



ENGLISH

ESPAÑOL

OWNER'S MANUAL BOTTOM FREEZER REFRIGERATOR

Please read this manual carefully before operating your set and retain it for future reference.

MANUAL DE USUARIO REFRIGERADOR CON CONGELADOR INFERIOR

Lea detenidamente este manual antes de empezar a utilizar el refrigerador y guárdelo como referencia para el futuro.

Model Name/Nombre de Modelo **=color number/número de color
LFC20770**

P/No. MFL67241801
Rev.1

www.lg.com

WARRANTY

Visit our web site <http://www.lg.com>

LG Electronics

LIMITED WARRANTY United States of America

LG Electronics will repair or at its option replace, without charge, your product which proves to be defective in material or workmanship under normal use during the warranty period listed below from the date of original purchase.

This warranty is good only to the original purchaser of the product during the warranty period as long as it is in the U.S. including Alaska, Hawaii, and U.S. Territories.

LG Refrigerator / Freezer Warranty Period

Product	Parts	Labor
Refrigerator / Freezer	1 year	1 year [In-Home Service (Except Model GR-051)]
Sealed System (Compressor, Condenser, Evaporator)	7 years	1 year [In-Home Service (Except Model GR-051)]

No other express warranty is applicable to this product. THE DURATION OF ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, IS LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE EXPRESS WARRANTY HEREIN. LG ELECTRONICS SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR THE LOSS OF USE OF THE PRODUCT, INCONVENIENCE OR ANY OTHER DAMAGES, DIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL, ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF OR INABILITY TO USE THIS PRODUCT OR FOR ANY BREACH OF ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY APPLICABLE TO THIS PRODUCT.

Some States do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts; so these limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

THE ABOVE WARRANTY DOES NOT APPLY TO:

1. Service trips to your home to deliver and pickup, install, instruct, or replace house fuses or correct house wiring or plumbing, or correction of unauthorized repairs.
2. Damage to the product caused by accident, pests, fire, floods, or acts of God.
3. Repairs when your LG product is used in other than normal, single-family household use.
4. Damage resulting from accident, alteration, misuse, abuse, or improper installation.
5. Damages caused during and/or after delivery.
6. Display, discount, or refurbished units purchased with scratches, dents, or defects.

Proof of purchase is required and must be provided to LG in order to validate warranty.

Therefore, these costs are paid by the consumer.

If the product is installed outside the normal service area, any cost of transportation involved in the repair of the product, or the replacement of defective parts, shall be borne by the owner.

CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE NUMBERS:

To obtain Warranty Coverage:	Retain your Bill of Sale to prove date of purchase. A Copy of your Sales Receipt must be submitted at the time warranty service is provided.
To obtain Product or Customer:	Call 1-800-243-0000 (24 hrs a day, 7 days per week, 365 days per year).
Service Assistance:	Press the appropriate menu option, and have your product type (Refrigerator), model number, serial number, and ZIP/Postal Code ready.
To obtain the nearest Authorized Service Center:	Call 1-800-243-0000 (24 hrs a day, 7 days per week, 365 days per year) Press the appropriate option, and have your product type (Refrigerator), model number, serial number, and ZIP/Postal Code ready.

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

SAFETY MESSAGES

This manual contains several important safety notices. Always read and obey all of the following safety messages.



This is the safety alert symbol. This symbol is a warning to potential dangers that could cause death, injury or damage to you, others or the product. All safety messages will follow after this warning symbol and the word "DANGER", "CAUTION" or "WARNING". These words mean:

DANGER

You may be killed or suffer fatal damage if you do not follow instructions.

WARNING

You may be killed or seriously injured if you do not follow instructions.

CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor injury or damage to the product.

All safety messages inform you of potential danger, advise you on how to reduce the risk of injury and tell you what can occur if the instructions are not followed.

WARNING

To reduce the risk of fire, electrical shock or personal injury, the following precaution measures should be followed:

- NEVER disconnect the refrigerator by pulling the power cord, always grip the plug firmly and disconnect it directly from the outlet.
- Immediately repair or replace all faulty or damaged service cables. Do not use cords that have cracks or abrasion damage on the length of the cord or on the plug.
- When moving your refrigerator, take care not to roll over the electrical cord.
- **DO NOT** store or use gasoline or other combustible liquids or vapors in proximity with this or any other electrical appliance.
- **DO NOT** permit children to climb, stand or swing from the doors or shelves of the refrigerator. This can cause serious injury to them and damage to the product.
- Keep your fingers away from areas in which they can become caught, such as the doors, hinges and cabinets. Be careful closing the doors when children are near.
- Unplug the refrigerator before cleaning or repairing. **NOTE:** We strongly recommend that any repair services be performed by a qualified professional.
- Before replacing a burned-out light bulb, unplug the refrigerator or shut down the circuit breaker to avoid contact with a live wire (the bulb could break while being replaced). **NOTE:** Setting the control to the OFF position does not disconnect the power from the light bulb circuit.
- Do not keep bottles in the freezer compartment, they could explode after freezing and cause damage.
- For your safety, this product should be properly grounded. Have a qualified professional check the electrical circuit and outlet to ensure a proper ground connection.
- Read all instructions before utilizing the product. Utilize this product only as explicitly expressed in this guide.
- Once the refrigerator is operating, avoid touching cold surfaces of the freezer with damp or wet hands; the skin could become adhered to these surfaces.
- In refrigerators with an automatic ice dispenser, avoid contact with moving parts of the ejector mechanism or with the heating mechanism that discharges the cubes. **DO NOT** place your fingers or hands in the ice dispenser mechanism while the refrigerator is connected.
- **DO NOT** refreeze foods which have already thawed. The Department of Agriculture of the United States, in your Bulletin of Home and Gardens No. 69 establishes that:
"...You can refreeze food that has thawed if they contain ice crystals or are cold and below 40 °F (4 °C)".
"...Ground beef, perishable food or seafood that is discolored or has an unpleasant odor should not be frozen or consumed. Consumption of melted ice cream should also be avoided. If the odor or color of food is questionable, discard it. The food may be dangerous to consume".
"Partial thawing or refreezing reduces the quality of the food, especially fruit, vegetables and prepared meals. The quality of red meat is less affected than other foods. Use refrozen products as soon as possible in order to maintain their quality".

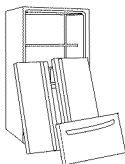
KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS

⚠ CAUTION

This appliance is not intended for use by children, persons with physical or mental disabilities, persons with reduced sensory or mental capacity, or persons with lack of experience or know-how, unless they have supervision or instruction in relation to the use of the appliance by the person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to assure that they do not play with the appliance.

⚠ DANGER: CHILDREN MAY BECOME TRAPPED

Children becoming trapped or suffocated is not a problem of the past. Discarded and abandoned refrigerators are a hazard, even if they remain there "for just a few days". If you would like to dispose of your old refrigerator, please follow the instructions below to prevent any accidents.



BEFORE DISPOSING YOUR REFRIGERATOR OR FREEZER WHEN NO LONGER IN USE:

- Remove the doors.
- Leave the shelves in place so that children cannot easily become stuck in them.

CFC DISPOSAL

Your old refrigerator may have a cooling system that uses CFC's (chlorofluorocarbons). CFC affects the stratospheric layer of the ozone.

If you decide to throw out your old refrigerator, ensure that CFC contaminants are properly disposed of by a qualified professional. If you intentionally remove the CFC refrigerant, you could be subject to fines or prison in accordance with environmental legislation in effect.

REQUIREMENTS FOR GROUND CONNECTION

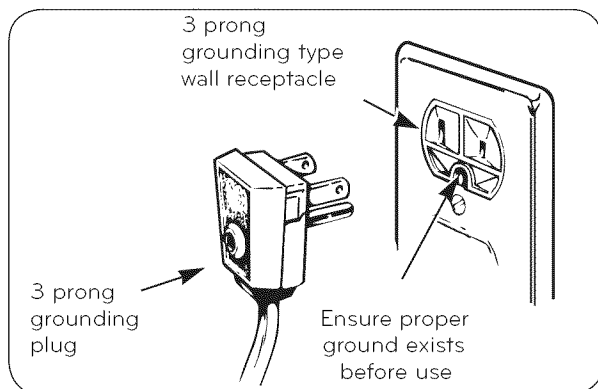
IMPORTANT: Attentively read the following.

TO CONNECT ELECTRICITY

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

FOR YOUR PERSONAL SAFETY, this appliance must be properly grounded. Have a qualified electrician check your wall outlet to ensure that the plug is grounded properly.



Do not, under any circumstance, cut or extract the third prong from the plug.

NOTE: Before installation, cleaning or replacing light bulbs, you must disconnect the appliance from the power source. When finished, plug the appliance back in and adjust the thermostat to the desired position.

USE OF EXTENSION CABLES

We do not recommend the use of extension cables. However, if you still choose to utilize an extension cable, it is absolutely necessary that it is listed in the UL (in the United States) or CSA (in Canada), that it supports three-pronged plugs and that the electrical current support a minimum of 15 A and 120 V.

The use of an extension cable will increase the amount of space needed behind the refrigerator.

⚠ WARNING

REPLACING ELECTRICAL CABLE

If the power cord is damaged, it must be replaced by our service center or qualified LG technician to avoid any risk.

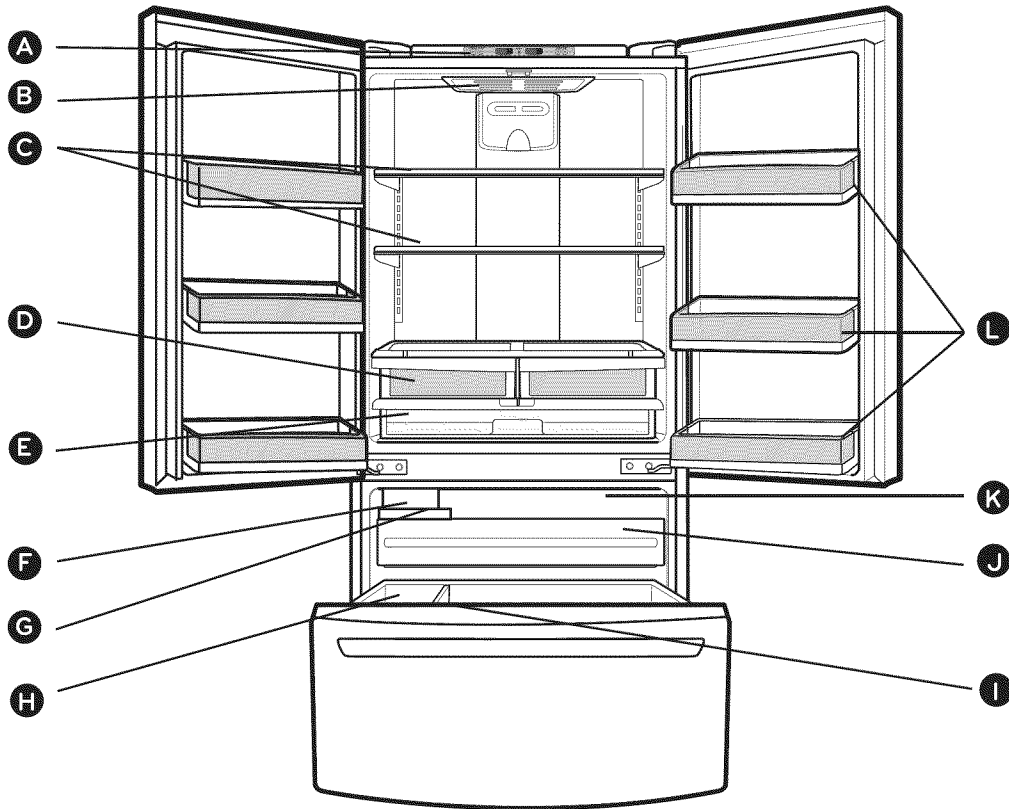
RECOMMENDED GROUNDING METHOD

Your refrigerator must always be plugged to its own outlet which is adequately grounded. The energy current should only be 115 V, 60 Hz, A.C. and fused at 15 or 20 A. This provides the best performance and prevents an overload which could cause a fire from the overheating of the cables. It is recommended that a separate circuit be used for this appliance, as well as a receptacle that cannot be disconnected with a switch.

Do not use an extension cable. It is your responsibility and obligation to replace two-prong outlets with that of an adequately grounded three-prong outlet.

PARTS AND FEATURES

Drawer Model



Read this section to familiarize yourself with the parts and features of your new refrigerator.

NOTE: This guide covers different models. Your refrigerator could have some or all of the features and parts listed below. The location of some of the parts may not correspond to that of your model.

- | | |
|--|---------------------------|
| A Refrigerator Temperature Control | I Durabase divider |
| B Refrigerator Light | J Pull Out Drawer |
| C Shelves | K Freezer Light |
| D Optibin Crisper
Keeps fruits and vegetable fresh and crisp | L Door Racks |
| E Pantry * | |
| F Ice Maker * | |
| G Ice Bin* | |
| H Durabase | |

* On some models

REFRIGERATOR INSTALLATION

⚠ WARNING

EXCESSIVE WEIGHT HAZARD

Use the assistance of two or more persons to move or install the refrigerator. Not following these instructions may cause injury to the back and other parts of the body.

UNPACKING

Before installing your refrigerator, remove any tape or temporary stickers. Do not remove any stickers that feature warnings, the model serial number or the technical label of the product located on the back of the refrigerator.

To remove adhesive tape residue, rub it well with your fingers and a little liquid detergent. Clean with warm water and let dry.

Do not use sharp instruments, rubbing alcohol, flammable liquids or abrasive cleaning products to remove the adhesive tape or glue. These products can damage the surface of your refrigerator. For more information, see the section on "Important Safety Instructions".

The shelves come already installed in their factory position. Remove the shelves and replace them according to your spacing needs.

Moving Your Refrigerator:

Your refrigerator is extremely heavy. Make sure you protect the floor when moving your refrigerator for cleaning or servicing. Always pull your refrigerator straight out when moving it. Do not shift from side to side or "walk" the refrigerator when attempting to move it as this can cause damage to the floor.

⚠ WARNING

EXPLOSION HAZARD



Keep all flammable materials and vapors (such as gasoline) away from the refrigerator. Not following these instructions may cause death, explosion or fire.

INSTALLATION

1. Avoid placing the unit near heat sources, direct sunlight, or humidity.
2. To avoid vibration, the unit should be leveled. If needed, adjust the leveling screws to compensate for an unlevelled floor. The front should be slightly taller than the rear to ensure that the doors close properly. The leveling screws can easily be turned by slightly tilting the front of the refrigerator, turning the leveling screws clockwise (➡) to raise it and counter-clockwise (↩) to lower it.

3. Install the refrigerator in an area between 55 °F (13 °C) and 110 °F (43 °C). If the surrounding temperature is lower or higher than previously mentioned, it can adversely affect the unit.

⚠ **CAUTION:** Avoid placing the unit near heat sources, direct sunlight or humidity.

ONCE INSTALLED

1. Carefully clean your refrigerator and remove any dust accumulated during shipping.
2. Install accessories such as the ice bin, door racks, shelves, etc., in their proper places. These are already packed to prevent any possible damage during shipping.
3. Leave your refrigerator on for 2 to 3 hours before storing food inside. Verify that there is a flow of cold air in the freezer compartment to ensure proper cooling. Your refrigerator is now ready for use.

⚠ WARNING:

- Take care when working with the hinges, base cover and stops, etc. You may injure yourself.
- DO not place your hands or any tools in the air vents, the base cover or in the bottom of the refrigerator. This may cause injury or electrical shock.

INSTALLATION OF BASE GRILLE

Uninstalling or Replacing the Base Grille

1. Remove the 2 screws from the bottom front part of your refrigerator (see Figure A).
2. Take off the cover.

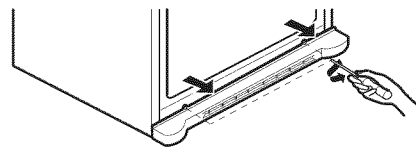


Figure A

Installing the Base Grille

1. Align the bottom cover and place in position. Insert the 2 screws and twist in place (see Figure B).

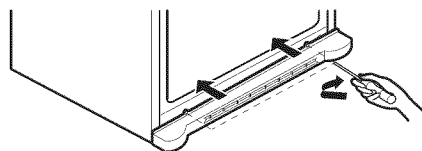
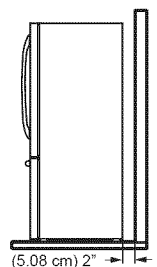


Figure B

Keep a Proper Distance from Adjacent Objects

Please keep the refrigerator at an adequate distance from other objects. Insufficient spacing can reduce the refrigerator's freezing efficiency and increase electricity consumption.



REFRIGERATOR INSTALLATION

HOW TO REMOVE AND INSTALL THE REFRIGERATOR DOORS

For moving the refrigerator through a house door, it might be necessary to remove refrigerator and freezer door handles.

IMPORTANT: Before starting, turn off and unplug the refrigerator. Remove all food and the racks from the doors.

TOOLS YOU MIGHT NEED OR USE

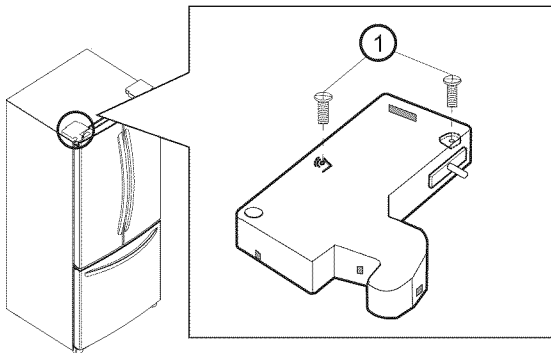


1. Removing Refrigerator Door

NOTE: The appearance of the handle, hinge and cover hinge might be different. Also the screws quantity used in cover hinge might vary according to your model specification. THE APPEARANCE VARIATION DOES NOT AFFECT REMOVING OR INSTALLING DOORS.

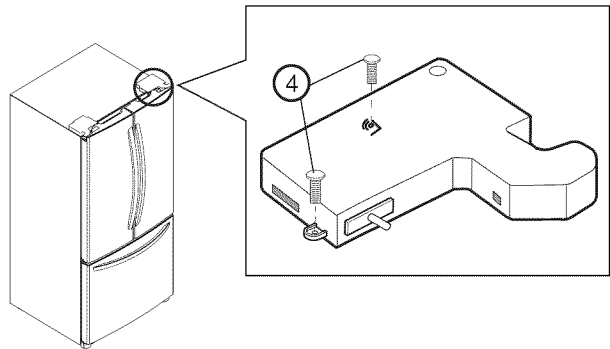
Left Door

- With the Phillips screw driver, loose the screw from the upper lid (1) remove it after that.

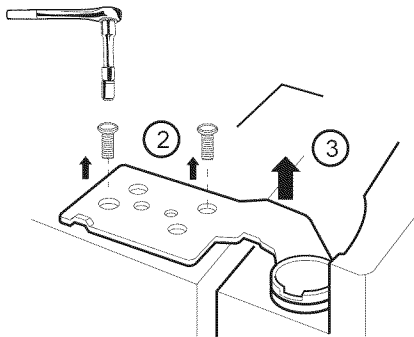


Right Door

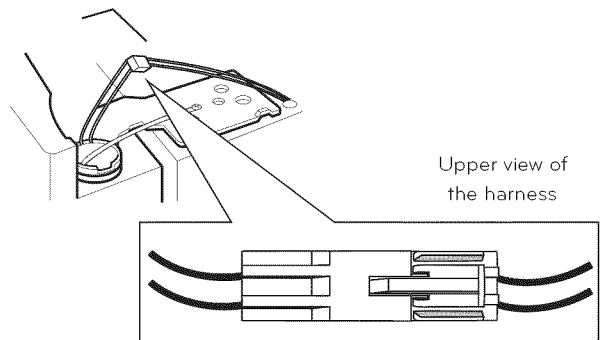
- Loose both screws from the upper lid (4) and remove it.



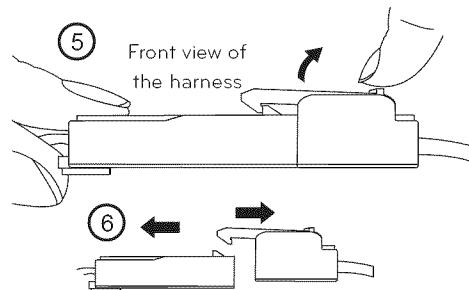
- With the 10 mm socket wrench, loose the two pins from the hinge (2) and remove it (3).



- Unplug the cable harness pulling up the hook located in the upper part of it (5) and separate both parts of the harness (6).

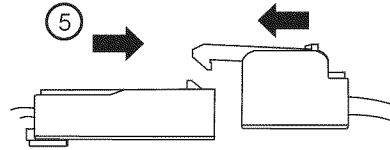
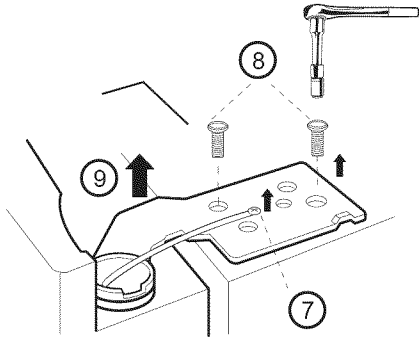


- Place the door with the inner face over the surface so it won't scratch.



REFRIGERATOR INSTALLATION

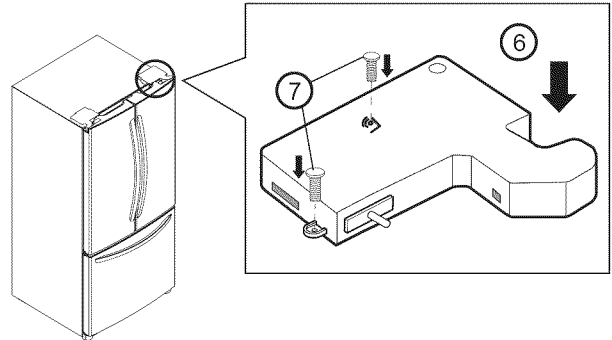
- Loose the grounding screw (7) and the pins (8) located over the hinge, after, lift the hinge and remove it (9).
- Plug the cable harness (5).



- Remove the door and place it over its inner face to avoid scratching.

- Place the hinge lid (6) and install both screws (7). Be sure the door is correctly assembled.

2. To install the refrigerator doors

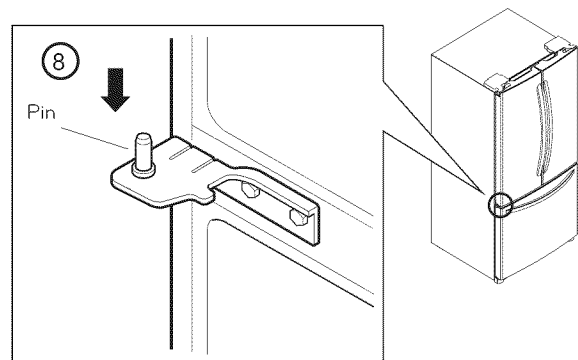
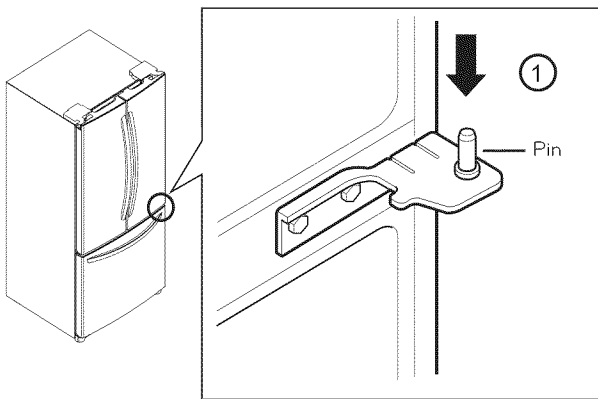


Right Door

- Take the door and place it gently over the pin of the hinge (1).

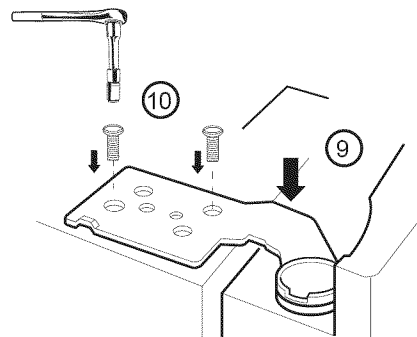
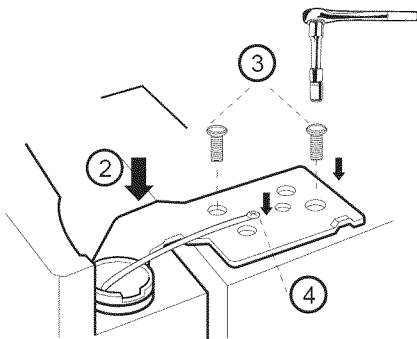
Left Door

- Take the left door and place it over the hinge (8).



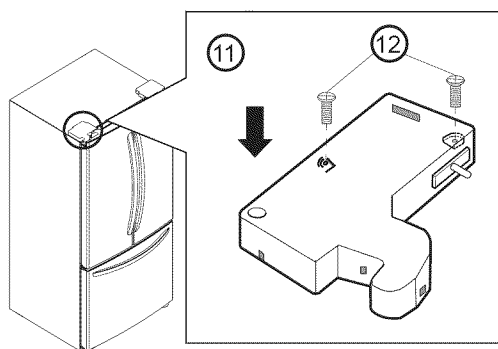
- Place the hinge in its original position (2) assembly the two pins (3) and the ground screw (4).

- Place the hinge in its original position (9) and place the two screws (10).



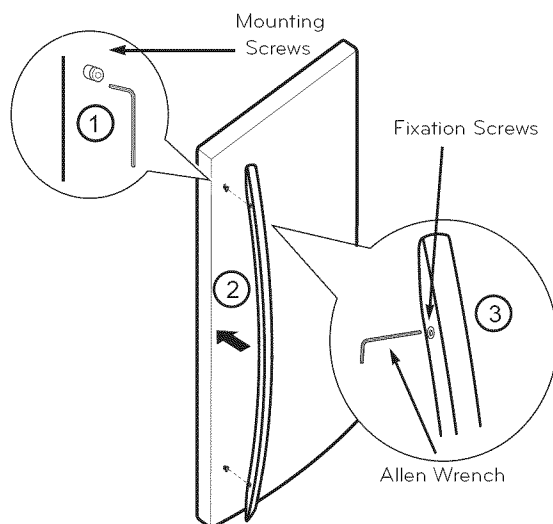
REFRIGERATOR INSTALLATION

- Place the hinge's lid (11) and screw the two screws (12). Check that the door is well installed.



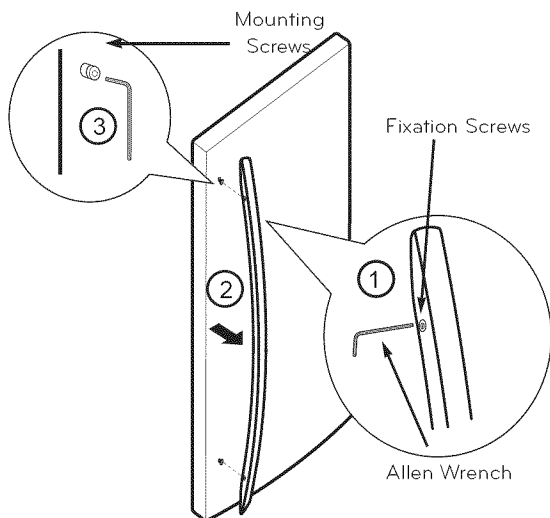
4. To install the handle of the refrigerator

- Install the mounting screws over the door (1) place the handle over them (2) and tight the screws up (3).



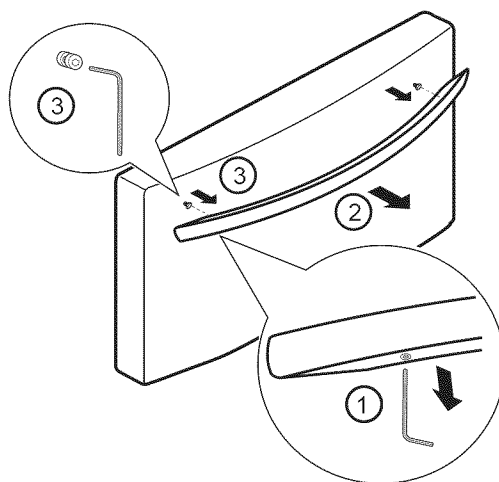
3. To remove the refrigerator handle

- Loose the screws (1) with the Allen tool 3/32" and remove the handle (2).
- Remove the mounting screws with the 1/4" Allen tool (3).



5. To remove the freezer handle

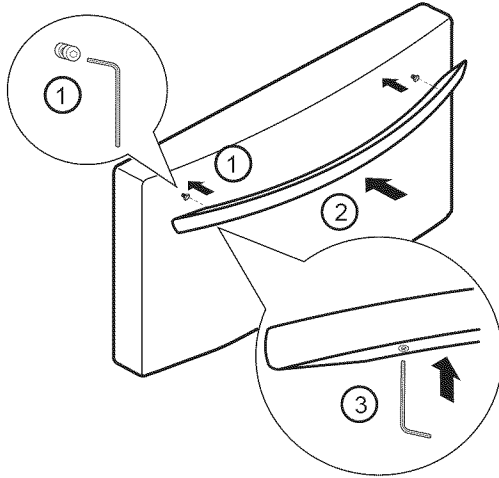
- With an 3/32" Allen tool, loose the screws (1) located the bottom of the handle, remove it (2) remove the screws on from the door (3) with an 1/4" Allen tool.



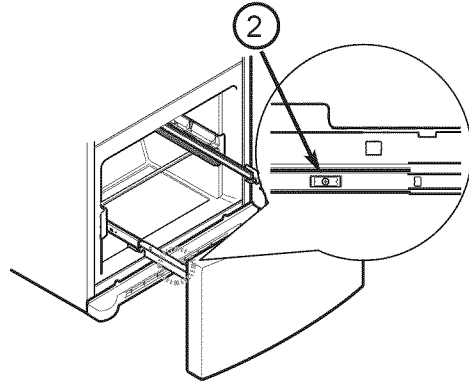
REFRIGERATOR INSTALLATION

6. To install the freezer handle

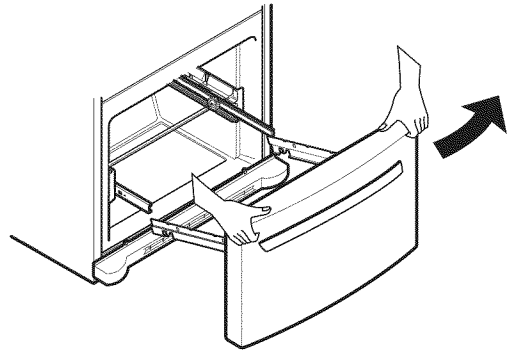
- Install the mounting screws over the door (1) place the handle over them (2) and tight the screws up (3).



- Remove the screws (2) from both sides of the rail track.



- With both hands, hold both sides of the door and pull up to separate it.

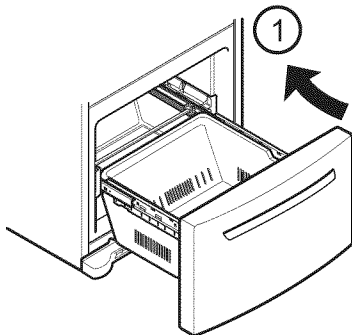


HOW TO REMOVE AND INSTALL THE PULL OUT DRAWER

IMPORTANT: To avoid possible injury or damage to the product or your property, please use two people to perform the following instructions:

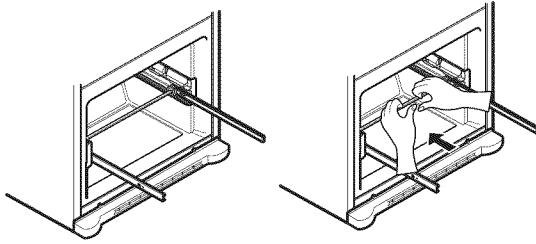
1. Removing the Pull Out Drawer

- Pull the drawer out to maximum extension. Remove the bottom rack (1) by tilting it back a little and then lifting it off the railing tracks.

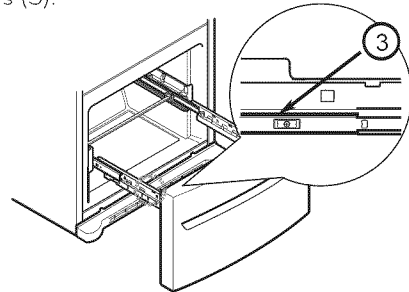


REFRIGERATOR INSTALLATION

- With both hands, hold the center of the bar and push it in so that it is fit to both rails simultaneously.



- Push the drawer down into position and tighten the screws (3).

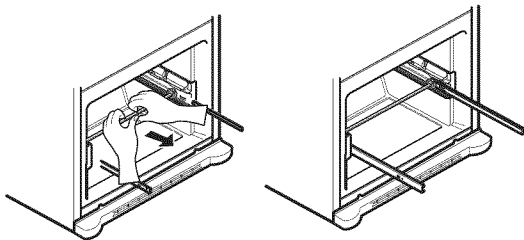


⚠ CAUTION: When removing the drawer, do not hold the handle. If it comes off, it could cause personal injury.

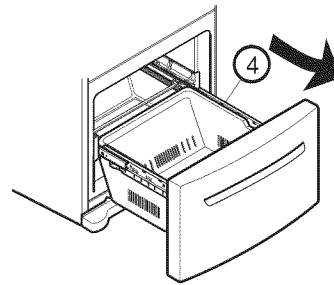
⚠ CAUTION: To place the drawer on the floor, take care not to damage the floor or hurt your feet with the sharp edges on the side with the hinges.

2. Installing the Pull Out Drawer

- With both hands, hold the center of the bar and pull it outward so that the two rails extend out at the same time.



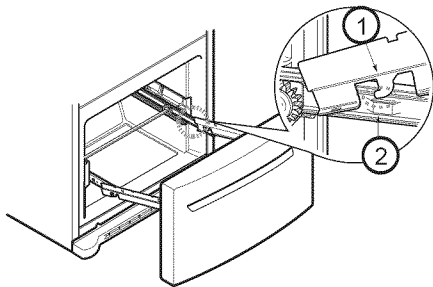
- With the drawer fully extended, insert the lower basket over the front part of the rail assembly and then the back part (4).



⚠ WARNING: To prevent entrapment risk and accidental child or animal suffocation, DO NOT permit them to play inside of the drawer.

⚠ WARNING: DO NOT step or sit on the Freezer Door.

- Mount door supports (1) into the tabs on the railing track (2), starting in the back first and then connecting the part in the front last, as shown in the figure.



REFRIGERATOR INSTALLATION

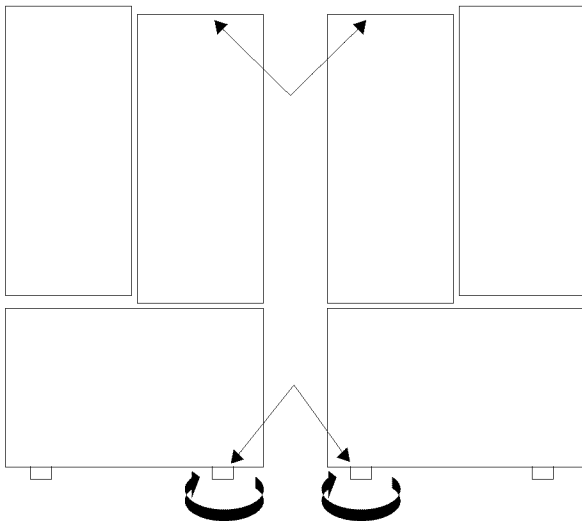
CLOSING AND ALIGNING THE DOORS

Closing the Doors

Your refrigerator has two front leveling screws, one on the right and one on the left. If your refrigerator seems unstable or if you would like the doors to close more easily, simply adjust the inclination of the refrigerator by following the instructions below:

1. Plug the refrigerator into a 3 prong grounded outlet. Move the refrigerator into its final position.
2. Remove the base grille (Refer to the section on "Installation of Base Grille").
3. Use a flat head screwdriver to adjust the leveling screws, turning clockwise to raise the side of the refrigerator and counter-clockwise to lower it. It may take several turns to adjust it to the inclination you would like.

NOTE: Having someone push against the top of the refrigerator takes some weight off the leveling screws. This will make it easier to adjust the screws.



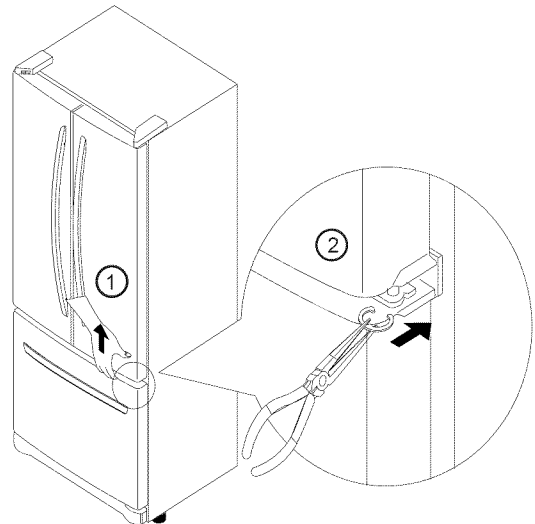
4. Open both doors again and check to make sure that they close easily. If not, slightly tilt the refrigerator further back by turning both leveling screws clockwise. It may take several more turns. Make sure that you turn both leveling screws the same amount.
5. Ensure that the refrigerator is even by using a level.
6. Replace the base grille.

NOTE: Your new refrigerator is uniquely designed with two fresh food doors. Either door can be opened or closed independently of one another. You may have to exert slight pressure on doors to get them to close completely.

Aligning the Doors

If the spacing between the doors is uneven, follow the instructions below to align them:

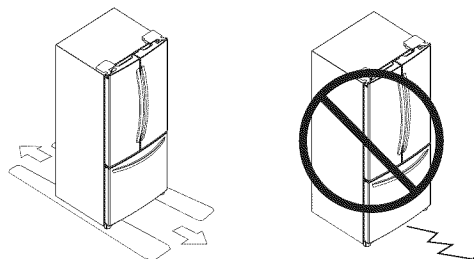
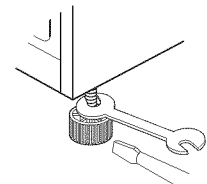
1. With one hand, lift up the door you want to raise at middle hinge.
2. With other hand, use pliers to insert snap ring as shown.
3. Insert additional snap rings until the doors are aligned (Three snap rings are provided per unit).



When moving your refrigerator

Note: Your refrigerator is extremely heavy. When moving the refrigerator for installing, cleaning or service be sure to follow the next instructions.

1. Adjust leveling legs up.
2. Cover the floor with cardboard or hardboard to avoid floor damage.
3. Always pull or push the refrigerator straight out when moving it. Do not wiggle or "walk" the refrigerator when trying to move it, as floor damage could occur.



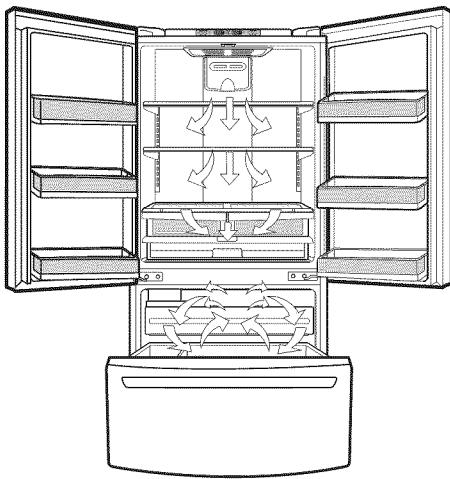
USING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

ENSURING PROPER AIR CIRCULATION

In order to obtain stable temperature, the air must flow between the freezer and refrigerator sections. As shown in the illustration below, the cold air enters through the bottom part and circulates upward. This air returns below the freezer floor and the rest of the air enters the refrigerator section through the top vent.

MULTI FLOW

- The cooling fan operates more powerful and effective than when in normal operation. This is especially noticeable when new food is placed in the refrigerator compartment.
- If the lining is damaged, water or other substances could enter through the cool air vent causing decreased efficiency.



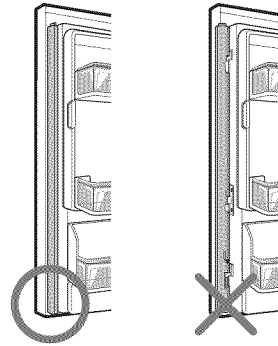
Do not block any of these vents with packages of food. This can interrupt the flow of air and cause temperature and moisture problems.

IMPORTANT: Because air circulates between both sections, any odors formed in one section will transfer to the other. You must thoroughly clean both sections to eliminate odors. To prevent odor transfer and drying out of food, make sure you wrap or cover foods tightly. (See the "Food Storage Guide" section for details).

DOOR ALARM

With this feature you will hear an alarm when the freezer or refrigerator door is ajar for more than 1 minute. These tones will repeat every 30 seconds. The alarm is cancelled when the door is properly shut.

CAUTION WHEN CLOSING THE DOOR



⚠ CAUTION

To reduce the risk of door scratches, please make sure that the refrigerator door mullion is always folded in.

ADJUSTING THE CONTROLS

- Your refrigerator has two controls that allow you to regulate the temperature the freezer and refrigerator compartments.
- Initially set the REFRIGERATOR CONTROL and the FREEZER CONTROL at position number "4". Leave it on these settings for 24 hours (one day) in order to stabilize the refrigerator. After this you may adjust the compartments to your desired temperature.
- **Refrigerator Control: Position 1 to 7 (32 °F to 47 °F or 0 °C to 8 °C)**

The lower the degree, the colder the refrigerator compartment will become.



- **Freezer Control: Position 1 to 7 (-6 °F to 9 °F or -21 °C to -13 °C)**

The lower the degree, the colder the freezer compartment will become. Despite this, the compartment of the refrigerator will be less cold because air flows in smaller quantities.

• Ice Plus

Press the button Ice Plus. The LED light will turn on. This function will remain activated for 24 hours and intensify the cooling speed of the freezer and increase ice production.



USING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

ADJUSTING CONTROL SETTINGS

Give the refrigerator time to cool down completely before adding food. It is best to wait 24 hours before adding food to the refrigerator. The mid-settings indicated in the previous section should be correct for normal household refrigerator usage. The controls are set correctly when milk or juice is cold to your liking and ice cream is firm.

The refrigerator control functions as the thermostat for the entire appliance. The higher the number setting, the longer the compressor will run to keep the temperature colder. The freezer control adjusts the cold air flow from the freezer to the refrigerator. Setting the freezer control to a lower temperature keeps more cold air in the freezer compartment to make it colder.

If you need to adjust the temperature in the refrigerator or freezer, begin by adjusting the refrigerator first. Wait 24 hours after the refrigerator adjustment to check the freezer temperature. If it is too warm or too cold, then adjust the freezer control as well.

Use the settings listed in the table below as a guide.

CONDITION/REASON:	RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENT:
REFRIGERATOR section is too warm <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Opening the door often Adding a large amount of food Room temperature is very warm 	Adjust the REFRIGERATOR setting to the next highest number and wait 24 hours, then check.
FREEZER section is too warm/ ice is made too slowly <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Opening the door often Adding a large amount of food Room temperature is very low (not cycling often enough) Using ice frequently Air vents blocked by objects 	Adjust the FREEZER setting to the next highest number and wait 24 hours, then check. Remove any objects blocking air flow.
REFRIGERATOR section is too cold <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Controls not set correctly for your conditions 	Adjust the REFRIGERATOR setting to the next lowest number and wait 24 hours, then check.
FREEZER section is too cold <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Controls not set correctly for your conditions 	Adjust the FREEZER setting to the next lowest number and wait 24 hours, then check.

FOOD STORAGE GUIDE

ITEMS	HOW TO STORE
Storing Fresh Food	Wrap or store food in the refrigerator in airtight and moisture-proof material unless otherwise noted. This prevents food odor and taste transfer throughout the refrigerator. For dated products, check date code to ensure freshness.
Butter or margarine	Store opened butter in a covered dish or in a closed compartment. When storing a larger quantity, wrap in freezer packing and freeze.
Cheese	Store in original packaging until you are ready to use it. Once opened, tightly rewrap with plastic wrap or aluminum foil.
Vegetables with skins (carrots, peppers)	Place in bags or plastic containers inside the crisper.
Fruit	Wash and let dry; store in plastic bags in the refrigerator. Do not wash or pit berries until you are ready to eat them. Berries should be selected and kept in their original packaging (if there is any) or in a paper bag closed halfway and set on a shelf.
Leafy Vegetables	Remove original packaging and trim any dirty or discolored parts. Wash in cold water and drain. Place in a plastic bag or plastic container and store in the crisper.
Fish	Consume fish or seafood the same day purchased.
Chef Fresh	Store any meat in original airtight, moisture-proof packaging. Rewrap if necessary.
Leftovers	Cover leftovers with plastic wrap or aluminum foil. Plastic containers with airtight lids can also be used.

STORING FROZEN FOOD

NOTE: For more information on how to prepare food to be frozen such in a way to see the period they can be stored consult a frozen food guide or cook book.

Packaging

A great freezing depends on how great you package the food. When you seal the package make sure you remove all excess air and do not allow humidity. A package that is incorrectly sealed will result in the transmission of bad odors, contaminants inside your refrigerator and will cause your foods to dry.

USING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

Packaging Recommendations:

- Use sealed plastic containers.
- Use plastic containers with a smooth surface.
- Package with aluminum foil of high resistance.
- Wrap with paper layered with plastic.
- Use water proof plastic.
- Use recommended plastic bags to store frozen foods.

Follow these packaging or container instructions in order to reach the best freezing

Do not use:

- Bread Wrapping.
- Plastic container not safe for storing.
- Containers without lids or seals.
- Waxed paper or waxed plastic.
- Thin wrapping paper or not water proof.

Freezing

IMPORTANT: Do not keep bottles in the freezer compartment, they may explode after freezing and cause damage.

For the maximum use of your freezer do not store excess food. Do not introduce a large amount of unfrozen foods that cannot be frozen within 24 hours (no more than 2 – 3 pounds or ,91 kg - 1,36 kg of food per square inch of space in the freezer). Sufficient space must be left in order for the air to circulate properly around the packages. Leave enough space in order to close your refrigerator with out difficulty.

Storage times can vary depending on the type and quality of the food, the way its package, or packaging container used, (in comparison to air and humidity), and the temperature it being stored in. Ice crystals formed inside your package are normal it indicates the air and humidity inside your package have condensed.

NOTE: Let warm foods cool off at room temperature for approximately 30 min, then wrap accordingly with the methods mention above and freeze. By letting your warm foods cool off before you introduce them to your freezer it will save you energy.

⚠ WARNING

SUFFOCATING DANGER

Adequate ventilation is required when using dry ice. Dry ice is Carbon Dioxide (CO₂). When it evaporates it produces oxygen, causing dizziness, slight headaches, unconsciousness or death. Do not inhale these vapors and properly ventilate the room while you use dry ice.

REFRIGERATOR SECTION

REFRIGERATOR SHELVES

The shelving of your refrigerator can be adjusted to comply with your storage necessities; Depending on the model you have in can include glass shelving or wired shelving. The storing of your foods together and adjusting the shelving to different heights will ease to help you locate what you need. This also helps your refrigerator to stay shut longer which will save you energy.

IMPORTANT: While your refrigerator glass shelving are cold do not clean with hot or warm water. The glass shelving may break if exposed to rapid temperature changes or hard impacts. For your safety the glass shelving are made out of tempered glass so when at breaking they will fracture into tiny fragments.

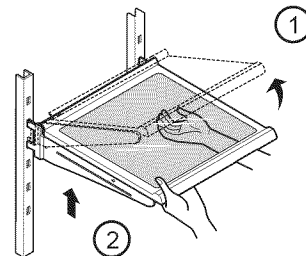
NOTE: Be careful while moving or relocating the shelves they are heavy. If moving the shelves is required keep in mind to locate them in a safe environment to prevent them from breaking.

Adjusting Shelves

Remove the shelves and adjust them to your convenience.

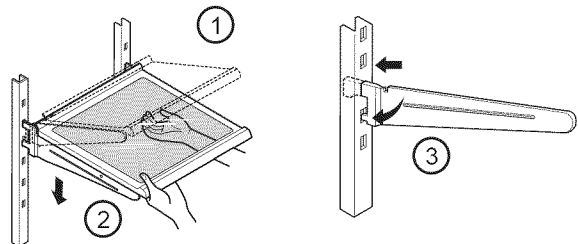
• Removing Shelves

Incline the front of the shelf in the direction indicated by figure 1 and lift in the direction indicated by figure 2. Pull the shelf towards you.



• Replacing Shelves

Incline the frontal part of the shelf (1) and guide the shelf hooks towards the openings at the height desired. Then lower the front of the shelf (2) so the hooks can be inserted (3) in the shelf supports.



NOTE: Make sure that the shelf is installed in the horizontal manner. If not secured it can cause the shelves to fall, which will cause your stored food to spill.

USING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

Sliding Shelves (in some models)

You can slide some of the shelves in your refrigerator towards inside or outside like explained below.

- To slide the shelf towards the outside: Pull towards you, figure A.
- To slide the shelf towards the inside: Push until it stops, figure B.

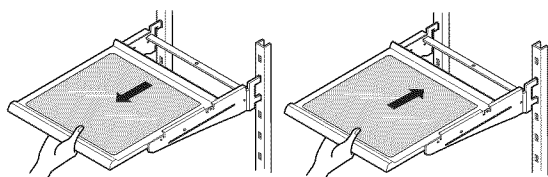


Figure A

Figure B

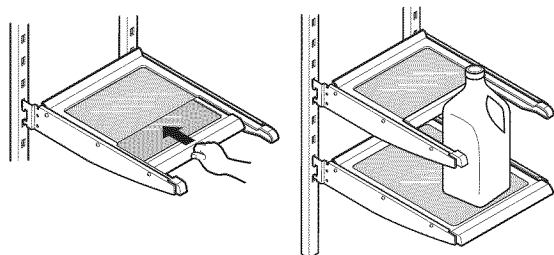
In order to remove a shelf from a metal frame

- Pull the shelf until it stops.
- Incline the front of the shelf towards the top and pull forward.
- Lift the shelf in the manner it moves across the support openings.

To put back into place just reverse these steps.

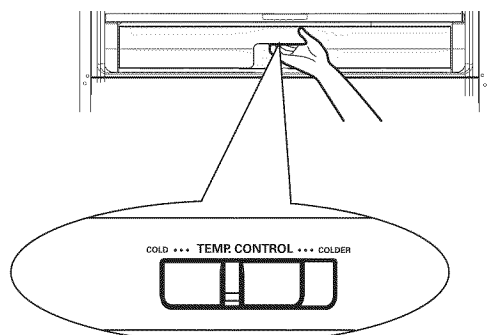
Functional Shelves (Folding Shelves, in some models)

You can store tall articles like gallons or bottles just by simply folding the shelf in half.



PANTRY (in some models)

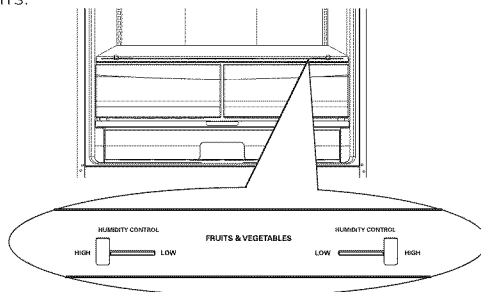
For storage of meat or fresh food. Adjust the control to desired temperature by moving from COLD to COLDER. Pull forward to open. Lift slightly and pull it out to remove.



CRISPER HUMIDITY CONTROL (in some models)

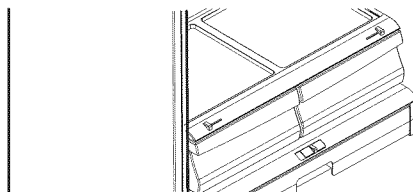
You can control the amount of humidity in the moisture-sealed crispers. Adjust the control to any setting between HIGH and LOW.

- **"High"**: keeps moist air in the crisper for best storage of vegetables.
- **"Low"**: lets moist air out of the crisper for best storage of fruits.



To remove the crisper:

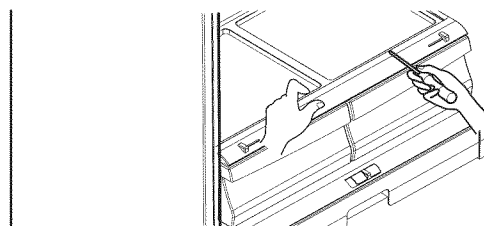
- Slide crisper straight out to the stop.
- Lift the front of the crisper, then pull it out to remove
- Replace the crisper by sliding it back in fully past the drawer stop.



CAUTION: Be careful when you handle the glass cover because it could loose.

To remove the glass:

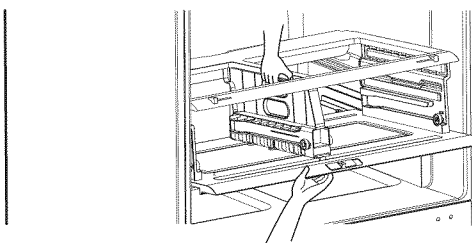
- Lift up the glass after inserting a screwdriver under the crisper cover.
- Pull glass cover up and out.



To remove the crisper cover support:

NOTE: Remove glass before removing the crisper cover support.

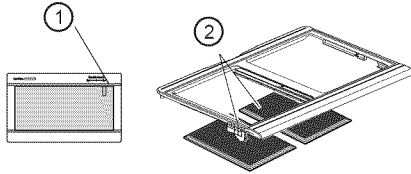
- While holding the crisper cover support with both hands (as shown in the image below). Pull forward and slightly lift the front part.



USING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

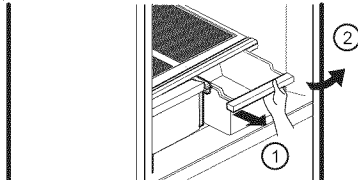
OPTIBIN CRISPERS

The OptiBin crisper maintains fruits and vegetables fresh allowing you to easily control the humidity inside the drawers. The Optibin crispers include 1) a front humidity control and 2) a system that allows you to preserve or avoid humidity.



Removing the Vegetable Drawer / Crisper

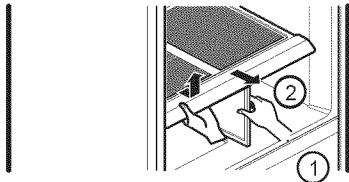
- Slip out the drawer towards the outside until it stops (1).
- Slightly lift the front part and pull the rest (2), in order to completely remove the drawer.
- To relocate the drawer slip out towards the front until it stops.



CRISPER COVER WITH INTERIOR LATTICE (in some models)

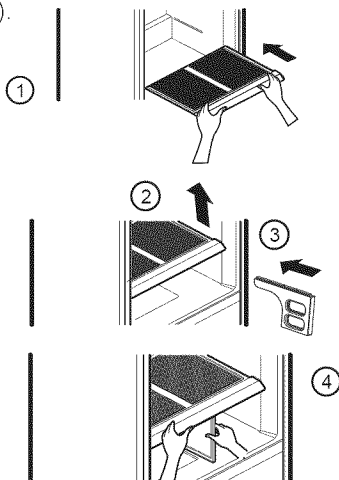
Removing the Vegetable Drawer Cover

- Remove both drawers (see "Removing the Vegetable Drawer/Crisper").
- Hold onto the support (1) and pull towards the top and then towards the outside (2).



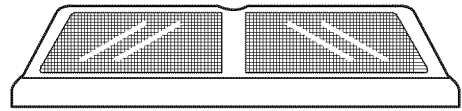
Installing the Vegetable Drawer Cover

- Put the cover over the supports (1).
- Slightly lift the cover (2) while introducing it to the support (3).
- Put the inferior piece of the cover in the superior support (4).

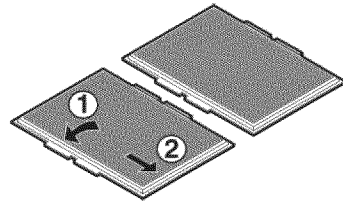


- ⚠ CAUTION:** Be careful when you handle the glass cover because it could loose.

Removing the Interior Lattice

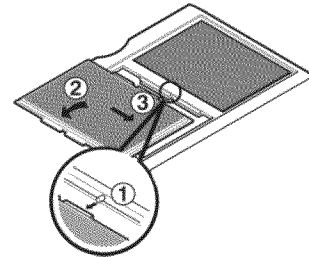


- Remove the cover (See "Removing the Vegetable Drawer Cover").
- Hold the glass and spin the drawer cover (1).
- Hold the rack and pull the sides of the drawer cover out to take them off (2).



Replacing the Interior Lattice

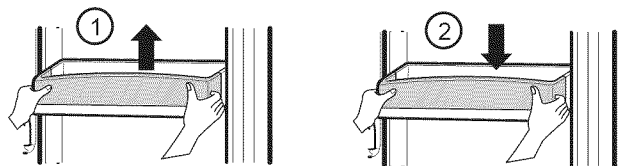
- For each rack insert the central edge 1 (near the glass cover) and pull the cover sides to insert it.



DOOR RACKS

The door racks are removable for easy cleaning and adjusting.

- To remove the rack, simply lift the rack up and pull straight out (1).
- To replace the rack, slide it in above the desired support button and push down until it stops (2).



- ⚠ WARNING:** Somebody can be hurt if door racks are not firmly assembled.

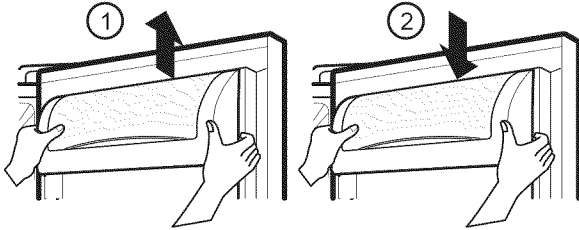
- ⚠ CAUTION:** DO NOT allow children to play with baskets. Sharp corners on baskets could cause injury.

NOTE: DO NOT adjust a rack that is loaded with food.

USING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

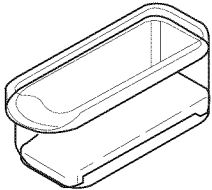
DAIRY COMPARTMENT (in some models)

- To remove the dairy compartment, simply lift it and pull straight out (1).
- To replace the dairy compartment, slide it in above the desired location and push down until it stops (2).



EGG COMPARTMENT (in some models)

Keep the eggs compartment in an interior shelf, not in a door rack.

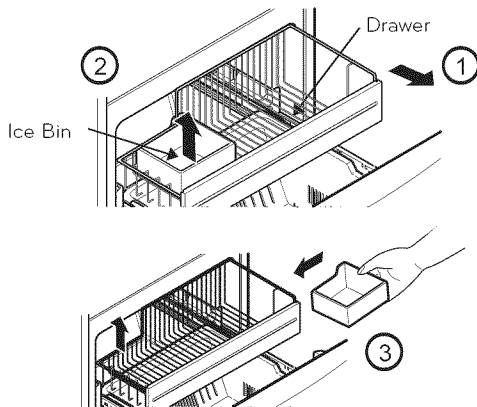


- ⚠ **CAUTION:** Do not use the eggs compartment as a container for keeping ice in the freezer compartment. If it freezes, it could break easily.

FREEZER SECTION

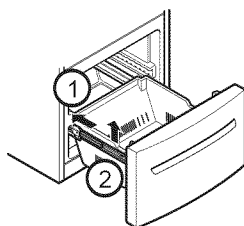
ICE BIN (In some models)

- Pull the drawer as much as possible (1).
- Raise the ice box and take it out carefully (2).
- Take the drawer off as much as possible and put the ice bin in the right position (3).



DURABASE (in some models)

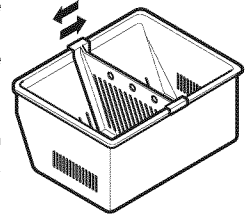
- To remove the Durabase, push it back, raise the front part and pull it up (1).
- To put it back, insert the Durabase in the rail assembly (2).



DURABASE DIVIDER (in some models)

Allows organizing the Durabase area in 2 sections.

For moving the divider, just move it in the direction that you want.



- ⚠ **WARNING:** There is enough space for the children to play.

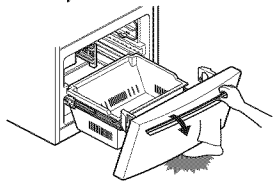
- ⚠ **WARNING:** In order to prevent accidents, such as suffocation, DO NOT let children and pets play inside the durabase.

TILTING DOOR (in some models)

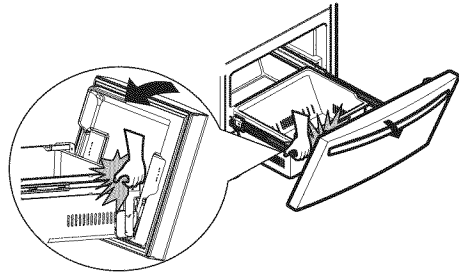
The tilting door provides an easy access to the frozen food.

How to use:

Incline the door downwards and pull it out.

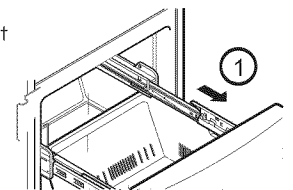


- ⚠ **WARNING:** Be careful when opening the door, do not place your feet under the door or your hands inside the freezer; you may hurt them in doing so.

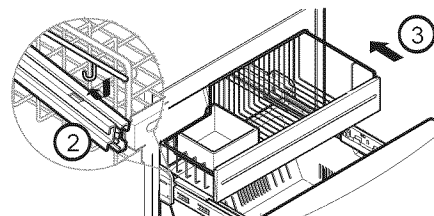
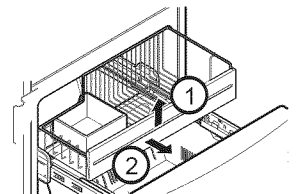


GLIDE-OUT DRAWER BASKET (in some models)

- Pull the box as much as possible, pick up the basket a bit (1) and pull it out (2).



- To install, pull the cords to their fullest (1). Lock the supports of the basket into the slides of the cords (2) and push it all the way through (3).



REFRIGERATOR CARE AND CLEANING

⚠ WARNING

EXPLOSION HAZARD



Do not use flammable cleaners. Not following these instructions can cause death, explosion or fire.

The refrigerator, as well as the freezer, do their own de-freezing. This process does not prevent the build up of contaminants, therefore it is suggested that you clean both parts once a month; clean spilled liquids immediately.

REFRIGERATOR CLEANING

- Unplug your refrigerator.
- Pull out all of the removable parts (such as the vegetable and dairy doors).
- Use a clean sponge (or a soft rag) and use it with lukewarm water mixed with detergent. Do not use abrasive or concentrated cleaners.
- Hand wash it, and dry it thoroughly.
- Plug the refrigerator back in.

OUTSIDE

Wax the outside in order to create better protection. Make sure you use a product specifically design to be used for electro-domestic products (car wax is acceptable). Use a clean, soft rag, and perform this task twice a year. For metal-made refrigerators, do not wax, simply clean it with water and detergent. Do not use concentrated or abrasive products.

NOTE: Avoid the usage of chemical products that contain phosphates or bleach.

INSIDE (Allow freezer to slightly warm up a small degree to prevent cloth from sticking)

In order to eliminate bad odors, clean the inside of the refrigerator with a mixture of baking powder and lukewarm water (one teaspoon of baking powder per cup of water). Ensure that the powder dissolves thoroughly, in order to prevent any sort of damage.

DOOR LINING AND GASKETS

Use only a mild detergent (such as dish soap).

PLASTIC PARTS (Covers and Panels)

Do not use abrasive, paper or rough products. These could damage the product.

BACK COVER

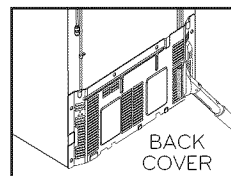
⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Before you begin, either unplug the refrigerator or turn off power at the circuit breaker or fuse box.

NOTE: Back Cover should only be removed by a qualified technician.

In order to get an efficient performance of your refrigerator, clean the back cover of it at least twice a year.



REPLACING REFRIGERATOR LIGHTS

NOTE: The interior lighting for this model uses LED lighting.

DO NOT try to change an LED module. LED lighting should only be replaced by a qualified service technician.

REFRIGERATOR CARE AND CLEANING

POWER INTERRUPTIONS

1. In case of a black out, call your electric company and ask how long it will last.
2. In case of a 24 hour or less black out, do not open the refrigerator; this will keep the food fresh.
3. In case of a longer black out, do one of the following options:
 - Pull out all of the frozen food and keep them in an ice chest.
 - Put 2 lbs (907 g) of frozen ice (make sure you use gloves) for each square foot (28 L) inside the freezer. This task will preserve the food for 2 to 4 days.
 - In case you do not possess neither ice chest or dry ice, consume your food as soon as possible.

REMEMBER: In a power failure, a full freezer stays cold longer than a partially filled one. A freezer full of meat stays cold longer than a freezer full of baked goods. If you see that food contains ice crystals, it may be safely refrozen, although the quality and flavor may be affected.

If the condition of the food is poor or if you feel it unsafe, dispose of it.

WHEN GOING ON VACATION

If you decide to leave your refrigerator on when going away, consider these steps:

1. Consume all of the perishable items and freeze the rest.
2. Empty the ice bin.

If you decide to leave your refrigerator off:

1. Remove all of the food.
2. Unplug your refrigerator.
3. Clean and dry it well.
4. Make sure the doors stay open (use blocks or tape) in order to prevent bad odors and fungi from happening.

WHEN MOVING

If you decide to take your refrigerator with you when moving, consider the following:

1. Remove all of the food from it, and place the frozen food in an ice chest with dry ice.
2. Unplug your refrigerator.
3. Empty the water from its tray.
4. Clean and dry it with a rag.
5. Pull out all of the removable parts, and wrap them with adhesive tape.
6. Depending on the model of the refrigerator, lift the top part of the refrigerator so it can roll with ease, or screw the levelers so it won't scratch the floor. Consult to the section **"Closing and Aligning Doors"**.
7. Keep the doors closed with the cable glued to the refrigerator cabinet with an adhesive tape.

When your refrigerator arrives to your home, put everything back into place and read the section **"Refrigerator Installation"** in order to obtain installation preparation. In case your refrigerator has a factory ice maker, remember you have to reconnect the water supply.

ABOUT THE AUTOMATIC ICE MAKER

NOTE: The automatic Ice maker is only included in some models. Check your specifications of your refrigerator.

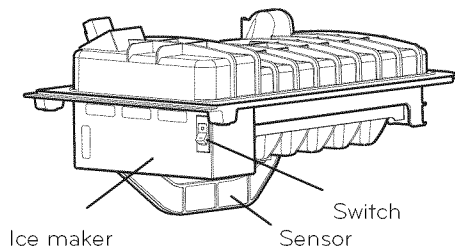
⚠ WARNING

PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD

Avoid contact with any moving parts of the ejector mechanism or with the heater that releases the ice cubes. **DO NOT** place your fingers in the automatic ice maker when the refrigerator is plugged in.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

After turning on your refrigerator, the ice will start to be made between 12 and 24 hours.



The ice maker produces 12 cubes per cycle (in between 80 and 100 cubes in a 24 hour period), depending on the temperature of the freezer, the times in which the door opens, and other using conditions (amount of food in the freezer, etc).

If the refrigerator is used before the connection of water to the ice maker was performed, you must turn its dial to **O** (off).

When the water connections are performed, turn its dial to **I** (on).

The ice maker will fill up (and start making ice) between 12 and 24 hours after the refrigerator is turned on.

Throw away the first batch of ice. Make sure that nothing interferes with the sensor.

When the ice reaches the sensor, the ice maker will stop to make ice immediately.

It's normal that some ice gets stuck. If the ice is not used frequently, the older cubes of ice will be opaque in color, smaller, and with a strange flavor.

YOU MUST TURN THE SWITCH TO **O** (OFF)

- When the water supply is interrupted for many hours.
- When the ice container is left out of its place for more than one or two minutes.
- When the refrigerator will not be in use for various days.

NORMAL SOUNDS

- The valve will emit a buzzing sound when the ice maker is full of water. If the switch is placed in the off position the buzz will still be heard even when the water pipe has not been connected. To avoid this sound, move switch to **O** (off) position.

NOTE: The ice maker can get damaged if the switch is kept in the **ON** position before the water pipe has been connected.

- While the ice maker is filling up with water and producing ice, you will hear the sound of the ice falling and water flowing through the pipes.

PREPARING FOR VACATIONS

Move the ice maker switch to the **O** (off) position and cut the flow of water going into the refrigerator.

If room temperature is at freezing point, have a specialized technician drain the flow of water from the inner pipes (certain models) to avoid broken pipe related damage.

NOTE: It is necessary to have a water source when both water and/or Ice dispensers are available in your product.

CONNECTING THE WATER LINE

BEFORE START

The water source is not guaranteed by the refrigerator manufacturer. Follow instructions carefully in order to reduce damage.

Air located inside the water pipes can cause hammering or tapping causing damage to the inner pipes or water spillage in the inside of the refrigerator. Call a qualified plumber to fix such hammering on the connections before installing the water pipe.

To avoid burn damage or such, never connect refrigerator to hot water pipes.

If you are to use the refrigerator before connecting it to the water source, make sure the ice maker is the off position.

Never attempt to install the ice maker pipes in areas where room temperature is below freezing point.

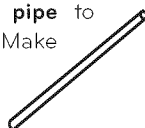
When using any electrical device (like a drill) during the installation, make sure device is doubly isolated or making ground to prevent risk of electrical surge or discharge.

All installations should be done considering local water and drainage requirements.

- If an inverted osmosis water filtration system is connected to the cold water source, the water hose installation is not assured or guaranteed by the refrigerator or automated ice maker manufacturer. Follow the next instructions carefully to minimize costly water related damages.
- When having an inverted osmosis water filtration system connected to the cold-water flow, the water pressure for such system must be at least between 40-60 PSI or 0,27 MPa ($2,8 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{f} / \text{cm}^2 \sim 4,2 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{f} / \text{cm}^2$, ($2,8 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{f} / \text{cm}^2 \sim 4,2 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{f} / \text{cm}^2$, less than 2 ~ 3 seconds to fill a 7 oz of capacity cup [0,2 liters])).
- If the inverted osmosis water filtration system pressure is less than 21 PSI or 0,14 MPa ($1,5 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{f} / \text{cm}^2$, more than four (4) seconds to fill a 7 oz of capacity cup [0,2 liters]):
 - a) Identify if the sediments filter in the inverted osmosis system is being blocked. Replace filter if necessary.
 - b) Allow inverted osmosis system storage tank to refill after extensive usage.
 - c) Call a qualified plumber if the inverted osmosis water pressure problem continues.

REQUIREMENTS

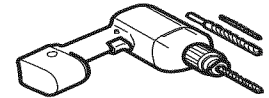
- **1/4" (6,35 mm) in diameter copper pipe** to connect refrigerator to the water pipe. Make sure both terminals are cut in squared manner.



To determine how much pipe material is needed, measures the distances between the valves located behind the refrigerator and the source of water and add to that 8 feet (2,4 m). Make sure there is sufficient pipe material to allow the free movement of the refrigerator from the wall

- **A cold water source.** Water pressure should be between 0,138 and 0,82 MPa or 20 and 120 PSI for models not containing water filter and between 0,276 and 0,82 MPa or 40 and 120 PSI for models containing water filter.

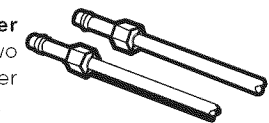
- **A drill.**



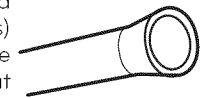
- **Adjustable 1/2" (12,7 mm) key.**

- **Flat and Phillips style (star) screwdriver.**

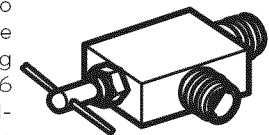
- **Two 1/4" (6,35 mm) diameter compression nuts** with two sides to connect the copper pipe to the refrigerator valve.



If your current copper pipe has some reduction on the ends, it will be necessary to get and adaptor (found in hardware stores) to connect the water line to the refrigerator. It is also possible to cut such reductions with a pipe cutter and use the compression connections mentioned above.



- **Bypass valve** to connect to the cold water line. The valve must have a water opening with an interior 5/32" (3,46 mm) diameter in the cold-water connection point. These valves can be located in any cold-water connection package. Before buying make sure such valve meets local standards and requirements.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Install the valve to the pipe that you use to drink water. (Connect only to a potable water source).

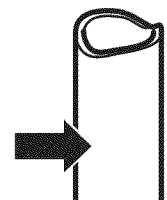
⚠ CAUTION: Connect to potable water supply only.

1. CLOSE THE MAIN WATER SOURCE

Open the nearest water faucet to let water flow and empty pipes.

2. SELECT THE LOCATION OF THE VALVE

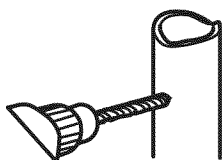
Select the location of the valve that will provide a better access. It is best to connect to a vertical pipeline. When connecting to a horizontal pipeline is necessary, make the connection in the lateral or upper area instead of the lower area to prevent accumulation of sediment.



CONNECTING THE WATER LINE

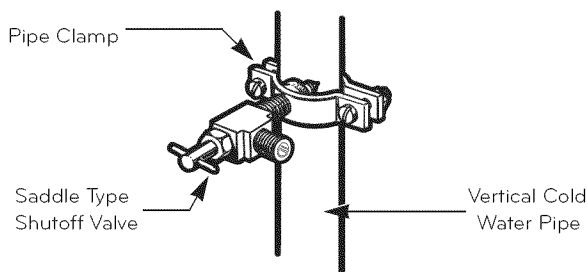
3. DRILL A HOLE FOR THE VALVE

Drill a 1/4" (6,35 mm) diameter hole in the water pipeline. Remove jagged edges produced after perforation. Make sure water does not reach the drill. Not performing the 1/4" (6,35 mm) perforation can lead to a low or smaller ice production.



4. TIGHTEN THE VALVE

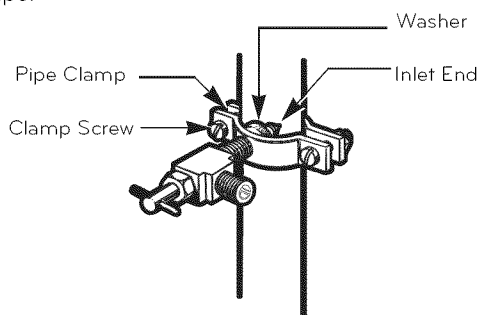
Tight the valve into the cold water pipeline with a tube trap.



NOTE: Codes for 248 CMR pipelines of the state of Massachusetts must be attached to the connection. Valves of this type are banned in Massachusetts. Call an authorized plumber.

5. TIGHTEN THE TRAP

Tighten the trap until the sealing ring begins to grow. **NOTE:** Make sure it is not too tight, this can break the pipe.



6. PLACE THE PIPELINE

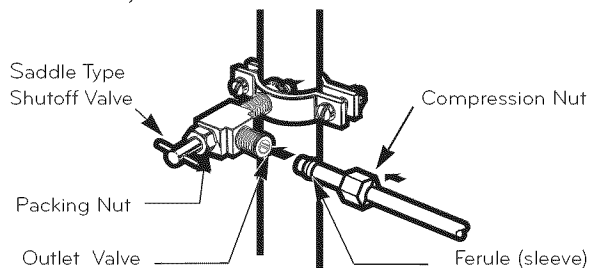
Place the pipeline between the cold water pipe and the refrigerator. Place it through a hole in the wall or floor (behind the refrigerator or next to the cabinet) as close to the wall as possible.

NOTE: Make sure there is a sufficient amount of extra pipeline (8 feet [244 mm] coiled up three times with a 10" [25 cm] in diameter) to allow free movement of the refrigerator from the wall after installation was made.

7. CONNECT PIPELINE TO VALVE

Place the compression nut and the copper pipe ferule at the end of the pipe and connect to the valve. Make sure

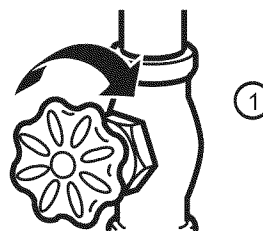
the pipe is completely inserted into the valve. Tighten nut carefully.



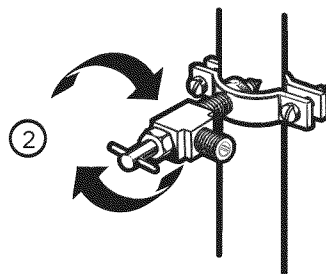
NOTE: Codes for 248 CMR pipelines of the state of Massachusetts must be attached to the connection. Valves of this type are banned in Massachusetts. Call an authorized plumber.

8. DRAIN THE PIPE

Open the main water source (1) and drain the pipe until water comes out clear.



Allow water flow from the bypass valve (2) and close after draining 1/4 of a gallon (1L) of water.



9. CONNECT PIPE TO REFRIGERATOR

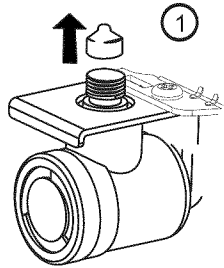
NOTES:

- Before making connection to refrigerator, make sure it is not connected to any energy source. If your refrigerator does not have a water filter, it is advised to install one.
- If your water source contains sand or related particles that can travel to the valve, install a water filter near the refrigerator.

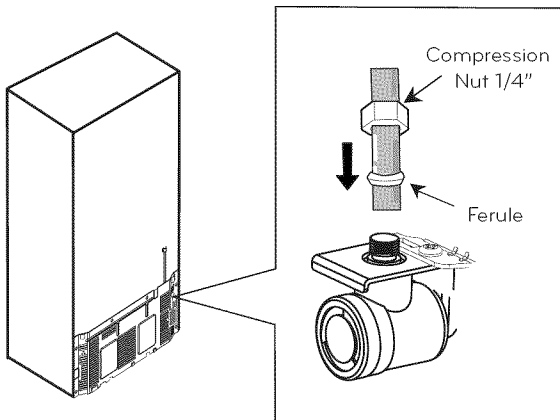
IMPORTANT: Never use old or used hoses. Always use new ones to have a better use and experience. Connect always to a potable water source to avoid security and health issues.

CONNECTING THE WATER LINE

- Remove the ring plug (1) from the valve located at the top of such device.



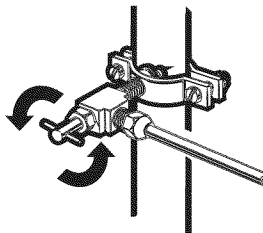
- Place compression nut and the ferule at the end of the pipeline. Insert pipeline into the connection valve as far as possible. Hold tightly while holding pipeline.



Hold on to the pipe from the handles or grabbers located behind the refrigerator, loosening first the bolt holding the handle. Afterwards, insert pipe into the hole and tighten bolt to finalize.

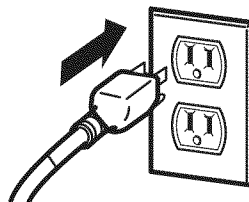
10. OPEN THE BYPASS VALVE

Tighten all connections containing leaks. Place access cover back on compressor.



11. CONNECT TO REFRIGERATOR

Fix pipeline in a way that it does not vibrate on the refrigerator or wall. Push refrigerator against wall.



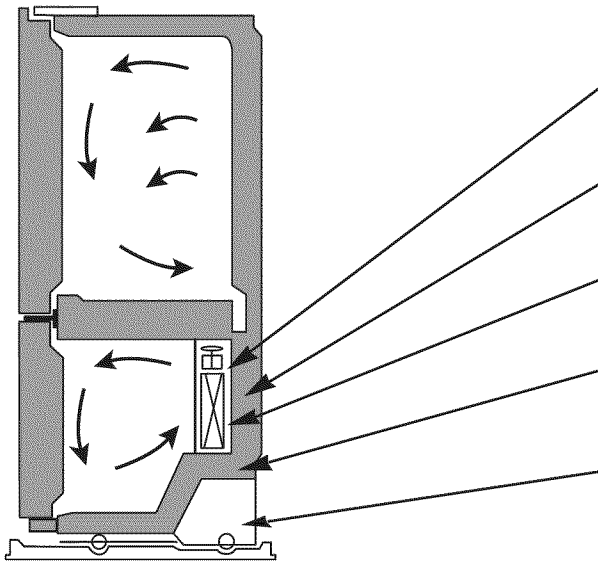
12. TURN ICE MAKER ON

Turn ice maker switch into the **ON** position. Ice maker will start only after reaching its operating temperature of 15 °F (-9 °C) or less. It will automatically begin the ice production if switch is located in the **ON** position.




TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

UNDERSTANDING SOUNDS YOU MAY HEAR

Your new refrigerator might produce certain noises that your previous refrigerator did not. It is normal if you worry. Most of the new sounds you will be hearing are actually normal and expected. Hard surfaces like walls or floor can increase sounds and make them sound louder than they really are. The following list has a description of such sounds along with their causes.



- You will hear a bell sound caused by the flow of the refrigerant, water pipe or objects located on the superior part of the refrigerator.
- Your refrigerator is designed to work efficiently to preserve your food at the desired temperature using the least of energy. You will be able to hear a pulsing sound coming from the ventilators and the evaporator. The speed of the ventilator can speed up when you open the refrigerator door.
- After each cycle you will hear a dripping sound due to the refrigerant liquid in your refrigerator.
- Contraction and expansion of the inner walls can cause a slight popping sound.
- You will hear a dripping sound caused during the thawing cycle.
- During the defrosting cycle the water might cause a dripping sound.
- You can hear some tight air sound over the capacitor caused by the fan.
- Running water can be heard during the defrosting cycle.
- Due to its low energy consumption design of the refrigerator; the fans will remain off, while the on-off switch activated the internal light of bin.
- The thawing timer will make a "click" sound when such timer will start and finish. Temperature controlling device will also make a "click" sound at the beginning and ending of the refrigerator cycle.

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
THE REFRIGERATOR WON'T TURN ON	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The plug is correctly positioned. • A fuse has gone bad or the circuit presents failures. • The refrigerator is in the defrosting cycle. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Firmly plug the cord into a live outlet with proper voltage. • Replace the fuse or reset the circuit breaker. • Wait about 30 minutes for defrost cycle to end.
THE CONTROL PANEL LIGHTS ARE BLINKING SEQUENTIALLY. (1-2-3-4-5-6-7)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refrigerator is in Demo Mode. (Demonstration Mode) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Demonstration Mode disables the cooling system; only the lamps and display work normally. • To disable press ULTRA ICE  and Adjust Temp  buttons at the same time for 5 seconds.
THE LIGHT WON'T TURN ON	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The refrigerator is plugged. • The light bulbs are loose. • A light bulb has gone bad. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plug the refrigerator in a right voltage plug. • Unplug the refrigerator. Unscrew the Light bulb and screw it again (Read the section Refrigerator Care and Cleaning). Plug again. • Unplug the refrigerator before changing the light bulb. Replace the bulb with a same 40 watts bulb for your local store. (Read the section Replacing Refrigerator Lights).

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
STRANGE SOUNDS OR SNOOZING/ VIBRATIONS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The refrigerator is not correctly positioned. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You need to adjust the leveling screws due the floor is unlevelled or weak. Read the Installation section.
IT LOOKS LIKE THE COMPRESSOR MOTOR STAYS ON TOO LONG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The replaced refrigerator was an older model. The room temperature is hotter than usual. The door is being opened very often or there has been a big amount of food in storage. The refrigerator is plugged and the control has been adjusted correctly. Doors won't close correctly. The condenser pipes are dirty. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modern refrigerators with a bigger storage capacity require longer periods of operation. The motor will continue working when the room temperature is high. The motor might be on between 40% or 80% of the time. In high temperature conditions, the capacitor might run on periods of time. When adding or opening the door of the refrigerator, it warms it up. It's normal that the refrigerator to run more that usual in order to cool the bins. (Read the section Food Storage Guide). To save energy, take what you need at once, order your food in order so it can be easily found and close the door immediately soon after you took out the food. The refrigerator will take 24 hours to cool down completely. Push firmly the Doors. If they don't close. Read Doors will not close completely below. This will stop the air transfer and marked the motor to work longer and harder. Clean the pipes of the condenser.
DOORS WILL NOT CLOSE COMPLETELY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The refrigerator is not leveled. The food packages are blocking the doors. The ice bin, the vegetable bin, the panels and the shelves from the door are out of place or position. The gaskets are sticking. The refrigerator wobbles or looks instable. The doors were removed during the installation and they weren't properly setup. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read Refrigerator Installation section to level refrigerator. Adjust the food bins in order to free space between the doors and the shelves. Push the containers and place the vegetable cover lid, the panels, shelves and any other container or bin in their right positions. Read the section Using your Refrigerator. Clean the seal rings and the surface they might be in contact with. Use a piece of cloth with a small amount of paraffin and apply it over the seal rings. Level the refrigerator. Read the section Closing and Aligning the Doors. Remove and place again the door according to the section Refrigerator Doors: How to remove and reverse.
THERE'S ICE ON THE FOOD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The door hasn't been closed completely. The door is frequently opened. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read Doors Will not Close Completely already mentioned. When the door is opened, warm, humid air is allowed in the freezer resulting in frost.
THERE IS A WEIRD TASTE AND SMELL IN THE ICE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The ice maker has been installed correctly. The ice has been on storage too long. The food hasn't been packed in the correct way. The water supply contains mineral and sulfur. The inside of the refrigerator need cleaning. The ice bin needs cleaning. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Don't use the first ices made. Dispose of that old ice and make new. Pack again the food because it can transfer odors and tastes to the ice. You might need to install a filter in order to eliminate the odors and taste problems. Read the section Refrigerator Care and Cleaning. Empty the bin and discard the old ice cubes.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
THERE'S WATER IN THE DRAINING BIN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The refrigerator is in defrosting cycle. • It's more humid than usual. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The water will evaporate. It is normal that some water falls on the bin. • It might take a while for the water to evaporate. This is normal when the weather is hot and humid.
THE REFRIGERATOR SEEMS TO MAKE TOO MUCH NOISE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The sounds may be normal for your refrigerator. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refer to the Understanding Sounds You May Hear section.
THE ICE MAKER IS NOT PRODUCING ICE OR ICE CUBES ARE FREEZING TOO SLOWLY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The smallest size of ice cubes is selected. • Door left open. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wait 24 hours after hook-up for ice production. See the Adjusting the Controls section. • Check to see if something is holding the door open.
THE ICE CUBES ARE TOO SMALL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Smaller cube size level is selected. • The water supply valve is blocked. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select a bigger size for the ice cubes. • Call a plumber to clean the valve.
THE DOORS ARE HARD TO OPEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The gaskets are dirty or sticky. • The door opens itself as soon as you close it. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clean the gaskets and surface that they are in contact with. Use a damp cloth with paraffin also apply over the seal rings. • When you open the door, the warm air enters in the refrigerator. When this air is cooled down it occupies less volume and creates a vacuum effect. If it is difficult to open wait 5 minutes then check.
THE ICE MAKER DOES NOT WORK	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The ice maker is off. • The water supply is down or not plugged. • The freezer temperature is warm. • The ice cubes turn off the ice maker. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn the ice maker to the position on (I). • Read the section Connecting the Water Line. • Wait 24 hrs for the freezer to reach its ideal temperature. • Hand level the ice cubes.
THE TEMPERATURE IS TOO HOT OR THERE'S HUMIDITY FORMED INSIDE THE REFRIGERATOR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The air vents are blocked. The cool air flows from freezer to the refrigerator and returns thru the vents that dive this section. • The doors open very easily. • The refrigerator control has not been adjusted for the room conditions. • A large amount of food is just been placed inside the refrigerator. • The food has not been well packed in each bin. • The doors haven't been closed correctly. • The weather is humid. • The auto-defrosting cycle is over. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • With your hand find the vents and move and package that might be blocking the air flow. See the Multi Flow Section. • When the doors are opened the warm and humid air enters. To keep your refrigerator cool, take what you need once and you're your food organized to make it easy to find. Close the door a soon as you can. • Wait 24 hours to stabilize the temperature. If the temperature is cold or hot, move the control until the desire temperature is reached. • After adding food to the refrigerator this will warm up. It might take some hours for the refrigerator to reach its temperature. • Wrap the food evenly and before packing anything dry all the bins to avoid humidity. If it is necessary, pack the food according to the section Food Storage Guide. • Read Doors will not Close Correctly section. • In humid weathers, the air contains humidity, which introduces it self if the doors are opened. • It's normal that some water props get formed after the defrosting cycle is completed.



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