cooking, immediately discard the food and its container. The food could be contaminated.

Important Safety Notice and Warning

The California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) requires the Governor of California to publish a list of substances known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm, and requires businesses to warn customers of potential exposures to such substances.

Users of this appliance are hereby warned that when the range is engaged in the self-clean cycle, there may be some low level exposure to some of the listed substances, including carbon monoxide. Additionally, users are also hereby warned that the burning of gas can result in low-level exposure to some of the listed substances, including benzene, formaldehyde and soot, due primarily to the incomplete combustion of natural gas or liquid petroleum (LP) fuels. Properly adjusted burners will minimize incomplete combustion. Exposure to these substances can be minimized by properly venting the range to the outdoors.

- SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS -

Important Information

MODEL NUMBER
SERIAL NUMBER
(numbers appear on the serial plate on the oven front frame) DATE PURCHASED
JENN-AIR DEALER FROM WHOM PURCHASED
ADDRESS
CITY
PHONE
AUTHORIZED JENN-AIR SERVICE CONTRACTOR
ADDRESS
CITY
PHONE
Important: Rotain proof of purchase documents for warranty service

Ducting Information

Jenn-Air's ventilation system is designed to capture both cooking fumes and smoke while grilling. If the system does not, these are some ducting installation situations to check:

- 6" diameter round or 3¹/₄" x 10" rectangular ducting should be used for duct lengths 10'-60'. Note: 5" diameter round ducting must be used if the duct length is 10' or less.
- No more than three 90° elbows should be used. Distance between elbows should be at least 18".
- Recommended Jenn-Air wall cap should be used. Make sure damper moves freely when ventilation system is operating.
- There should be a minimum clearance of 6" for cooktop installed near a side wall.

If there is not an obvious improper installation, there may be a concealed problem such as a pinched joint, obstruction in the pipe, etc. <u>Installation is the responsibility of the installer</u> and questions should be addressed first by the installer. The installer should very carefully check the ducting installation instructions.

Ventilation System

The built-in ventilation system removes cooking vapors, odors and smoke from foods prepared on the cooktop, grill and grill accessories. Regular use of this system will insure a more comfortable and less humid kitchen which is free of heavy cooking odors and fumes that normally create a frequent need for cleaning and redecorating.

Using the Ventilation System

The downdraft ventilation system features a two speed fan.
 The fan positions are: Hi, Lo, and Off. To turn on the ventilation system, push the Fan Switch to the upper position for Hi and the lower position for Lo.

NOTE: There is a five second delay before the fan will switch from Hi speed to Lo speed.

- To turn the ventilation system Off, return the switch to the middle position.
- The ventilation system will operate automatically on Hi speed when the grill burner is in use. During grilling, the fan speed is automatically set for the Hi setting AND cannot be changed to Lo speed.
- Use the Hi fan speed for capturing steam. Use Lo fan speed for capturing smoke when pan frying.
- The fan can be used to remove strong odors from the kitchen as when chopping onions near the fan.
- Besides using the ventilation system to remove cooking vapors and fumes, it can be used to cool baked pies or cakes. To cool an item, set it on the air grille and turn on the fan. The air being pulled over the item will quickly cool it. Be careful not to cover the oven vent or the entire air grille.

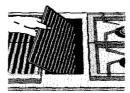
Cleaning the Ventilation System

Air Grille

The air grille lifts off easily. Wipe clean or wash in sink with mild household detergents. It may be cleaned in the dishwasher. **Note:** The oven vent is located under the air grille. When using or cleaning the oven, hot and moist air may be noticed in this area. Be careful not to spill anything into this vent.

Filter

Turn off ventilation system before removing. The filter is a permanent type and should be cleaned when soiled. Clean in sink with warm water and liquid dishwashing detergent or in dishwasher. **Important:** DO NOT OPERATE SYSTEM WITHOUT FILTER. Filter should always be placed at an angle. As you face the front of the range, the top of the filter should

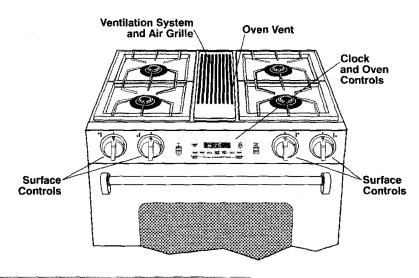


rest against the left side of the vent opening and the bottom of the filter should rest against the right side of the ventilation chamber at the bottom.

Ventilation Chamber

This area, which houses the filter, should be cleaned in the event of spills or whenever it becomes coated with a film of grease. The ventilation chamber may be cleaned with paper towel, damp cloth, or sponge and mild household detergent or cleanser.

Range Components



Ventilation System and Air Grille

• Use to capture smoke and steam. (See p. 10.)

Surface Controls

• Use to provide flexibility in setting selection when using the cooktop burners or grill burner. (See p. 15.)

Clock and Oven Controls

• Use the electronic touch controls to set Clock or Oven functions. (Clock - see pp. 26-29, Oven Operation - see pp. 22-24.)

How A Surface Burner Works

Your new cooktop burners have been preset for an "average" set of conditions. Regional variances in gas pressure and atmospheric conditions such as height above sea level may affect your initial flame performance.

When the control knob is turned on, gas enters the mixer tube and mixes with air. This air and gas mixture flows to the burner head and is lighted by a spark from the solid state igniter.

A properly adjusted burner with clean ports will light within a few seconds. The coneshaped flame will be clear blue in color with a clearly defined inner cone. There should be no trace of yellow in the flame. A yellow flame indicates an improper mixture of air and gas. If your flame does not resemble the "correct" flame as described above, follow the air shutter adjustment instructions below.

The infinite surface controls for the surface burners and grill burner provide flexibility in setting selection.

Note: The grill can be replaced with an optional surface burner module, Model AG202.

How to Operate in the Event of a Power Failure

Surface Burners

In case of prolonged power failure, you can manually light the surface burner by holding a lighted match near the burner ports and slowly turning the control knob counterclockwise (after depressing) until the gas ignites. There is no fan so smoke and condensation can gather.

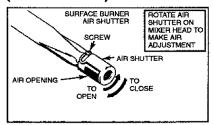
Grill

IN CASE OF POWER FAILURE DO NOT USE GRILL. VENTILATION SYSTEM WILL NOT OPERATE.

Air Shutter Adjustment

To adjust surface burner air shutter (some models)

Loosen fastening screw with a phillips screwdriver and rotate air shutter to increase or decrease the size of the air opening. As the shutter is turned observe change in flame appearance. Adjustment is satisfactory when a clearly defined, even blue flame results at the Hi flame setting. After adjustment, tighten screw.



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A properly adjusted burner with clean ports will light within a few seconds. The coneshaped flame will be clear blue in color with a clearly defined inner cone. There should be no trace of yellow in the flame. A yellow flame indicates an improper mixture of air and gas. (When using LP gas, some yellow in a flame is acceptable.) If your flame does not resemble the "correct" flame as described above, follow the air shutter adjustment instructions below.

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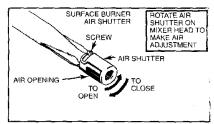
Grill

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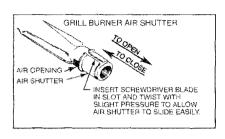
Loosen fastening screw with a phillips screwdriver and rotate air shutter to increase or decrease the size of the air opening. As the shutter is turned observe change in flame appearance. Adjustment is satisfactory when a clearly defined, even blue flame results at the **Hi** flame setting. After adjustment, tighten screw.



To adjust grill burner air shutters and surface burner air shutters.

The left hand air shutter controls the rear half of the grill burner or the rear surface burner. The right hand shutter controls the front half of the grill burner or the front surface burner.

Slide air shutter backward or forward to increase or decrease the size of the air opening. Air shutters fit snugly on the burner, so a screwdriver blade may be required to make this adjustment. Observe change in flame appearance as the air shutter is moved. Adjustment is satisfactory when a clearly defined, even blue flame results at the Hi flame setting. The snug fit of the air shutter assures it will remain positioned correctly.



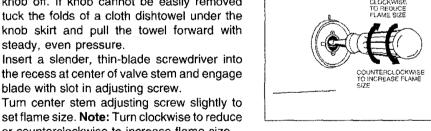
On any burner, closing the air shutter too far will cause the flame to become soft and yellow tipped. Opening the air shutter too wide will cause the flame to blow away from the burner ports. Proper adjustment will produce a sharp, clearly defined even, blue flame.

Lo Flame Adjustment

This appliance has been shipped from the factory with Lo and Med flame settings adjusted for use with natural gas and average installations. There is a wide variety of conditions caused by altitude and gas mixtures controlled by utility companies which will vary and affect the gas flame and performance. Adjustments should be made at time of installation. If conditions change, follow the procedures outlined below to adjust the Lo setting.

To adjust the Lo setting:

- 1. Light burner and set control knob for low flame.
- 2. Remove control knob from valve stem. CAUTION: Never use a metal blade to pry knob off. If knob cannot be easily removed steady, even pressure.
- 3. Insert a slender, thin-blade screwdriver into
- 4. Turn center stem adjusting screw slightly to or counterclockwise to increase flame size.
- 5. Replace control knob when adjustment is completed.



Proper adjustment will produce a stable, steady blue flame of minimum size. The final adjustment should be checked by turning knob from Hi to Lo several times without extinguishing the flame. This adjustment, at the **Lo** setting, will automatically provide the proper flame size at Med setting.

Cookware

Size of Cookware

To achieve optimum cooking performance use cookpots with flat bottoms and tight fitting covers. Flame size should be adjusted so it does not extend beyond the edge of the cookware. This instruction is based on safety considerations. Adjusting the size of the flame to fit the size of the cookware also helps to save fuel.

Important: Leave a minimum of 11/2" between side of pan and surrounding surfaces, such as countertop backsplash or side walls, to allow heat to escape to avoid possible damage to these areas.

Cookware Materials

- Aluminum cookware heats evenly and quickly. A slightly larger flame size can be used. The flame can be adjusted so it comes to the edge of the cookware. However, the flame should NEVER be adjusted so that it extends beyond the bottom of the cookware.
- Stainless steel cookware with copper or aluminum cores heat evenly and fairly quickly. The flame size should be adjusted to extend only halfway between center and edge of the cookware bottom for best results.
- · Cast iron cookware heats slowly.
- Check manufacturer's recommendations before using porcelain on steel, porcelain on cast iron, glass, glass-ceramic, earthenware, or other glazed cookpots.

Covered Cookware

If the cookware is covered, less fuel will be needed. Therefore, a lower flame size can be used.

Note: Food will not cook any faster when more than the amount of heat needed to maintain a gentle boil is used.

Surface Controls

To Set Controls

- Since the controls are a push-turn type, they must be pushed in before turning. To set (from the Off position), push in on control knob and immediately turn counterclockwise to the Lite position until burner ignites. After ignition, turn knob clockwise to desired setting.
- Igniter will continue to spark until knob is turned clockwise back to or past Hi position on knob.

Control Locations

- 1. Left rear surface burner or grill
- 2. Left front surface burner or grill
- 3. Right rear surface burner
- 4. Right front surface burner



Note: When using an AG202 surface burner assembly with control locations #1 and #2, the control knob may be turned to a position lower than the Lo setting. (The Lo setting is set for the grill burner.)

Suggested Control Settings

The controls offer flexibility in heat setting selection. An infinite number of settings exist between Hi and Lo. At the Hi setting, a detent may be felt. For all settings other than Hi, simply adjust your flame for best results.

The size and type of cookware and the amount and type of food being cooked will influence the setting needed for best results. Suggested settings are provided as guidelines.

A fast heat to start cooking quickly, to bring liquids to Hi: a boil, to preheat oil for deep fat frying.

(Med. High) For fast frying or browning of foods, to maintain rapid boil of large amounts of food, to maintain oil

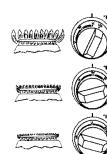
temperature for deep fat frying.

For most frying, sautéing, and slow boil of large Med: amounts of food.

For simmering, maintaining boil of small amounts of

(Med. Lo)

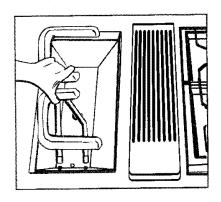
Maintaining serving temperature of foods, melting Lo: butter or chocolate.

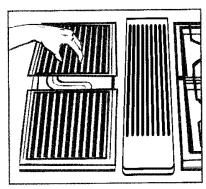


Grilling

Installation

The grill consists of two black grill grates and a grill burner. Only install the grill on the left side of your range.





To Install Grill Module

- 1. Before installing grill components, be certain control knobs are in the Off position.
- 2. Position the grill burner with mixer tube openings toward the orifices. Slide the burner towards the orifices until the igniter is in between front and rear grill sections. Lower into place until side openings are resting on the burner support pins.
- 3. Place the grill grates on the top of the rangetop.

NOTE: Before using the grill for the first time, heat the E-ven Heat™ grill burner to remove the protective shipping coating. Heat the grill on **Hi** for 10 minutes and use the vent system to remove any additional smoke during cooling.

To Remove Grill Module

- 1. Be sure control knobs are in the **Off** position. Remove grill components once they are cool.
- 2. Remove grill grates.
- 3. Lift the grill burner up off the support pins about 2 inches. Slide the burner away from the orifices.

Using the Grill

- Before the first use, wash your new grill grates in hot soapy water, rinse and dry.
 Then "season" the surface by wiping on a thin coating of cooking oil. Remove
 excess oil by wiping again with another paper towel. This procedure should be
 repeated when: a) cleaning in the dishwasher since the detergent may remove
 seasoning, or b) anytime a sugar-based marinade (for example, barbecue sauce)
 is going to be used.
- Use nonmetallic spatulas or utensils to prevent damaging the Excalibur® nonstick grill grate finish.
- Preheat the grill on Hi for 5 minutes. Preheating improves the flavor and appearance of meats and quickly sears the meat to help retain the juices.
- Excessive amounts of fat should be trimmed from meats. Some fat is necessary
 to produce the smoke needed for that smoked, "outdoor" flavor. However,
 excessive fat can create cleaning and flare-up problems.
- Allowing excessive amounts of grease or drippings to constantly flame voids the warranty on the grill grates. Excessive flare-ups indicate that either the grill interior needs to be cleaned or that excessive amounts of fat are in the meat or the meat was not properly trimmed.
- Grease drippings will occasionally ignite to produce harmless puffs of flame for a second or two. This is a normal part of the cooking process.
- NEVER LEAVE GRILL UNATTENDED DURING GRILL OPERATION.

Should excess grease cause sustained flare-up

- 1. Turn on FAN manually.
- 2. Immediately turn grill control knobs to Off position.
- 3. Remove meat from grill.

IMPORTANT

- Do not use aluminum foil inside the grill area.
- Do not use charcoal or wood chips in the grill area.
- Do not allow burner basin to become overloaded with grease. Clean after each use.
- Do not cover grates completely with meat. Leave air space between each steak, etc. to allow proper ventilation as well as prevent flare-ups.

Grill Guide

Preheat grill on Hi, 5 minutes, for best flavor.

Type	Setting	Cooking Time	Procedure		
Steak (½ - ¾4")					
Rare	Hi	6 to 10 minutes	Turn after 3 to 5 minutes.		
Medium	Hi	10 to 16 minutes	Turn after 5 to 8 minutes.		
Well	HI	21 to 24 minutes	Turn after 6 to 12 minutes.		
Steak (1 - 11/4")					
Pare.	HI	14 to 24 minutes	Turn after 7 to 12 minutes.		
Medium	Hi	18 to 30 minutes	Turn after 9 to 15 minutes.		
Well	Hi	24 to 34 minutes	Turn after 12 to 17 minutes.		
Hamburgers (3-4 oz.)	Med	20 to 25 minutes	Turn after half the time.		
Pork Chops	Med	25 to 45 minutes	Turn occasionally.		
Fully-cooked	Med	10 to 15 minutes	Turn once. Glaze if desired.		
Smoked Pork Chops					
Ham Slices	Med	15 to 20 minutes	Turn after half the time.		
Fully-cooked sausages					
Hot Dogs, Brats	Hi	7 to 12 minutes	Turn once.		
Polish	HI	13 to 16 minutes	Tum occasionally.		
Fresh Sausage					
Links	Med	15 to 25 minutes	Turnoccasionally		
Patties (3" diameter)	Med	15 to 20 minutes	Turn after half the time.		
Italian Sausage	Med	25 to 30 minutes	Pierce casing with a fork.		
	L		Turn once.		
Chicken					
Pieces: Bone-in	Med	30 to 50 minutes	Turn occasionally.		
Boneless Breasts	Med	20 to 30 minutes	Turn occasionally.		
Fish					
Steaks (1")	Med	20 to 25 minutes	Brush with butter. Turn after half		
			the time.		
Fillets (1/2")	Med	10 to 15 minutes	Start skin side down. Brush		
(with skin on)			with butter. Turn after half		
			the time.		
Shrimp	Med	10 to 20 minutes	Turn and brush with butter or		
(skewered)			marinade frequently.		
Garlic Bread	Med	4 to 6 minutes	Turn after half the time.		
Hot Dog Buns and	1				
Hamburger Buns	Med	1 to 2 minutes			

Note: This chart is a suggested guide. Cooking times and control settings are approximate due to variations in meats and gas pressure.

Grilling Tips

With your Jenn-Air grill literally any food you've considered "at its best" when prepared outdoors can now be prepared indoors with less fuss and great flavor.

The following suggestions are good rules to follow and will increase your enjoyment of the equipment.

- Be sure to follow directions on page 18 for using the grill.
- Suggested cooking times and control settings are approximate due to variations in meats. Experience will quickly indicate cooking times as well as which settings work best.
- For best results, buy top grade meat. Meat that is at least ³/₄ inch will grill better than thinner cuts.
- Score fat on edges of steak, but do not cut into meat, to prevent curling while cooking.
- For the attractive "branded" look on steaks, be sure grill is preheated. Allow one side of meat to cook to desired doneness, or until juices appear on the top surface, before turning. Turn steaks and hamburgers just once. Manipulating food causes loss of juices.
- When basting meats or applying sauces to foods, remember that excessive amounts wind up inside your grill and do not improve the food flavor. Apply sauces during the last 15 to 20 minutes of cooking time unless recipe specifies otherwise. Plus, any time a sugar-based marinade, (for example, barbecue sauce) is going to be used, the grates should be "seasoned" prior to preheating. (See p. 18.)
- There are many meat marinades which will help tenderize less expensive cuts of meat for cooking on the grill.
- Certain foods, such as poultry and non-oily fish, may need some extra fat. Brush with oil or melted butter occasionally while grilling.
- Use tongs with long handles or spatulas for turning meats. Do not use forks as these pierce the meat, allowing juices to be lost.
- To help retain meat juices, salt after turning meat or after cooking is completed.

Cleaning the Grill

Be sure the grill is cool and controls are Off.

Grill Grates

These are made from cast aluminum and are coated with the Excalibur® nonstick finish.

- After the grill grates have cooled, wipe off grates with a paper towel. Wash cool
 grates (DO NOT IMMERSE HOT GRILL GRATES IN WATER) with soap or
 detergent in hot water in the sink or wash them in the dishwasher. Be sure to remove
 all food residue before cooking on the grill grates again.
- Remove stubborn spots with a plastic mesh puff or pad. For best results, use only
 those cleaning products which state they are recommended for use when cleaning
 nonstick surfaces.
- If grates are washed in the dishwasher, season with oil prior to grilling. (See p. 18.)
- Do not use metal brushes or abrasive scouring pads or other scrubbers intended to clean outdoor charcoal grills. These will remove the finish as well as scratch the grates. Do not clean in the self-cleaning oven or use oven cleaners on the grates.

Grill Burner

Follow instructions on page 17 for removing the grill burner. The grill burner should be cleaned after each use. It can be cleaned with a soapy S.O.S. pad or in the dishwasher. Rinse and dry thoroughly before using again. For heavy soil, burner should be cleaned first with a soapy S.O.S. pad, rinsed and dried. Then it can be cleaned in a self-clean oven for 2 hours.

NOTE: Check to be sure all burner ports are open. To open clogged ports, insert a toothpick directly into each port.

Porcelain Burner Basin

This area located under the grill and surface burners. Clean after each use of the grill.

- To remove light soil, clean with soapy water or with cleansers such as Fantastik or 409.
 For easier cleanup: a) spray with a household cleanser; b) cover with paper towels;
 c) add small amount of water to keep the paper towels moist; d) cover and wait 15 minutes; and e) wipe clean.
- To remove moderate soil, scrub with Comet, Bon Ami, a soft scrub cleanser or plastic scrubber.
- To remove stubborn soil, spray with an oven cleaner, let soak overnight, wipe clean, rinse and dry.

Note: Clean the grease drain after each use. To clean: Pour about $\frac{1}{3}$ cup of very hot tap water mixed with 1 teaspoon dish detergent down the drain. In the event the drain is clogged, due to large food particles being trapped, use the nylon string that was packaged with your range. To use the nylon string, simply insert one end into the drain opening in the basin pan. Feed the nylon string down until it is visible under the range. Now pull up on the end extending out from the top while holding a paper towel around the string, to clean the string as it is being pulled. This should free any trapped particles of food. Pour another $\frac{1}{3}$ cup of very hot water mixed with dish detergent to assure the drain is opened and clear.

Grease Container

The container is located on the left side behind the bottom access panel, underneath the range. (See page 47 for opening access panel.) It collects grease and other liquids created while grilling or using some of the accessories. Check each time after grilling and empty when grease is noticeable. To remove, simply grasp the handle, and pull from the bracket holding the container.

 Check the container periodically to prevent grease from spilling over. If this should happen, the grease will flow over the container and onto the floor. The container and screw-on handle can be washed in hot, soapy water or in the dishwasher. The container can be replaced with any heat tempered jar, such as a canning jar, which has a standard screw neck.

Oven Operation

Oven Control Panel

The control panel is designed for ease in programming. The Display Window features Indicator Words which will flash to prompt you for the next step.

To program

- 1. Touch the function pad to give command desired.
- 2. Touch the Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) to enter time or temperature.

Note: Four seconds after selecting a time or temperature, the time or temperature will automatically be entered. If more than fifteen seconds elapse between touching a pad and touching the **Up** or **Down Arrow Pad(s)**, the control is <u>not</u> set and Display will return to previous Display.







Function Pads

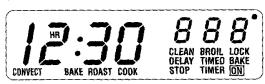
Bake	Use for conventional baking or roasting.
Broil	Use for top browning or oven broiling.
Clean	Use to set self-cleaning process.
Cock Time	Use for clock controlled cooking.
Stop Time	Use for clock controlled cooking and cleaning when a delayed start is desired.
Clock	Use to set time of day.
Timer	Use to signal expiration of a time period up to 11 hours and 55 minutes.
Convect Bake	Use for convect baking.
Convect Roast	Use for convect roasting.
Cancel Off	Cancels all programming except Timer.
A	Use to enter times or temperatures.

Oven Light Switch (Control Panel)

The oven light automatically comes on whenever the oven door is opened. When the door is closed, push the **Oven Light Switch** to turn oven light on or off.

Display Window

Shows time of day, timer, and oven functions.



Display Numbers:

- Show time of day.
- Countdown of time remaining when using time functions.
- Show temperature of oven as it rises to reach programmed temperature and the set temperature once it is reached.
- Recall programmed temperature or time when commanded.

Prompts:

 Serve as a reminder to shut oven door, if it is open, for self-cleaning operation when the word, door, is displayed.

Indicator Words:

- Flash to prompt next step.
- Indicate status of programmed function.
- Show programmed function when recalled.

Setting Controls

BASIC INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Position oven racks.
- 2. Touch Bake Pad or Convect Bake Pad or Convect Roast Pad.
- 3. Touch the Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) for desired temperature.

To set oven on bake or convection bake or convection roast

- 1. Place oven racks on proper rack positions. (See p. 25.)
- Touch Bake Pad or Convect Bake Pad or Convect Roast Pad.
 Indicator Words BAKE or CONVECT BAKE or CONVECT ROAST will flash and three dashes will be shown in the Display.

Note: If more than fifteen seconds elapse between touching a pad and touching an **Arrow Pad**, the Display will return to previous Display.

3. Touch the Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) for desired oven temperature. (Allowable range is 100° to 550°.) Note: When baking, first tap of an Arrow Pad will give you 350°. When convect baking or convect roasting, first tap of an Arrow Pad will give you 325°.

After four seconds, the oven will begin to preheat. The Indicator Words ON, and either BAKE or CONVECT BAKE or CONVECT ROAST will appear in the Display. The temperature shown will be 100° or the oven temperature whichever is higher.

Example: If at 10 o'clock you set the oven for 350° for convection baking, after four seconds the Display will show:



During the preheat, the Display will show a rise in 5° increments until programmed temperature is reached. When the oven is preheated, the oven will beep once, the ON Indicator Word will go off and the CONVECT BAKE Indicator Words and programmed oven temperature will remain in the Display.

Note: Oven will preheat for approximately 7 to 11 minutes.

Important: Whenever ON appears in the Display, the oven is heating.

To recall temperature set during preheat: Touch the appropriate Bake Pad or Convect Bake Pad or Convect Roast Pad. Temperature will be briefly displayed, then will automatically return to on-going program.

To change temperature set: Touch appropriate Bake Pad or Convect Bake Pad or Convect Roast Pad and the Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) for the new desired temperature. Note: If you are lowering the temperature below the current oven temperature, the Indicator Word ON will appear briefly in the Display and the preheat beep will sound. Then, the Display will show programmed temperature and Indicator Word BAKE or CONVECT BAKE or CONVECT ROAST only.

4. Touch Cancel Off Pad to turn oven off at end of baking.

Rack Positions

The rack positions noted are generally recommended for the best browning results and most efficient cooking times. For many food items, excellent results can be achieved when using one of several different rack positions. Refer to baking and roasting sections for recommendations for specific foods.

Different Racks

Two flat racks and one offset rack are packaged with your oven. The use of the offset rack is denoted in the list below and the charts as an "o" after the rack number.

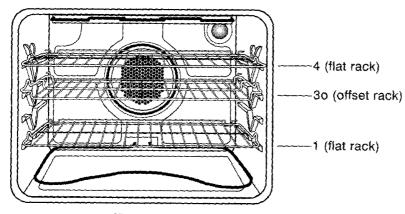


Figure 1.

Rack Uses

Rack Position #40 (offset rack on #4):

Most broiling.

Rack Position #3:

Most baked goods on cookie sheets, cakes (sheet and layer).

Rack Position #3o (offset rack on #3):

Most baked goods on cookie sheets, frozen convenience foods, fresh fruit pie, cream pie, layer cakes, main dish souffle.

Rack Position #2:

Roasting small cuts of meat, cakes (tube, bundt or layer), frozen fruit pie, pie shell, large casseroles.

Rack Position #20 (offset rack on #2):

Roasting small cuts of meat, loaves of bread, angel food cake.

Rack Position #1:

Large cuts of meat and large poultry, angel food cake, loaves of bread, custard pie, dessert souffie.

Multiple Rack Cooking:

Two racks, use #20 and #4. Three racks, use #1, #30, and #4. (See Figure 1.)

Clock Controls

Time of Day Clock

When electrical power is supplied or after power interruption, the last clock time displayed before power was interrupted will flash. Time will advance and continue to flash until clock is reset.

BASIC INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Touch Clock Pad.
- 2. Touch Up or Down Arrow Pad(s).

To set time of day

1. Touch Clock Pad.

Indicator Word TIME will flash and time digits will remain in the Display. (If more than fifteen seconds elapse between touching Clock Pad and touching an Arrow Pad, Clock Pad must be touched again in order to set clock.)

Touch the Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) until correct time of day appears in the Display.

Note: Four seconds later, the time of day will automatically be entered.

IMPORTANT

- To recall time of day when another time function is showing: Touch Clock Pad.
- To change time of day set on the clock: Repeat Steps 1 and 2 above.
- Clock time cannot be changed when oven has been programmed for Timed Bake, Timed Convect Bake, Timed Convect Roast or Self-clean. Cancel program before reprogramming clock.

Timer

Important: This interval Timer can be used to remind you when a period, up to 11 hours and 55 minutes, expires. It can be used independently of any other oven activity and can be set while another oven function is operating. The Timer does not control the oven.

BASIC INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Touch a Timer Pad.
- 2. Touch the appropriate number pads.

To set Timer

1. Touch a Timer Pad.

The Indicator Word TIMER and either 1 or 2 flashes and "0Hr:00" appears in the Display.

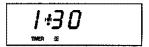
Touch the appropriate number pads until the desired number of minutes or hours and minutes appear in the Display.

Note: If more than five seconds elapse between touching a Timer Pad and a number pad, the Timer Pad must be touched again.

Example: To set Timer One for 5 minutes, touch the **Timer One Pad** and the number pad "5". After five seconds, the Display will show:



Example: To set Timer Two for 1 hour and 30 minutes, touch the **Timer Two Pad** and the number pads "1, 3, 0". After five seconds, the Display will show:



Countdown will start after five seconds. Countdown will have display precedence over other time functions. If both timers are set, the timer with the least amount of time remaining will have display precedence.

At the end of time set, the Timer will chime four times and "End" will appear in the Display. If the Timer is not cancelled (see below), "End" will remain in the Display and there will be two chimes every thirty seconds for five minutes.

To cancel Timer

- Touch and hold the **Timer Pad** for four seconds. OR
- 2. A. Touch the Timer Pad.
 - B. Touch "0" number pad. Five seconds later the Timer will be cancelled.

NOTE: Touching Cancel Off Pad to cancel chimes will cancel ALL selected oven programming.

Clock Controlled Baking or Roasting

BASICINSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Touch Bake Pad or Convect Bake Pad or Convect Roast Pad.
- 2. Touch the Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) for desired temperature.
- 3. Touch Cook Time Pad.
- 4. Touch the Up Arrow Pad to enter cooking hours & minutes.
- 5. Touch Stop Time Pad.
- 6. Touch the Up Arrow Pad to enter Stop Time.*

*Omit steps 5 & 6 if you want baking to start immediately.

To set oven to start immediately and shut off automatically

- Touch Bake Pad or Convect Bake Pad or Convect Roast Pad.
 Indicator Words BAKE or CONVECT BAKE or CONVECT ROAST will flash and three dashes will be shown in the Display.
- 2. Touch the Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) for desired oven temperature appears in the Display. After four seconds the oven will begin to preheat. The Indicator Words ON and BAKE or CONVECT BAKE or CONVECT ROAST will appear in the Display. The temperature shown will be 100° or the actual temperature of the oven, whichever is higher.

Example: If at 10 o'clock you set the oven for 350° for convection baking, after four seconds the Display will show:

CONVECT BAKE ON 100°

During the preheat, the Display will show a rise in 5° increments until programmed temperature is reached. When the oven is preheated, the oven will beep once, the ON Indicator Word will go off, and the CONVECT BAKE Indicator Words and programmed oven temperature will remain in the Display.

Important: Whenever ON appears in the Display, the oven is heating.

- 3. Touch Cook Time Pad.
 - Indicator Words COOK TIME will flash and Display will show "0 HR:00".
- 4. Touch the Up Arrow Pad to enter cooking hours and minutes.

Hours are to the left of colon and minutes to the right of colon.

(Allowable range is 10 minutes to 11 hours and 55 minutes.)

Example: If cooking time selected for the oven is 2 hours and 30 minutes, the Display will show:

2:30 100°

After four seconds, the time of day returns to the Display.

Important: Oven will preheat for approximately 7 to 11 minutes. At the end of the preheat, there will be one beep. At end of programmed Cook Time, oven will shut off automatically and retained heat will continue to cook the food. Clock controlled cooking is not recommended for baked items that require a preheated oven, such as cakes, cookies, pies, breads. For these foods, place food in preheated oven, then use Timer to signal end of baking time.

At the end of programmed Cook Time, the oven will shut off automatically, four beeps will be heard and the word "End" will show in the Display. The beeps will continue at one beep per minute for one hour or until the **Cancel Off Pad** is touched.

To set oven to start at future time and shut off automatically

- 1-4. Follow preceding steps 1-4 on pages 28.
- 5. Touch Stop Time Pad.

Indicator Words STOP TIME will flash. Display will show the calculated stop time based on current time of day and cook time.

6. Touch the Up Arrow Pad to enter desired stop time.

A stop time can only be accepted for later in the day.

Note: Since food continues to cook if left in the oven, it is suggested that the clock controls be used primarily to start the oven when no one is in the kitchen. Provisions should be made to have the food removed as soon as the cook time is completed.

Example: If at 10 o'clock you set the oven for 350° convection baking and 2 hours and 30 minutes cooking time, the calculated stop time would be "12:30". The Display would show:

12:30 100°

If you want the stop time to be 1 o'clock, touch the **Up Arrow Pad** until 1:00 appears in the Display. The Display would show:



After four seconds, the Display will return to current time of day, thus showing:



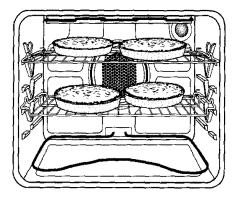
At the end of the delayed period, the DELAY Indicator Word will go off, the ON Indicator Word will appear and the oven will begin to heat. 100° or the current oven temperature, whichever is higher, will be shown. As the oven heats, the Display will show a rise in increments of 5° until programmed temperature is reached.

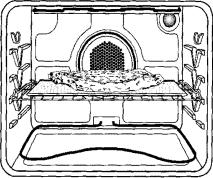
At the end of programmed Cook Time, the oven will shut off automatically, four beeps will be heard and "End" will appear in the Display. If oven is not cancelled, "End" will remain in the Display and there will be one beep every minute for one hour.

IMPORTANT

- To recall time function programmed: Touch the appropriate time pad.
- To cancel timed function only: Hold Cook Time Pad for four seconds. This will
 only cancel cook time and stop time, not programmed bake mode.
- If more than fifteen seconds elapse between touching a function pad and touching an Arrow Pad, the oven is not set and Display will return to previous Display.

Baking





General Baking Recommendations

- When cooking foods for the first time in your new oven, use recipe cooking times and temperatures as a guide.
- Use tested recipes from reliable sources.
- Preheat the oven only when necessary. For baked foods that rise and for richer browning, a preheated oven is better. Casseroles can be started in a cold oven.
 Preheating takes from 7 to 11 minutes; place food in oven after preheat beep.
- Arrange oven racks before turning on oven. Follow suggested rack positions on pages 25 and 31.
- Allow about 1 to 1¹/₂ inches of space between the oven side walls and pans to allow proper air circulation.
- When baking foods in more than one pan, place them on opposite corners of the rack. Stagger pans when baking on two racks so that one pan does not shield another unless shielding is intended. (See above left.)
- To conserve energy, avoid frequent or prolonged door openings. At the end of cooking, turn oven off before removing food.
- Always test for doneness (fingertip, toothpick, sides pulling away from pan). Do not rely on time or brownness as only indicators.
- Use good quality baking pans and the size recommended in the recipe.
- Dull, dark, enameled or glass pans will generally produce a brown, crisp crust. Shiny metal pans produce a light, golden crust.
- Frozen pies in shiny aluminum pans should be baked on a cookie sheet on rack 2 or be removed to a dull or glass pan.
- If edge of pie crust browns too quickly, fold a strip of foil around rim of crust, covering edge. (See above right.)

Baking Chart

For Conventional Bake use the Bake Pad.

Product and Type	Pan Size	Rack Position*	Convect Bake		Conventional Bake	
			Temp. (°F) Preheated***	Time**	Temp. (°F) Preheated	Time**
CAKE						
Yellow - 2 layers	9"	30 or 3	325°	22-30	350°	28-33
White - 2 layers	9"	30 or 3	325°	22-30	350°	25-30
Chocolate - 2 layers	9"	30 or 3	325°	25-30	350°	30-35
Angel Food	tube	20 or 2	350°	30-35	375°	30-40
Pound Cake	9x5 loaf	2	300°	50-60	325°	55-65
Cupcakes	2 pans	20 & 4	325°	15-20	3500	15-25
Sheet Cake	9x13"	3 or 3o	325°	26-31	350°	30-40
PIES						
Two Crust						
Fruit, fresh	9"	30	350°-400°	45-60	375°-425°	45-60
Fruit, frozen	9"	2	350°-400°	40-65	375°-425°	40-65
One Crust						
Custard, fresh	9"	1	325°-375°	40-50	350°-400°	40-60
Meringue	9"	30	325°-375°	7-11	350°-400°	8-12
Pie Shell	9"	2	425°	7-11	450°	8-12
COOKIES						
Chocolate Chip		30 or 3	325°-350°	6-10	350°-375°	7-11
Peanut Butter		30 or 3	325°-350°	6-10	350°-375°	7-11
Sugar		30 or 3	325°-375°	6-10	350°-400°	7-11
Brownies	9x13*	30	325°	20-26	350°	25-31
BREADS, YEAST						
Loaf	9x5 loaf	1 or 20	350°	17-23	375°	18-28
Rolls		30	350°-375°	9-14	375°-400°	12-15
BREADS, QUICK						
Loaf, Nut, Fruit	8x4 loaf	20	325°-350°	40-55	350°-375°	50-65
Gingerbread	9x9"	30	325°	22-28	350°	25-35
Combread	8x8"	30	375°-425°	13-28	400°-450°	15-30
Combread Multins		30	350°-375°	8-15	375°-400°	10-20
Biscuits		3 or 3o	375°-400°	7-11	400°-425°	8-15
Mulfins		30	350°-400°	15-20	375°-425°	15-25

^{*} An "o" after a rack number implies that the offset rack should be used.
** The times given are based on specific brands of mixes or recipes tested. Actual times will depend on the ones you bake.

^{***} The Convect Bake temperature is 25°F lower than recommended on package mix or recipe.

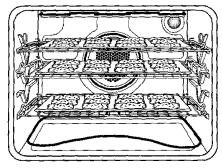
Causes of Cake Failure

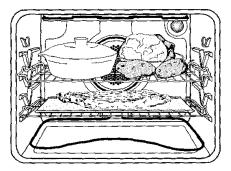
Problem	Possible Cause			
Cake Falls	Oven not hot enough Insufficient baking Opening oven door during baking Too much or too little leavening, liquid or sugar			
Peaks in center or cracks on top	Oven too hot at start of baking or overbaking Pan size too small Too little or too much flour or leavening Overmixing			
Flat Cake	Pan too large Overmixing or undermixing Too much or too little liquid Old or too little baking powder			
Uneven cakes	Range not level Batter uneven Cake pans too close to oven walls or each other			
Sticks to pan	Cake cooled in pan too long Pan not greased and floured			
Cracks and falls apart	Removed from pan too soon Too much shortening, leavening or sugar			
Excessive shrinkage from sides of pan	Oven too hot or overbaking Overmixing			

Convect Baking Recommendations

- Use convection baking for breads, cakes, cookies and pies.
- As a general rule, when using recipes or prepared mixes developed for a conventional bake oven, set the oven temperature 25°F lower than the recipe recommended temperature. Times will be similar to or a few minutes less than recipe recommended times. The chart on page 31 compares times and temperatures of many baked foods. Use this as a reference.
- For better browning, place cookie sheets and baking pans lengthwise, side to side on the rack.
- Cookie sheets should be without sides and made of shiny aluminum. The best size to use for cookie sheets is 16" x 12" or smaller.

Convect Cooking on Multiple Racks





Three-Rack Convection Baking

Oven Meal

For best results, bake foods on one rack at a time as described in this manual. However, very good results can be obtained when baking quantities of foods on multiple racks. Quantity cooking provides both time and energy savings.

Convect Bake is suggested for most multiple rack cooking, especially three rack cooking, because the circulating heated air results in more even browning. For two rack cooking, the conventional bake oven provides very good baking results especially when pans can be staggered, such as with layer cakes and fresh pies.

Many foods can be prepared on three racks at the same time. These are just a few examples: cookies, cupcakes, rolls, biscuits, muffins, pies, pizzas, appetizers, and snack foods.

To obtain the best results in multiple rack cooking, follow these suggestions:

- Use temperature and times in this manual as a guide for best results.
- For two rack baking, rack positions #20 and 4 are best for most baked products but positions #2 and 4 also provide acceptable results.
- For three rack baking use positions #1, 3o and 4. (See illustration above.) One exception is pizza. (See p. 37.)
- Since foods on positions #1 and 4 will usually be done before foods on position #3o, additional cooking time will be needed for browning foods on the middle rack. An additional minute is needed for thin foods such as cookies. For foods such as biscuits, rolls, or muffins, allow 1 to 2 more minutes. Frozen pies and pizzas, which should be baked on a cookie sheet, need about 2 to 4 more minutes.
- Stagger small pans, such as layer cake pans, in the oven.
- Frozen pies in shiny aluminum pans should be placed on cookie sheets and baked on rack positions #1, 3o and 4.
- Cookie sheets should be placed lengthwise, side to side, in front of the fan for more even browning.
- Oven meals are recommended for energy conservation. Use rack positions #1 and 30 or #20 and 4 and Convect Roast. (See illustration above.)

Roasting

General Roasting Recommendations

- Preheating is not necessary.
- For open pan roasting, place meat or poultry on the slotted portion of the two-piece pan included with the oven. Do not add water to the pan. Use open pan roasting for tender cuts of meat. Less tender cuts of meat need to be cooked by moist heat in a covered pan.
- For best results, a meat thermometer is the most accurate guide to degree of doneness. The tip of the thermometer should be located in the thickest part of a roast, not touching fat, bone, or gristle. For turkeys and large poultry products, insert the tip of the thermometer into the thickest part of the inner thigh.
- Place roast fat side up to allow self basting of meat during roasting.
- Since meats continue to cook after being removed from the oven, remove roast from oven when it reaches an internal temperature about 5 degrees below the temperature desired.
- For less loss of juices and easier carving, allow about 15 minutes "standing time" after removing meat from oven.
- For best results in roasting poultry, thaw completely. Due to the structure of poultry, partially thawed poultry will cook unevenly.

Conventional Roasting Recommendations Using Bake Pad

- If preferred, tender cuts of meat can be roasted in the conventional bake oven by following the general recommendations given above. However, meats will roast more quickly in the convect oven using Convect Roast.
- Conventional bake is best for less tender cuts of meat that require a longer, moist heat method of cooking. Follow your recipe for times and temperatures for covered meats.
- Meats cooked in oven cooking bags, dutch ovens, or covered roasting pans are best cooked in the conventional bake oven using the Bake Pad.
- Use meat roasting charts in standard cookbooks for recommended times and temperatures for roasting in a conventional bake oven.

Roasting Chart

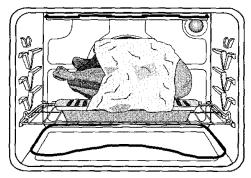
Chart time is based on thawed meats only. For Conventional Roasting use the **Bake Pad**.

Variety and Cut of Meat	Approx. Weight (lb)	Oven Temp (°F) no preheat*	Internal Temp of Meat - End of Roesting Time (°F)	Approx Convect Roasting Time (minutes per /b)	Approx Conventional Roasting Time (minutes per (b.)
BEEF					
Rib Roast	4 to 8	325°	145° (rare) 160° (medium)	25-30 30-35	30-35 35-40
Rib Eye Roast	4 to 6	325°	145° (rare) 160° (medium)	25-30 30-35	30-35 35-40
Tenderloin Roast	2 to 3	400°	145° (rare)	18-23	23-28
Eye of Round Roast	4 to 5	325°	145° (rare) 160° (medium)	25-30 30-35	30-35 35-40
Top Loin Roast	3 to 6	325°	145° (rare) 160° (medium)	25-30 30-35	30-35 35-40
Round Tip Roast	4 to 6	325°	145° (rare) 160° (medium)	25-30 30-35	30-35 35-40
PORK				3 to 10 to 1	and the second second
Shoulder Blade Roast Boneless	4 to 6	325°	170°	30-40	35-45
Shoulder Blade Roast	4 to 6	325°	170°	25-35	30-40
Top Loin, boneless	3 to 4	325°	170°	30-40	35-45
Ham, Half (Fully cooked)	5 to 7	325°	140°	NA**	25-35
Ham, Half (Cook before eating)	5 to 7	275°	160°	30-40	35-45
Arm Picnic Shoulder (Fully cooked)	5 to 8	325°	140°	20-25	25-30
POULTRY					L
Turkey, unstuffed	8 to 12	325°	180%-185%	15-17	20-22
Turkey, unstuffed	12 to 16	325°	180°-185°	13-15	18-20
Turkey, unstuffed	16 to 20	325°	180°-185°	11-13	16-18
Turkey, unstuffed	20 to 24	325°	180°-185°	9-11	14-16
Turkey, Breast	3 to 8	325°	170°-175°	25-35	30-40
Chicken, Whole	21/2 to 31/2	375°	185°	19-23	22-26
Cornish Game Hen	1 to 11/2	375°	180°-185°	35-45	45-55
Duck	4 to 6	350°	185°	15-20	20-25

^{*} When using the Convect Roast mode, there is no need to preheat the oven or to lower the temperature from conventional roast temperatures.

^{**} Not recommended for convection cooking. Most precooked hams have to be covered while roasting, thus there would be no time savings when using the convect mode.

Convect Roasting Recommendations



- Tender cuts of meat and poultry can be roasted to a rich golden brown in the convection oven. Follow general recommendations for roasting and use Convect Roast.
- Refer to convection meat roasting chart for recommended cooking temperature and time. The chart can serve as a guide to help plan meal serving time.
- Minutes per pound will vary according to the size, shape, quality, and initial temperature of meat as well as the electrical voltage in your area. Times are based on refrigerator cold meat.
- A large cut of meat will usually require fewer minutes per pound to roast than a smaller cut of meat.
- Do not use a roasting pan with high sides; use pan provided with oven.
- Do not cover meat. Allow the circulating hot air to surround the meat and seal in the juices.
- Since the breast meat on a large turkey cooks more quickly than the thigh area, place a "foil cap" over the breast area after desired brownness is reached to prevent overbrowning. (See above.)
- A stuffed turkey will require an extra 30 to 60 minutes, depending on size. Stuffing should reach an internal temperature of 165°F.

Convect Roasting: Frozen to Finish

Meats (except poultry) may be roasted frozen to finish. Follow these guidelines for the most satisfactory results.

- Use temperatures for roasting fresh meats as recommended by most cookbooks.
 Generally, most meats are roasted at 325°F. For best results do not use temperatures below 300°F.
- Use times for roasting fresh meats given in your favorite cookbooks as approximate
 guides for roasting frozen meats. Roasting times will vary due to factors such as
 coldness of meat, size, quality, or cut. In general, roasting times for frozen to finish
 in the convection oven will be approximately the same as fresh to finish in a
 conventional bake oven.
- The guidelines given for roasting fresh meats in the convection oven also apply to roasting frozen meats.
- Insert meat thermometer midway during the cooking process.

Convect Roasting of Frozen Convenience Foods

Figure 2.

- Use the Convect Roast Pad for best results.
- Preheating the oven is not necessary.
- Follow package recommendations for oven temperature, foil covering and use of cookie sheets. Cooking times will be similar. See chart below for some exceptions and examples.
- Center foods in the oven. If more than one food item is being cooked or if foods are being cooked on multiple racks, stagger foods for proper air circulation.
- Most foods are cooked on rack position #3o. (See Figure 2.)
- For multiple rack cooking, use racks #1, 3o and 4. However, pizzas should be placed on cookie sheets and baked on rack position #2o, 3 and 4.

Here are a few examples of times and temperatures

Frozen Convenience Foods	Rack Position*	CONVECT ROAST OVEN NOT PREHEATED		CONVENTIONAL BAKE** PREHEATED	
		Temp.º F	Minutes***	Temp.º F	Minutes***
Chicken, fried	30	375°	40-45	375°	40-45
Fish, sticks	3	400°	13-18	400°	15-20
French fries	3	450°	20-25	450°	20-25
Pot Pies	30	400°	30-35	400°	30-35
Pizza	30	400°	12-15	400°	12-15

- * An "o" after a rack number implies that the offset rack should be used.
- ** Conventional bake uses the Bake Pad.
- *** The times given are based on specific brands of mixes or recipes tested. Actual times will depend on the ones you bake.

Note: Convect roasting times will be similar to the conventional times because the oven is not preheated. The time savings comes from not having to preheat the oven.

Broiling

BASIC INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Position oven rack.
- 2. Touch Broil Pad.
- 3. Touch Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) to set temperature.

To Broil

1. Place oven rack on the rack position suggested in the chart. (See p. 39.)
Distance from broiling element depends on foods being prepared. Rack position
40 (offset rack in position #4) is usually recommended unless otherwise stated.

2. Touch Broil Pad.

Indicator Word BROIL will flash and Display will show three dashes.

Note: If more than fifteen seconds elapses between touching **Broil Pad** and touching **Up** or **Down Arrow Pad(s)**, the oven is <u>not</u> set and Display will return to previous Display.

3. Touch Up or Down Arrow Pad(s).

The first touch of an **Arrow Pad** will enter "**HI**" in the Display. The oven has a variable broil feature which means that a lower temperature can be selected. Touch **Down Arrow Pad** if a lower temperature is desired. Use "**HI**" broil for most broil operations. Use variable broil for delicate and long-term items.

Four seconds after entering "HI" or entering a temperature, the broil element will come on and the Indicator Words BROIL and ON will remain in the Display along with the selected Broil temperature. If the variable broil feature was selected, the Indicator Word ON will cycle with the element.

Example: If at 10 o'clock you set the oven for broil ("HI"), the Display will show:



- 4. Place food on broiler pan. Broil element will preheat in 5 minutes. After broil element is red, place food in oven. Oven door MUST be left open at broil stop position.
- 5. Touch Cancel Off Pad to turn off oven when food is cooked.

NOTE: A fan comes on during the BROIL cycle. If it does not, the oven broil element will cycle on and off. If the fan does not operate, contact your authorized Jenn-Air Service Contractor for repair.

Broiling Tips

- Tender cuts of meat or marinated meats are best for broiling. This includes rib and loin cuts of steak, ground beef, ham steaks, poultry pieces or fish. For best results, steaks should be at least 1" thick. Thinner steaks should be pan-broiled.
- Do not cover broiler grid with foil since this prevents fat drippings from draining into the bottom of the pan.
- Before broiling, remove excess fat from meat and score edges of fat (do not cut into meat) to prevent meat from curling. Salt after cooking.
- To prevent dry surface on fish or lean meats, brush melted butter on top.
- Foods that require turning should be turned only once during broiling. Turn meat with tongs to avoid piercing and loss of juices.

Broiling Chart

Chart time is based on a preheated broil element using the "HI" setting.

	Rack	Approximate	(Minutes/Side)	
Foods	Position*	1st Side	2nd Side	
BEEF				
Steak (1")	40			
Medium		9	7	
Well		11	8	
Hamburgers (%") Medium	40	5	3-4	
Well		6	4-5	
PORK Bacon	40	2	1-2	
Chops (1/2")	40	7	5-6	
Chops (1*)	3	10-11	9-10	
Ham Slice	40	4	2-3	
POULTRY				
Breast Halves (Bone-in)	3	11-12	9-11	
SEAFOOD				
Fish Steaks, Buttered (1")	40	8-10	(no turning)	
MISCELLANEOUS				
Hot Dogs	40	2	2	
Toast	40	1	1	

^{*}An "o" after a rack number implies that the offset rack should be used.

Note: This chart is a suggested guide. The times may vary with food being cooked.

Oven Cleaning

How the Self Cleaning Process Works

When the oven controls are set to CLEAN, the oven heats to temperatures that are higher than those used for cooking. The high temperatures cause food soil to burn off and substantially disappear. While this occurs, a device in the oven vent helps to consume normal amounts of smoke. The oven is vented through an opening under the air grille.

How to Prepare Oven Before Operating the Self-Cleaning Process

- Remove the broiler pan and any other utensils from the oven. These utensils cannot withstand the high temperatures of the cleaning process.
- Clean spatters and spills from those areas which will not be cleaned during the selfcleaning process:
 - center front of oven and door near opening in door gasket.
 - porcelain oven door liner (area outside the door gasket).
 - oven front frame.

Note: DO NOT CLEAN serial plate located on the oven front.

To clean these areas, use hot water and detergent, nonabrasive cleansers or soap filled steel wool pads. Rinse thoroughly, being careful not to use an excessive amount of water that would dampen the door gasket. Soil left in these areas will be more difficult to remove after the self-cleaning process since the high heat will



bake on any soil that is present. DO NOT USE COMMERCIAL OVEN CLEANERS TO CLEAN THESE AREAS.

- DO NOT ATTEMPT TO CLEAN, RUB, OR APPLY WATER TO GASKET ON OVEN DOOR. The gasket is essential for a good door seal. Rubbing or cleaning will damage the gasket and may affect the seal.
- Wipe up excess grease and food spillovers which have not baked on the bottom of the oven. Large accumulations of soil can cause heavy smoke or fire in the oven during the cleaning process. For ease of cleaning, the heating element can be lifted slightly.
- Although smoke or fire in the oven is a normal occurrence and there is no safety problem, there will be venting of excessive smoke and odor. Smoke and odor can be removed from the kitchen by turning on the ventilation system.

• The oven racks can be cleaned in the oven. However, the oven racks will discolor, lose shininess, and become difficult to slide in and out if left in the oven during the cleaning process. REMOVE RACKS FROM OVEN IF THIS DISCOLORATION WILL BE OBJECTIONABLE. As a suggestion, do not leave the racks in the oven during each self-cleaning process if they do not need to be cleaned since they will discolor to a dull silver after the first cleaning. Moderately soiled racks can be cleaned with a soapy S.O.S. pad or Scotch-Brite scour pad. Stubborn stains need to be removed in the self-cleaning process. Be sure to read special tips on page 44 if oven racks are cleaned during the self-cleaning process.

Steps to Follow for Self-Cleaning Process

BASIC INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Close the door.
- 2. Touch Clean Pad.
- Touch Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) to enter desired cleaning time. (Light soil-2 hours; Average soil-3 hours; Heavy soil-4 hours)
- 4. Touch Stop Time Pad.*
- 5. Touch Up Arrow Pad to enter desired stop time.*

To set oven to start cleaning immediately

- 1. Close the oven door.
- 2. Touch Clean Pad.

Indicator Words CLEAN TIME will flash and Display will show "_ HR : __".

3. Touch Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) to select cleaning time.

The first touch of an **Arrow Pad** will give you 3 hours of cleaning time. The cleaning time can be varied depending on the amount of soil. Set "2:00" for light soil or "4:00" for heavy soil.

Note: If more than fifteen seconds elapse between touching **Clean Pad** and touching an **Arrow Pad**, the oven is <u>not</u> set and time of day will automatically return to the Display.

Example: If at 10 o'clock you selected to self-clean your oven for 3 hours, the

Display will show:

3:00 CLEAN

Four seconds after selecting desired cleaning time the Display will return to time of day and the Indicator Words HR and TIME will go off. The LOCK Indicator Word and the cooling fan will come on when the door is latched. The Indicator Word CLEAN will remain and ON will appear and cycle with the elements to maintain the clean temperature.

Note: If the oven door was left open, the word "door" will flash in the Display and a signal will continuously beep until the door is closed and the Clean Pad is touched.

When the clean function has been completed, the Indicator Words CLEAN and ON will go off. The Indicator Word LOCK and the cooling fan will remain on until the oven has cooled down and the door has unlocked.

^{*}Omit steps 4 & 5 if you wish cleaning to begin immediately.

To set oven to start cleaning at a later time

- 1-3. Follow steps 1-3 in previous section on page 41.
 - 4. Touch Stop Time Pad.

Indicator Words STOP TIME will flash in the Display. The Indicator Word CLEAN and the calculated stop time will also appear in Display.

Example: If at 10:00, you set the Clean time for 3 hours, the calculated stop time would be 1:00 and the Display would show:



Touch the Up Arrow Pad to enter new stop time. A stop time can only be accepted for later in the day.

Example: If you want the stop time to be 4:30 instead of 1:00, then touch the **Up Arrow Pad** until the Display shows:



After four seconds, the Display will return to the Time of Day, thus showing:



When the oven begins to clean, the Indicator Word DELAY will go off and the Display will show the Indicator Words CLEAN, ON and LOCK.

When the clean function has been completed, the Indicator Words CLEAN and ON will go off. The Indicator Word LOCK and the cooling fan will remain on until the oven has cooled down and the door has unlocked.

To cancel self-clean

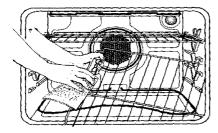
- Touch Cancel Off Pad.
- The oven door will be locked while the LOCK Indicator Word remains in the Display.
 Depending on the length of time the oven had been self-cleaning, it may take up to 45 minutes for the oven to cool down, the door to unlock and cooling fan to turn off.

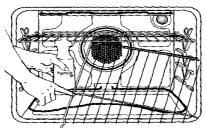
IMPORTANT

- To recall cleaning time or stop time: Touch the appropriate pad (Clean Pad or Stop Time Pad).
- To change cleaning time or stop time before cleaning begins: Repeat the preceding steps.
- When the Clean Pad is touched, a fan comes on. If this fan is not operating, the
 oven will go through the cleaning process at a reduced oven temperature and the
 oven will not clean effectively. If the fan does not operate, contact your authorized
 Jenn-Air Service Contractor for service.

More Information on the Self-Cleaning Process

- A slight odor may be detected, and if an oven is heavily soiled, some smoke may be visible. Some smoke and odor during the cleaning process is a normal occurrence. Since the oven vent is located under the air grille, vapors, moisture, etc. may be seen coming from this area. If the odor is strong or objectionable, turn on the ventilation system to exhaust odors to the outdoors. (See p. 10.)
- During the cleaning process, do not be alarmed if an occasional flame is visible through the oven window. This is caused by excessive food soil that was not removed before the oven was set to clean.
- SINCE THE DOOR AND WINDOW OF THE OVEN WILL GET WARM DURING THE SELF-CLEANING PROCESS, AVOID CONTACT.
- Some types of soil may disintegrate but leave a light film or heavier deposit of ash. The amount of ash depends on the amount of soil which was in the oven. After oven has cooled, this ash may be removed with a damp sponge. If other dark deposits remain after wiping with a sponge, the time set for the length of cleaning was not enough. Increase the cleaning time for future cleanings or clean more frequently. The normal cleaning time is 3 hours. A maximum of 4 hours may be selected if necessary.





- If racks have been left in oven during the cleaning process, they should be treated as follows. After the cleaning process is completed and the oven has cooled, buff the underside of rack edges with Scotch-Brite scour pad or rub lightly the underside of rack edges with a coating of vegetable oil. Use a light application of oil so it does not soil the oven. This will make the cleaned racks slide more easily.
- To remove occasional spillovers between cleanings, use a soap-filled scouring pad or mild cleanser; rinse well.
- It is better to clean the oven regularly rather than wait until there is a heavy buildup
 of soil in the oven.
- During the cleaning process, the kitchen should be well ventilated to help eliminate normal odors associated with cleaning.
- DO NOT USE COMMERCIAL OVEN CLEANERS.
- DO NOT USE ALUMINUM FOIL OR OTHER LINERS IN THE OVEN.

Caring For Your Range

Cleaning Other Parts of Your Range

Stainless Steel

- DO NOT USE ANY CLEANING PRODUCT CONTAINING CHLORINE BLEACH.
- ALWAYS WIPE WITH THE GRAIN WHEN CLEANING.
- Daily Cleaning/Light Soil wipe with one of the following soapy water, white vinegar/water solution, Formula 409 Glass and Surface Cleaner or a similar multisurface cleaner - using a sponge or soft cloth. Rinse and dry. To polish and help prevent fingerprints, follow with Stainless Steel Magic Spray (Jenn-Air Model A912, Part No. 20000008).
- Moderate/Heavy Soil wipe with one of the following Bon Ami, Smart Cleanser
 or Soft Scrub using a damp sponge or soft cloth. Rinse and dry. Stubborn soils may
 be removed with a damp Scotch-Brite pad; rub evenly with the grain. Rinse and
 dry. To restore luster and remove streaks, follow with Stainless Steel Magic Spray
 (Jenn-Air Model A912. Part No. 20000008).
- Discoloration using a damp sponge or soft cloth, wipe with Cameo Stainless Steel Cleaner. Rinse immediately and dry. To remove streaks and restore luster, follow with Stainless Steel Magic Spray (Jenn-Air Model A912, Part No. 20000008).
- Stubborn food stains may be removed by spraying with an oven cleaner. Allow
 to set overnight, then rinse well and dry. Follow with a multi-surface cleaner. To
 polish, use Stainless Steel Magic Spray (Jenn-Air Model A912, Part No. 20000008).

CAUTION

When using an oven cleaner, avoid spraying areas other than the stainless steel such as the air grille, control knob area or areas around the cooktop. *Immediately wipe up any spray from these areas with a damp cloth*. Read the manufacturer's precautions on using oven cleaners. The caustic materials in these products will discolor materials such as aluminum, brushed or chrome plate. Hint: Oven cleaner can be used to clean the porcelain burner basin.

Control Knobs

The knobs on the control panel can be removed with the controls in the **Off** position. Pull each knob straight from the shaft. Wash knobs in warm soapy water or dishwasher; do not use abrasive cleansers or materials. To replace each knob, match flat part of knob opening with the flat of the shaft, *returning in Off position*. **Important:** Never use a metal blade to pry knob off.

Control Panel Area and Clock Display Window

Wipe with paper towels dampened with soapy water or glass cleaner. Do not spray any cleaning solutions directly onto the Display window or use large amounts of soap and water. Do not scrub with S.O.S pads or abrasive cleansers.

Glass Window

Use any suitable glass cleaner or soapy water. Do not use excessive amounts of water which may seep behind the glass. Do not use abrasive cleaning agents.

Igniters

- It is important to keep igniter port openings on burners clear and free of obstructions to avoid ignition failure and possible gas buildup. If the port openings are blocked, use a toothpick to remove food particles.
- The igniter cap and stem can be cleaned with warm soapy water and a plastic scrubber. The wire electrode inside the cap can be cleaned with a small brush. Rinse and dry.

Surface Burner Assembly

The surface burner assembly can be cleaned with mild detergents and a plastic scrubber, or washed in the dishwasher. To prevent scratching the burner heads, do not use abrasive cleansers or scrubbing pads. Do *NOT* clean in a self-clean oven.

Note: Check to be sure all ports are open. To open clogged ports, insert a toothpick directly into each port.

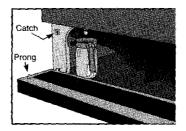
Although the burner grate is durable, it will gradually lose its shine and/or discolor, regardless of the care you take of it. This is due to its exposure to the high temperature of the gas flames.

To preserve the porcelain enamel finish as long as possible, have a pan on the grate before you turn on the burner, and lower the flame when food reaches the desired cooking temperature.

Access Panel

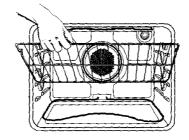
The access panel is easily opened or removed. To open panel, grasp upper corners and pull forward and down. To close panel, lift up and insert prongs into catches in the range.

To avoid the possibility of accidentally disconnecting any part of the ventilation system, do not use the area behind the access panel for storage.



Oven Racks

To remove, pull forward to the "stop" position; lift up on the front of the rack and pull out.

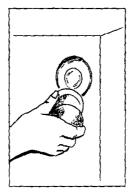


Oven Light Bulb

Before replacing bulb, disconnect power to oven at the main fuse or circuit breaker panel and at the electric receptacle. Be sure that the entire oven cavity including the light bulb is cool before attempting to remove.

To replace light bulb

- 1. Carefully unscrew the glass light lens.
- 2. To obtain firm grasp on the bulb, wear protective rubber gloves. Remove by turning bulb to the left. Do not touch a hot oven light bulb with a damp cloth as bulb will break. Note: If the bulb does break and you wish to remove it, be certain power supply is disconnected and wear protective gloves. You may contact your authorized Jenn-Air Service Contractor for service.
- 3. Replace bulb with a 40 watt oven-rated appliance bulb. A bulb with a brass base is recommended to prevent fusing of bulb into socket.



4. Replace bulb cover and reconnect power to oven. Reset clock.

Adjust Oven Temperature

The oven temperature can be adjusted if all oven temperatures are too low or too high and the length of time to cook ALL foods is too long or too short. Do NOT adjust the temperature if only one or two items are not baking properly.

To adjust

- 1. Touch the Bake Pad.
- 2. Touch and hold the Up Arrow Pad until 500° or higher appears in the Display.
- 3. Touch and hold the Bake Pad for six seconds until "00o" appears in the Display.
- 4. Touch the Up or Down Arrow Pad(s) to enter the desired offset temperature. (Allowable range is -35° to 35°.) Four seconds later, the Display will return to correct time of day.

Note: Do not change the temperature setting more than 10° before checking the oven.

Important: The oven should be adjusted only 10° and the oven should be tested. (We recommend baking two 9" yellow layer cakes using a purchased box mix.) If the oven temperature is still too low or too high, repeat the procedure described above.

How To Remove Range For Cleaning or Servicing

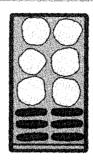
When necessary, follow these procedures to remove appliance for cleaning or servicing:

- 1. Shut-off gas supply to appliance.
- 2. Disconnect electrical supply to appliance.
- 3. Disconnect blower system.
- 4. Disconnect gas supply tubing to appliance.
- Remove screws that secure appliance to cabinet or floor. Remove appliance from cabinet.
- **6.** Reverse procedures to reinstall.
- 7. Test all joints for gas leaks with soap and water solution. NEVERUSEAMATCH OR OTHER FLAME TO LOCATE A GAS LEAK.

Accessories

Griddle - Model AG302

Self-draining griddle makes many favorite foods easier to fix. Family-sized surface lets you cook several pancakes, hamburgers, or grilled sandwiches at the same time.



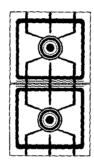
Wok - Model AO142

Ideal for stir-frying, steaming, braising, and stewing. Wok has nonstick finish, wood handles, cover, steaming rack, rice paddles and cooking tips.



Surface Burner Module - Model AG202

Includes surface burner assembly, aeration tray, and two surface burner grates.



Grill Cover - Model AG341

Attractive grill cover protects grill when not in use. Textured steel with molded handles.



NOTE: Only these accessories are approved for use with your gas grill-range. DO NOT USE Jenn-Air electric grill-range accessories on your gas grill-range.

Before You Call For Service

Check the following list to be sure a service call is really necessary. A quick reference of this manual may prevent an unneeded service call.

If grill or surface burner fails to light:

- check to be sure unit is properly connected to power supply.
- check for a blown circuit fuse or a tripped main circuit breaker.
- check to be sure burner ports or ignition ports are not clogged.
- check to be sure igniter is clicking. If igniter doesn't click, turn control knob Off and clean ignitor. (See p. 46.)
- check to be sure appliance regulator is set for correct fuel. (See installation instructions.)
- check to be sure inlet pressure is adequate. (Call gas company.)

If the flame is uneven:

- burner ports may be clogged.
- flame setting may need to be adjusted. (See p. 12-13.)

If grill or surface burner flame lifts off the ports:

shutter on the mixer tube needs to be closed until flame settles on the burner ports.
 (See pp. 12-13.)

If grill or surface burner flame is yellow in color:

 shutter on the mixer tube needs to be opened until yellow disappears. (See pp. 12-13)

If nothing on the range operates:

- check for a blown circuit fuse or a tripped main circuit breaker.
- check if range is properly connected to electric circuit in house.

If ventilation fan does not operate but everything else on the range does:

 check behind lower access panel if power cord to blower assembly has been disconnected.

If ventilation system is not capturing smoke efficiently:

- check on cross ventilation in room or make up air.
- excessive amount of smoke is being created; check instructions for grilling, trimming meats. (See pp. 18-20.)
- outside wall cap may be trapped shut.
- range may be improperly installed; check ducting information. (See p. 9.)
- air filter may be improperly installed (See p. 10.)

f oven does not heat:

- the oven controls may be set incorrectly.
- · clock controls may be set for delayed start of oven.

If the oven light does not work:

- the light bulb is loose or defective.
- oven light does not work during self-cleaning process.

If oven will not go through self-cleaning process:

- · controls may be improperly set.
- check the clock controlled settings and the current time of day on the clock.

If oven did not clean properly:

- oven may need longer cleaning time.
- excessive spills were not removed prior to self-cleaning process.

If oven door will not unlock:

- oven may not have cooled to safe temperature after self-cleaning process.
- electric current coming into the oven may be off.

If foods do not broil properly:

- the oven controls may not be set properly.
- check rack position.
- voltage into house may be low.

If baked food is burned or too brown on top:

- · food may be positioned incorrectly in oven.
- · oven not preheated properly.

If foods bake unevenly:

- the range may be installed improperly.
- · check the oven rack with a level.
- stagger pans, do not allow pans to touch each other or oven wall.
- check instructions for suggested placement of pans on oven rack.

If oven baking results are less than expected:

- the pans being used may not be of the size or material recommended for best results.
- there may not be sufficient room around sides of the pans for proper air circulation in the oven.
- check instructions for preheating, rack position and oven temperature.
- oven vent may have been blocked or covered.

If baking results differ from previous oven:

 oven thermostat calibration may differ between old and new ovens. Follow recipe and use and care directions before calling for service since the calibration on the previous oven may have drifted to a too high or too low setting. (See p. 48 - Adjusting Oven Temperature.)

If F plus a number appears in the Display:

 a fault code is being shown. When a fault code appears and a continuous beep sounds, touch the Cancel Off Pad. If the fault code reappears, disconnect power to the range and call an authorized Jenn-Air Service Contractor.

If You Need Service:

- call the dealer from whom your appliance was purchased or the authorized Jern-Air Service Contractor listed in the Yellow Pages. Your Jenn-Air Service Contractor can provide better and faster service if you can accurately describe problems and give model and serial number of the appliance. Be sure to retain proof of purchase to verify warranty status. Refer to WARRANTY for further information of owner's responsibilities for warranty service.
- if the dealer or service company cannot resolve the problem, write to Jenn-Air Customer Assistance, c/o Maytag Customer Service, P. O. Box 2370, Cleveland, TN 37320-2370, 1-800-688-1100.
- use and care manuals, service manuals and parts catalogs are available from Jenn-Air Customer Assistance, c/o Maytag Customer Service.

All specifications subject to change by manufacturer without notice.



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